

# THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLII] No 51—JNO. POLLARD, Editor and Publisher.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY

## THE ROBINSON COMPANY NAPANEE, STORE NEWS

Five minutes in this store will make you ready to a considerable degree—a few minutes longer and you will be in condition to resist the stiffest winds that blow.

You can find lots of places where you can spend more money than you can here for clothing but nowhere that you can get more for your money.

## Sale of Ribbons, SATURDAY, Dec. 6th.

We have secured for Saturdays selling a case of Striped Fancy Ribbons. No. 60—four and a half inches wide, worth 25 cents a yard. price for the day 15c. a yard. These Ribbons are very nice for Neckwear and Fancy Work.

ON SALE NINE O'CLOCK A.M.

## Those 42½c. Tapestry Carpets

Many have taken advantage of our big carpet purchase. There are still some very fine patterns to select from. We cannot give you several five cent carpets for 42½c. everyday, so take our advice and pick while the bargain is ripe.

### Women's Neckwear.

Some very dainty neck pieces are here, in greater variety than ever shown by us at Xmas time before.

VELVET COLLARS—applied with lace, with chiffon bows, in pretty shades, 50c. each.

COLLARS AND TIES—Made from Taffetas, Louisines in great variety of styles, 25c. to 90c. each.

EMBROIDERY PROTECTION COLLARS—Dainty little patterns, Black and Whites, White and Linen shades.

### Corsets.

Nine women in ten will find the wanted corset somewhere in our collection—straight front, long or medium low bust, long hip; White, Drab, Blacks. Our Dollar Corsets are confined to us in Napanee.

### Women's Walking Skirts.

Correct shaping is characteristic of our Walking Skirts; they have always excelled in this particular. Superior finish is another feature which has given us even leadership in this line. Materials and colors are right of course; full lines of sizes. We placed a little lot in stock this week that we cleared from a manufacturer under price. Made from dark colored cheviot. While they last \$2.25 each.

### Women's Coats and Jackets.

Superior styles and extra values must be responsible for the large increase in the trade of this department, certainly not the weather, and beyond all doubt there is a certain charm in the graceful curves and shapely outlines of our Winter Coats that we have not seen duplicated elsewhere. We wish to draw particular attention to the fine range of long Newmarket coats that we are showing.

### Women's Suits.

Now here's the plain fact. You can get any Ready-to-Wear Coat we have at about one third under price. If the size you wish in shade like is in the following list, you are lucky.

Brown Cheviot, sizes 32, 34, 36, \$7.00 for \$5.00.

Navy Cheviot, size 40, \$14.00 for \$10.00.

Grey Broadcloth, size 40, \$10.00 for \$8.00.

Cadet Zibeline, size 34, \$15.00 for \$12.00.

Black Broadcloth, White Cording, size 36, \$16.50 for \$10.00.

Blue Grey Zibelines, size 36, \$20.00 for \$14.50.

Black Broadcloth, size 34, \$21.50 for \$16.00.

Brown Broadcloth, size 34, \$25.00 for \$19.00.

Black Broadcloth, sizes 34, 38, \$20.00 for \$14.00.

Grey and Brown Frieze, sizes 34, 36, 38, \$12.50 for \$9.00.

Grey Cloth, size 38, \$15.00 for \$10.00.

### New Silk Waists for Xmas.

Just placed in stock a beautiful Silk Waist made from fine quality Taffeta in Blacks, Tuscan, Light Blue, White. Trimmed with forty-five tuckings. Sizes 32 to 42. Special \$4.00.

### Wind and Rain Stop Coats

We have another full supply of those Celebrated Coats to hand seems hard to keep enough on hand to supply the demand.

Short, Waterproof smocks, patch pockets, corduroy collar, vent under sleeves, worth \$2.00, our price \$1.50.

Steel Gray Cotton-made Jacket, heavy fancy striped lining, cord collar, double breasted, buttons (riveted) and button holes, worth \$2.50. special price \$2.25.

9 Oz. Brown Duck, D. B. Jacket, heavy fancy striped Blanket lining, wool wrister, corduroy collar, ball and socket fastener \$4.50; 7 lined \$4.00.

### Tweed Remnants.

If you are looking for an end of Tweed to make a Pea Jacket, a pair of Pants or Boy's Knicker, or perhaps a shirt, you will find just what you want on our Remnant table in our Clothing store, and at from 25 to 50 per cent under price. Our clearing sale of Tweeds is still going on.

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- At \$13.50—Full length made of heavy frieze, lined throughout, flounce effect, Dark Gray, Black, Heather Mixture, sizes 32, 34, 36, 38.
- At \$17.50—Made in Fawn, Black Navy, Beaver cloth, lined throughout. Sizes 32, 34, 36.
- At \$24.50—Made from very fine Kersey Cloths, lined, Fawn, Blacks, Blue. Sizes 32, 34, 36.
- At \$30.00—Made from finest of Kersey lined with satin, very stylish, full length and flounced.

## Stylish Millinery.

Used to be that milliners produced newness at the season's turn and then retold. That's old foggy. We have our designers continually at work. To-day's show of new hats would equal the Easter display of former years.

New lines of Wool Toques, Tam O'Shanter and Children's Headwear get a showing now in Millinery Department.

## Gloves.

A good gift, by the way. No matter what you want, we have it.

DRESSED KID GLOVES—50c, \$1.00 \$1.25 a pair.

UNDRESSED KID GLOVES—Black, Tan, Grey, \$1.25 a pair.

LINED KID GLOVES—90c, \$1.00 a pair.

FABRIC GLOVES—10c. to 50c. a pair.

From now till Xmas we give a bottle of perfume with each pair of gloves at \$1.00 a pair or over.

**FARM FOR SALE**—A first-class farm of 113 acres convenient to Switzerland church, school and cheese factory. There are good buildings upon the premises, it is well watered and the land is in good state of cultivation, being the west half lot No. 12, and part of eleven, 7th concession, Ernestown, county Lennox. Possession for the purpose of fall plowing can be given at once. The title is perfect. This is a rare bargain. Enquire of JOHN CHAPMAN, Bath P. O., or to HERRINGTON & WARNER, Napanee, Vendor's Solicitors. Napanee, Sept. 12th, 1902. 39-2 m

Reliable Lady Agents wanted to take orders for the best custom made dress skirts and walking skirts in Canada. Write quickly.

**DOMINION GARMENT CO.,**  
Box 209 Guelph, Ont.

Mrs. Patrick McKeown, Croydon, has removed to Napanee. On the eve of her departure all the friends and neighbors of herself and adopted daughter, Mary Ann Dwyer, gave them a great farewell surprise and presented Mrs. McKeown with a beautiful walnut reclining chair, upholstered in plush, and Miss Dwyer with a pair of velvet shoes and an elegant palm with stand.

The best season for the optical trade we have yet had which makes volumes for A. F. Chinnick's success in testing eyes and fitting glasses. Eyes tested free.

F. CHINNICK'S Jewelry Store.

The friends of Harry Oldham, Chicago, Ill., who with his family is in the habit of visiting friends in Napanee, will be pleased to learn that he has been elected a member of the Illinois state legislature, receiving over 13,000 votes and a majority of 1,400 over his nearest opponent. Mrs. Oldham is a daughter of Robert Matheson, a former headmaster of the high school here, and now a resident in Chicago.

Gold, gold-filled, and silver watches in all sizes for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children. Call and see us before you buy. F. CHINNICK'S Jewelry Store.

### NAPANEE MODEL SCHOOL

HONOR ROLL FOR NOVEMBER.

Entrance. (A)—M. Knight, K. Vine, K. Shafer, E. Coates, S. Brown, G. Gamble, H. Rockwell, C. Conway, W. Perry, C. Milligan, H. Benson, H. Baker, R. Fox.

Entrance (B)—K. Wagar, O. Smith, C. Bowen, E. Frizzell, G. Graham, B. Baughan, M. Conger, M. Miles, A. Walsh, A. Paul, R. Britton, L. Stovel, P. Vanaalstine, L. Milligan, K. Chatterton, H. Trimble.

Entrance. (C)—M. Wilson, D. Tobey, M. Vrooman, M. Paul.

Jr. IV—M. Miller, M. Bell, N. Irving, C. Knight, H. VanLoven, W. Wilson, A. Holmes, H. Gleeson.

Sr. III—J. Gibson, S. Douglas, L. Merrin, O. Madden, S. Anderson, N. Gibson, A. Kimmerly, A. Storme, H. Leonard, J. Lindsay, F. Freeman, M. Armstrong, T. Moore, L. Herrington, A. Morden, J. Parks, R. Kelly, A. Milligan, E. Vandervoort, H. Gibbard, L. Kinkley, C. Moore, B. Loucks.

Jr. III—M. Stark, F. Mills, C. Hearn, J. McConkey, O. Shannon, A. Walker, W. Stark, C. Warriman, J. Webster, N. Davis, E. Johnston, M. Bartlett, O. Madden.

Sr. II—H. Hardy, M. Nolan, R. Dunner, G. Miller, N. Gordon, H. Hearn, L. Scott, L. Loucks, H. Cochrane, M. Gibson, H. Wilson, F. Savage, R. Moore.

Jr. II—A. Bellhouse, L. Hill, D. Vanaalstine, F. Brown, E. Root, D. Vallau.

Sr. Pt. II—R. Wilson, R. Belcher, W. Babcock, E. Walker, N. Dinner.

Jr. Pt. II—J. Bartlett, A. Boyd, H. King, H. Conway, J. Cleall, H. McKim, D. Ham, P. Vrooman, R. Stark, H. Frizzell, K. Greer, D. Hearn, F. Curtis, E. Fralick, G. Hearn, H. Cronk, C. Mack, S. Babcock, G. Walker, M. Boyd.

Sr. Pt. I—G. Clark, S. McConkey, D. Vanaalstine, M. Hart, S. Herrington, W. Briggs, D. Gibson, H. Foeter, A. Anderson, I. Wagar, N. Vandusen.

We have another full supply of those Celebrated Coats to hand, seems hard to keep enough on hand to supply the demand.

Short, Waterproof smocks, patch pockets, corduroy collar, ventilated sleeves, worth \$2.00, our price \$1.50.

Steel Gray Corduroy Jacket, heavy fancy striped lining, cord collar, double breasted, buttons (riveted) and button holes, worth \$2.50. Special price \$2.25.

9 Oz. Brown Duck, D. B. Jacket, heavy fancy striped Blanket Cord lining, wool wristers, corduroy collar, ball and socket fastener \$4.50; Tanned \$4.00.

## Tweed Remnants.

If you are looking for an end of Tweed to make a Pea Jacket, a pair of Pants or Boy's Knicker, or perhaps a shirt, you will find just what you want on our Remnant table in our Clothing store, and at from 25 to 20 cent reduction. Our clearing up sale of Tweeds is still going on.

## Christmas Suggestions from Our Men's Furnishings Department.

**COLORED SHIRTS**—All that is latest and newest is here. In some of the patterns are away in advance being from the Spring assortment of the best manufacturers, sizes 14 to 17, prices range from 50c. to \$1.25. our dollar shirts we guarantee absolutely fast colors.

**NECKWEAR**—We have searched the market carefully and now have the largest assortment of the newest things in Men's and Boy's ties. Bows 15 and 25c. each. 4-in-hand and knot ties, very special 15c. each, 2 for Puffs, Flowing Ends, Derbys and Knots, 25 and 50 cents each.

**MEN'S ALL LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS**—We guarantee all our 20 and 25 cent Handkerchiefs pure linen. We import them direct and proud of the values. Besides these we have thousands of others at 5c, 10c, 12 1/2c.

**MEN'S and BOYS' GLOVES**—Boys' 50c. and 75c. Men's 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, and \$1.50 in Dressed Kid and Mocha effects. For \$2.00 \$2.50 and \$3.00 we can give you some beautiful fur lined goods.

**MEN'S NECK SCARFS**—at 15c, 20c, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

**BOYS' SWEATERS**—50c. and 75c.—Men's at \$1.00.

**HOUSE JACKETS and GOWNS**—from \$4.00 to \$7.50 each.

**UMBRELLAS**—All the newest handle effects—Prices 75c. to \$5.00.

**SUSPENDERS**—10c. a pair to \$1.00 a pair.

**MEN'S and BOYS' CAPS**—This is the great cap store in Napanee. We have Men's and Boys' Tweed and serge Caps with slip band to protect the ears at 25c. each. Better ones at 35, 40, 45, 50 and 75 cents each.

**UNDERWEAR—BEST VALUES**—Buying for spot cash in the cheap markets and selling reliable goods at the cheapest prices. We keep all prices from 50c. a suit to \$7.00 a suit for Men's, and 15c. a garment to 50c. a garment in boys.

Jr. Pt. I.—G. Bartlett, R. Johnson, S. Babcock, F. Whitmarsh, L. Vanaalstine, D. Griffin, D. Paynter, C. Abrams, S. Boyd, R. Herrington.

EAST WARD.

Jr. III—R. Conger, L. Sheppard, Minnie Rikley, M. Trumpour, L. Graham, R. Root, A. Cowan.

Sr. II—G. Dryden, M. Paul, B. Conger, G. Oliver, G. Dickenson, G. Chatterton.

Jr. II—R. Martin, M. Loucks, M. Baughan, C. Cowan, B. Simpson, D. Morden, M. Ketcheson, C. Norris, R. Hunter, W. Switzer.

Sr. Pt. II—E. Loucks, F. Wagar, E. Wagar, C. Duncan, L. Vine, A. Moore, H. Mouch.

Grade I—M. Purdy, R. Vanaalstine, R. Loucks, G. Campbell, A. Kelly, G. Castiday, A. Preston, J. Preston, N. Root, O. Sager, B. Murdock, E. King, F. Oliver, E. VanLoven, J. Switzer, H. Taylor, L. Miles.

Call and see our Vases and Fine China including what is newest in rich brown Louwelsa ware, richly decorated Adirley pottery, Delicate Wave Crest, beautifully Vienna Decorated China, Wedge Wood and Doulton, all high class.

F. CHINNICK'S Jewelry Store.

The ladies of St. Mary Magdalene Guild will have the last "at home" of the year on Thursday night, December 11th in the basement of the church. Special features. Good programme, Cake and C. free. Admission 10 cents. See dodgers.

## New Store—The Syndicate

On Saturday next, Dec. 6th, there will be opened in the old Express Store, a new China, Stationery and Fancy Goods Store. Christmas goods a specialty.

Owing to the low water in the river Schooner Mary, loaded with coal for J. Dafee, had considerable difficulty in getting up to the dock at the Big Mill. She grounded near Light's dock and part of cargo had to be unloaded. She arrived the river Saturday and it was Thursday before she arrived at her dock.

A. S. Kimmerly is giving 24 lbs. Granulated or 28 lbs. Light Yellow S. N. New Raisins and cleaned Currant lbs. for 25c. 6 lbs. Rice or Tapioca 10 lbs. Wheat Germ 25c. Keewatin takes the lead. Dodd's Kidney Pills Peruna 90c. bottle. I pay highest price for Mink, Fox and all kinds of raw fur.

W. W. Mulholland, of Toronto, organizer of the R. T. of T., was in this week and on Wednesday eve reorganized Napanee Council 295. There was a large attendance and a most enjoyable evening was spent. After the business had been transacted an oyster supper given at Garratt's restaurant, in which quite a large number participated.

George H. Huff, Watertown, N. Y., one day last week. He was the son of nabee and Catherine Huff, and resided in Napanee about six years ago. He was seventy-two years of age. Mrs. E. Joyce, Deseronto, was a daughter. She had been a sufferer for about years from paralysis.

The rummage sale, conducted by Ladies Aid Society of the Presbytery Church, in F. W. Smith's old premises Thursday, Friday and Saturday of week was one of the most successful undertakings of the season. Largely visited the sale on the days mentioned, and especially on Saturday evening. We understand \$175, a portion of the amount realized has been set towards lifting a debt on the church.

The rummage sale will be continued J. J. Minchinton's second-hand store the market square on Saturday with much larger assortment will be displayed.

# NEE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NADA—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 5th, 1902.

You can find lots of places here you can spend more money than you can here for clothing, but nowhere that you can get more for your money.

URDAY,  
c. 6th.

wide, worth 25 cents a yard. Our

carpets.

1. We cannot give you seventy-

get any Ready-to-Wear Costume the size you wish in shade you

or \$5 00.  
30.  
40.  
50.  
36, \$16.50 for \$10.00.  
\$14.50.  
\$16.00.  
\$19.00.  
or \$14.00.  
\$12.50 for \$9.00.

r Xmas.

ilk Waist made from fine quality  
b. Trimmed with forty-five rows

Coats.

use Celebrate Coats to hand. It  
the demand.  
kets; corduroy collar, ventilated

fancy striped lining, corduroy  
button hole-, worth \$2 50. Our

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## PERSONALS

Mr. C. Kimmerly, of Empey Hill, was in town Saturday on business.

Messrs. Joe Prickett, Frank Kimmerly and M. Jones, of Deseronto, were in town Sunday evening.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. N. Charade will be pleased to know that another baby boy has come to brighten their home at 640 Berri St., Montreal, on Monday, 28d November. Great wishes are cherished that little Raymond will remain.

Mrs. Lefay and Miss Annie, of Deseronto, are spending this week in town.

Miss Nora Simpkins and Mr. E. C. Gilbert spent Sunday with Miss Mabel Snider, Maple Ave.

Mr. J. B. Richardson was in Toronto on business a few days this week.

N. B. McKim, of Napanee, was in Belleville on business last week.

Mr. Will Boyle was in Kingston on Tuesday.

Miss Mary Gibson, of Picton, and Mr. W. S. Smith, of Deseronto, were guests of I. P. Post, of Clarksville, on Sunday last.

Mr. Alexander, of Hooper drug store, has secured a situation with Stoll & Jary, Bowmanville, and will leave for that place Sunday evening.

Mr. Irving, manager of J. J. Haines shoes, is very ill.

Mr. Barlow, representing Lyman Sons, Montreal, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Ida Rikley who has been the guest of her uncle, E. A. Rikley, returned to her home in Chatham on Thursday.

Mr. J. Henderson spent Sunday in Marlbank.

Miss Adda Reid leaves Saturday for Gravenhurst where she will remain for the winter for the benefit of her health.

E. J. Pollard leaves Saturday for Kincardine on a business trip. On his return he will stop off at Toronto where he will complete purchases for the Xmas business of the Pollard Co.

Councillor Lowry's health is very poor at present and he intends going to the Northwest for the winter.

Miss Hattie Jewel is the guest of her brother, Mr. Will Jewel, Dundas street.

Mr. Harry Minchinton, a former citizen of Napanee, has been recently appointed agent for Ontario for the Armour Packing Co., Chicago. His friends in town will be pleased to learn of his appointment.

Mr. P. M. McCabe is able to be out after a severe illness.

Miss Annie Darrel, of Deseronto, is spending a few days the guest of Miss Beatrice Ferguson.

Mr. Henry Minchinton and daughter, Eliza, left on Tuesday for Toronto where they will reside in future.

Mr. Chas. Knight is still confined to his home.

Mrs. Cooper, of Kingston, who has been spending the past couple of weeks with her sister, Miss Woodsend, returned to her home on Tuesday last.

Mr. Geo. E. Maybee entertained the members of the Western Methodist church choir last Monday evening.

H. B. Sherwood was in Kingston on Wednesday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Hawley, Hay Bay, are

LUMBER,  
LATH,  
SHINGLES,

and all kinds of Sash Factory Goods. Also Mill Wood, Salt, Star Portland Cement, and COAL for domestic and manufacturing purposes.

The Rathbun Co.  
R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

A Few Short  
Weeks

In the few short weeks of Xmas buying quality is criticized more carefully than usual, you'll agree to that. If the time ever was when quality cut more figure than price it is just now. It will pay you, and extremely well, to call on us when you want high grade goods. We carry only the best stocks. Try us for

Seeded Raisins, Cleaned Currants  
Citron, Orange, Lemon Peels, etc. J. F. Smith.

LENNOX PROTEST.

FRIDAY MORNING.

Lionel Rix, Bath, swore to having been asked by Mr. Ball, Bath, to go to the lighthouse for Mr. Cunningham, lighthouse keeper. The day was too rough to go by boat so witness and Jno. Thompson drove down the road opposite the lighthouse, but could not secure a boat to cross. Witness said Mr. Ball had promised to pay himself and Thompson for their time in going for Mr. Cunningham. Witness had not yet received his pay though he asked Mr. Ball for it a couple of times. Mr. Ball informed him that the Conservative party had a committee formed to pay the expenses, and the money would be paid.

John Thompson, Bath, swore to having been with Rix on election day and gave very much the same evidence as the previous witness.

D. W. Bail, Bath, was called and admitted having been scrutineer at Bath for Mr. Carscallen. He also admitted having sent Messrs. Rix and Thompson for Cunningham on election day, but denied having promised any pay to either one of them. He remembered telling them that he believed there was a fund for paying incidental expenses.

His Lordship Justice McLennan said he could not be convinced that there was anything in the charge. Justice Osler concurred with him.

The next charge taken up was one of personal bribery by Mr. T. G. Carscallen.

Chas. Wagar was called and testified that sometime previous to the election Mr. T. G. Carscallen had offered to say nothing about an account for funeral expenses if Mr. Wagar would vote for him. Messrs. T. G. Carscallen, J. C. Carscallen and Henry Hough were called by the respondent's solicitors in defence. Mr. T. G. Carscallen absolutely denied having asked Mr. Wagar for his vote or offered him any consideration for it; also denying having

DR. WAUGH,  
DENTIST.

163 PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON.

WILL VISIT ODESSA

2nd MONDAY OF EACH MONTH.

PRICES:

A Set of Teeth for ..... \$6 00  
A Gold Filling ..... 1 00  
A Silver Filling ..... 50  
A Cement Filling ..... 25

PAINLESS EXTRACTION 25c.  
ALL WORK FULLY GUARANTEED.  
50c

REFERENDUM VOTE.

Lennox will give a majority of about 100 for the referendum.

It is impossible to give any accurate account of the returns, but it is generally conceded by both sides that the referendum will lack in the neighborhood of thirty or forty thousand votes in early.

Owing to the inability of counting the full returns the result of the vote on the referendum on Thursday will not be known for a day or so. No unusual stir was noticeable in town and as the result will show a very small vote was polled, the majority of the voters preferring not to vote on the question.



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 nd 50 cents each.  
 EFS—We guarantee all our 15,  
 We import them direct and are  
 thousands of others at 5c, 10c, and

30c. and 75c. Men's 50c, 75c, 90c,  
 Mocha effects. For \$2.00 \$2.25,  
 tiful fur lined goods.  
 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.  
 Men's at \$1.00.  
 om \$4.00 to \$7.50 each.  
 e effects—Prices 75c. to \$5.00.  
 pair.  
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 with slip band to protect the ears  
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 buying for spot cash in the cheapest  
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Mr. and Mrs. L. Hawley, Hay Bay, are  
 visiting friends in Harlowe.

Mr. Max Robinson, of Bath, was in town  
 on Wednesday on business.

Mr. Clarence Trimble, of Johannesburg,  
 South Africa, arrived home on Tuesday  
 morning on a visit to his parents, Mr. and  
 Mrs. Thos. Trimble, after an absence of  
 about six years.

Ladies' Lorgnettes and Gents' Chains a  
 beautiful selection from new designs with  
 reliable guarantees.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

## MARRIAGES.

BECK-CALDER—At Camden East, Wed-  
 nesday, Dec. 3rd, by Rev. C. E. S. Rad-  
 cliffe, B. C. L., Mr. John Beck to Miss  
 Georgia Calder.

## DEATHS.

McCONNELL—In Richmond township, on  
 Tuesday, December 2nd, Margaret McCon-  
 nel, aged 75 years and 7 months.

SAMPSON—At Napanee, on Saturday, Nov.  
 29th, Miss Edna, youngest daughter of Mr.  
 and Mrs. Geo. Sampson, aged 19 years, 8  
 months and 2 days.

GRIFFITH—At North Fredericksburgh, on  
 Monday, December 1st, Mary Griffith,  
 aged 56 years, 9 months and 8 days.

MEAGHER—At Marysville, on Monday,  
 Dec. 1st, Katherine Meagher, aged 55 years.  
 The funeral took place on Thursday.

Moore's famous non-leakable fountain  
 pen. Does not matter which end is up in  
 the pocket or hand bag. The only pen  
 like this in the market.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

## For Your Friend.

Ebony Hand Mirrors, Hair Brushes,  
 Fancy Whisks, and Toilet Articles for the  
 Christmas trade.

—at—

The Medical Hall,  
 FRED L. HOOPER,

# DO NOT PASS

Garratts', where the Finest  
 Confectionery is kept. A large  
 shipment of Webb's high class  
 goods just in—another to arrive  
 in a few days.

Fancy Boxes and Baskets  
 from 10c. to \$2.00.

All grades of Confectionery  
 from 8c. to 60c. per pound.

Leave Your Order Early  
 for Webb's Celebrated Eng-  
 lish Plum Pudding.

Wedding Cakes and Christ-  
 mas Cakes a specialty.

Lunches and Oysters served at  
 all hours.

GARRATT & SON.

Phone 96.

ingham on election day, but denied having  
 promised any pay to either one of them.  
 He remembered telling them that he be-  
 lieved there was a fund for paying inci-  
 dental expenses.

His Lordship Justice McLennan said he  
 could not be convinced that there was  
 anything in the charge. Justice Oser  
 concurred with him.

The next charge taken up was one of  
 personal bribery by Mr. T. G. Carscallen.

Chas. Wagar was called and testified  
 that sometime previous to the election Mr.  
 T. G. Carscallen had offered to say nothing  
 about an account for funeral expenses if  
 Mr. Wagar would vote for him. Messrs.  
 T. G. Carscallen, J. C. Carscallen and  
 Henry Hough were called by the respon-  
 dent's solicitors in defence. Mr. T. G.  
 Carscallen absolutely denied having asked  
 Mr. Wagar for his vote or offered him any  
 consideration for it; also denying having  
 spoken to Wagar in May. Mr. J. C.  
 Carscallen testified that his brother had  
 spoken to Mr. Wagar in June, not May.

Geo. Beaubien, of Amherst Island, was  
 called on a whiskey charge, but no evi-  
 dence of any corruption produced.

Levi Kelly again appeared in the box.  
 Levi was not under the influence of liquor  
 this time, but did not furnish much more  
 evidence than on the previous occasion and  
 nothing could be proved through him.

Several other witnesses were called but  
 no evidence of any account was produced  
 and the petitioners decided to drop the re-  
 maining charges and rest the case on the  
 evidence as already presented to the court.  
 Six charges were reserved by their Lord-  
 ships during the trial.

Mr. Bristol announced that the cross  
 petition would not be gone on with at  
 present, their Lordships would not at  
 present set a date.

Their Lordships reserved judgment on  
 the petitions.

Eczema Relieved in a day—Dr. Agnew's  
 Ointment will cure this disgusting skin  
 disease without fail. It will also cure Bar-  
 ber's Itch, Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all  
 skin eruptions. In from three to six nights  
 it will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching  
 Piles. One application brings comfort to  
 the most irritating cases. 35cents—111

We have just opened some beautiful  
 toilet articles in the latest thing. Heavy  
 Sterling Silver deposit on glass.  
 F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

It is probable that the King-ton Bicycle  
 Club will make application to the O.H.A. to  
 enter a team in the junior series. The  
 Ramblers are also thinking of doing like-  
 wise. In this event the Quinte League  
 will be left with only Napanee Deseronto  
 and Picton.

We are the only parties who have  
 the genuine

# American Oil

IT IS WELL WORTH A TRIAL.

42.1 J. J. PERRY, Druggist.

# XMAS GOODS.

In order to make room for our very large stock  
 of Xmas Goods, which are daily arriving we will  
 for the next week give

# GREAT BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS,

so come with the crowd to the never failing bargain  
 centre at the

PEOPLE'S FAIR.

McINTOSH BROS.,

W. A. GARRETT,  
 Manager.

## RETERMINED VOTE.

Lennox will give a majority of about  
 100 for the referendum.

It is impossible to give any accurate  
 account of the returns, but it is generally  
 conceded by both sides that the referen-  
 dum will lack in the neighborhood of  
 thirty or forty thousand votes.

Owing to the inability of securing the  
 full returns the result of the vote of the  
 referendum on Thursday will not be known  
 for a day or so. No unusual stir was  
 noticeable in town and as the returns will  
 show a very small vote was polled, the  
 majority of the voters preferred not to  
 vote on the question.

	Yes	No	Majority
Bath.....	47	28	19
Adolphustown No. 1.....	55	13	42
Gosport.....	21	1	17

RICHMOND.			
Wiggins.....	84	16	67
Selby.....	122	12	110
Roblin.....	133	4	129
Forest Mills.....			

BERNSTOWN.			
Stormes' Corners.....	65	27	38
Mill Haven.....	53	15	38
Odessa East.....	52	29	23
" West.....	64	10	24
Wilton.....	137	17	120

NORTH FREDERICKSBURGH.			
Town Hall, No 1.....	68	8	60
Sheffell's.....	72	23	49

SOUTH FREDERICKSBURGH.			
Hawley.....	61	12	49
Sillville.....	75	3	72

NAPANEE.			
West Ward No. 1.....	67	20	47
" " No. 2.....	80	24	56
Centre Ward No. 1.....	61	35	26
" " No. 2.....	66	20	46
East Ward.....	81	30	51

Town Majority.....	275	129	226
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## ADDINGTON.

Newburgh.....	71	33	38
Moscow.....	55	4	41

Grinding every day at Close's Mills.  
 JAS. A. CLOSE.

"There must be something in the climate  
 and voice culture of England that produces  
 the quality of tone in these boy sopranos.  
 One cannot imagine the singing of an angel  
 being more beautiful." Such is a critic's  
 comment on the singing of the boys from  
 Westminster Abbey who appear in the  
 Coronation Choir which takes place on  
 Wednesday, December 10th, at Brisco's  
 Opera House, Napanee.

Remember that we are sole agents for  
 Regina Precision Watches the best time  
 piece in the market to-day, bar none.  
 They are manufactured specially for us.

Our customers say "Just as good as you  
 recommended Mr. Chipneck."  
 F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.



## HOUSEHOLD.

### FOR THE COOK.

**Sweet Potato Pudding**—Boil 2 lbs sweet potatoes very soft. Peel and mash them while warm and add 1 cup good butter. Beat potatoes and butter until they become quite white. Now beat to a cream the yolks of four eggs with one cup of white sugar. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth and add to the sugar and yolks. Now turn all the egg mixture over the beaten potatoes and stir briskly. Add the juice of 2 large oranges and 1 heaping teaspoon of the grated peel, if liked, or 1 teaspoon vanilla. Stir in 2 cups sweet milk and bake in a quick oven.

**Nice Supper Dish**—Make a dough of baking powder biscuit, stir rather stiff and spread half an inch thick on a shallow pan. Place thin slices of apple over the top, sprinkling thickly with cinnamon and sugar. Bake in a quick oven, and when done, cut in squares and serve with butter and maple syrup.

**Tomato and Onion Soup**—Cook the onions, which have been peeled and sliced, in salted water till soft, then add an equal quantity of tomato, canned, I usually use, and heat through thoroughly. Season to taste and add butter. Anyone fond of onions will enjoy this dish.

**Mock Fried Oysters**—Wash and scrape salsify, and cook in boiling water until tender; drain, add a lump of butter, 1 cup hot sweet cream, pepper and salt to taste, and 1 beaten egg. Mash thoroughly, roll in spoonfuls in grated cracker crumbs, and fry in hot butter to a pale brown. Serve immediately. Excellent with turkey or fowl.

**Squash Pudding**—To 1 qt raw grated squash add 1 pt maple syrup (or 1 cup light brown sugar), 2 tablespoons softened butter, 4 well beaten eggs, 1 pt sweet milk and a little grated nutmeg or orange peel. Mix well together. Have a baking dish buttered, and spread over the bottom some currant jam, stewed cranberries or seeded raisins. Pour the pudding mixture over, and bake in a moderate oven for an hour and a quarter. When removed from the oven, spread the top with some of the fruit. Good either hot or cold.

**Sweet Potato Stuffing**—With 1 qt mashed sweet potatoes mix 1 cup bread crumbs, 1 cup butter, 1 beaten egg, 1 teaspoon salt, 2 teaspoon pepper, 1 teaspoon poultry seasoning, salt and pepper the inside of the turkey before stuffing. Garnish with sausage cakes and sprigs of celery.

**Orange Ambrosia**—Slice oranges and sprinkle with sugar. Let them stand for about an hour. Then take a glass dish and put a layer of oranges in the bottom, then cover with a layer of grated coconut, then a layer of oranges. Continue in this way until the dish is full, coconut on top. This is delicious.

**Mock Mince Pie**—Boil together 1 1/2 pts cold water, 5 soda crackers, rolled fine, 1 cup vinegar, 1 cup molasses, 1/2 cups sugar, 1 cup stoned and chopped raisins, 1 teaspoon each of cinnamon, cloves and nutmeg, 1 tablespoon butter, and 1 well beaten egg. Bake between 2 crusts, and serve hot.

**Fruit Cake**—Take 4 eggs, 5 cups flour, 2 cups sugar, 1 1/2 cup butter, 1 cup sweet milk, 1 lb stoned-raisins, 1 teaspoon soda stirred into 1 cup molasses till it forms, 1 teaspoon each cinnamon and cloves, a little

cityward "to find something to do," could a persuasive word reach them and say, "Better stay at home."

### SOME USES FOR SALT.

To keep table salt from lumping mix one part of starch with 11 parts of salt. A tiny pinch of salt added to the whites of eggs when beating will make them froth quicker, and the froth will be stiffer. In whipping cream, a little salt helps to make it turn. Salt sprinkled in the oven under baking tins prevents their burning. Salt in whitewash makes it stick; in cold or boiled starch it imparts a gloss. Rub flatirons on salt before using them. Salt scattered on carpets when sweeping keeps down the dust and prevents moths. A small quantity of salt thrown on a coal fire when low will revive it. Sprinkle salt on the fire before broiling. Dip a piece of damp flannel in salt to clean piano keys, knife blades, stained teacups, and glasses spotted by hard water. Salt put on freshly spilled ink removes the spot from a carpet. Prints soaked in salt and water before washing fastens the colors.

For neuralgia take a small bag of muslin or flannel, fill with salt, heat, and apply to the affected part. Many cases of so called diphtheria could be cured by a gargle of salt and water if taken at the start, gargling every hour, or half-hour if necessary. One teaspoon of salt in a glass of water is a cure for many stomach troubles, relieving colic and indigestion when taken regularly once a day. Wash the head occasionally with salt and water to lessen the falling out of the hair. Salt dissolved in warm water is restful and healing for tired and inflamed eyes. Brine is recommended for mad dog bites. Wash the wound well with the mixture, then bind it with a cloth covered with salt. One remedy for snake bites is common salt mixed with the white of an egg to the consistency of paste, then spread on the wound.

### TO STOP MOUSE HOLES.

One frequently sees the advice given to stop mouse holes with hard soap, bits of cork and other substances. A method which has been tried for years, and never known to fail, is yet so simple that the wherewithal can be found in every home. Crumple a section of newspaper, and thoroughly saturate it with turpentine. The paper bunch should be large enough to require stuffing into the hole with the end of a straight poker, a screwdriver or some such tool. Fit this wet newspaper snugly into the hole, and as it dries it hardens and will not be disturbed by rats or mice for years, if ever. Indeed, I have never known mice to disturb a hole stuffed in this manner, though the mice of after years may gnaw a new entrance into the pantry. These little animals are responsible for much ruined food, and should not be allowed to carry on their work of devastation when so simple and effectual a remedy is at hand.

### NOW EXCEEDS A BILLION.

Value of Farm Property in the Province Increasing.

A despatch from Toronto says: The value of farm property in Ontario is double that of the United States, in proportion to population. The returns of agricultural statistics issued by the Bureau of Industries, shows that in 1901 the value of the farm lands, buildings, implements and live stock reached the total of \$1,001,323,296, compared with \$974,814,931 the previous year. The country of Middlesex leads with

## ON THE FARM.

### SELECTION OF STOCK.

As the winter season approaches the farmer should make careful estimate of the amount and kind of stock that it will be the most desirable to keep on the farm. This is yearly a very necessary work to be attended to, if the best results are to be sought after or expected. And in attending to this matter it might be well first to say that there should be no more stock kept than there is suitable accommodation for, and can be well fed and sheltered. To undertake more than this will usually result in discouragement and loss. And in the selection of the animals to be kept great care should be exercised.

A farmer must have an ideal herd of cows, for instance, if there are not some that fall considerably behind the others in production and value. These last are not profitable animals to keep and should be disposed of even if at small prices, and their place filled with those that will give much better satisfaction. Besides, there is always a liability of failure of some animals from numerous causes, even in the best herds. These will need to be replaced. The best of cows, too, grow old and outlive their term of usefulness, hence there should be younger animals coming along that can take their places.

Dairymen in general should make a practice of raising enough heifers to replenish their herds as occasion may require. Indeed, it is better to have some animals to sell at remunerative figures than to be under the necessity of buying. But every farmer should be careful and not dispose of the animals that should be kept on the farm.

**EVEN AT TEMPTING PRICES.** as this might result in serious deterioration of the herd, and that should ever be most vigilantly guarded against. It should be the aim to keep the herd so well up in point of excellence that the average individual will be wanted, and at good prices.

It will sometimes happen that a farmer may from unavoidable causes, as during the most unfavorable season, be deficient in feeding material for all that he wishes to keep, and in such cases it might be better to purchase fodder rather than dispose of animals needed on the farm. But even this may be done in such a way as to keep the herd in good condition at a reasonable outlay.

The keeping of a large number of animals for the sake of the name, good, bad and indifferent, without much regard to their quality or condition, is not advisable under any circumstances, and for real profit should never be undertaken.

A really good animal of any kind is worth twice that of an ordinary one, hence the necessity and reasonableness of making selections, and then carefully caring for them. The rule applies with great force to the dairy, where we can so easily distinguish the effects of good or bad management. But it will be just as truly visible in that of other kinds of stock, as horses, sheep or swine. These can all be greatly improved by proper selection, breeding and care. And this work must be continuous, and not intermittent or spasmodic. Fewer and better animals will be profitable and far more profitable than a large number indifferently cared for. Real excellence should be the aim of every farmer in all of his

When passed through the cutter made fine instantly, and is then most equal to dry dirt. The same may be said of shredded corn stalks. It is of more advantage to them through the shredder than throw them out to be trampled, they can be also used with the straw in the stalls. When the materials and manure are thrown on the heap there will be no pieces to rot. The whole mass quickly decompose, and with loss of the valuable constituents than when the straw and stalks uncut, while the labor of hand and spreading such manure will be reduced to a minimum cost.

### MONEY IN FRUIT GROWING

Some Instances of "Little Farm Well Tilled."

A despatch from Toronto says: Board of Control of the fruit experiment stations held their annual meeting for reception of reports to the Parliament Buildings on Wednesday. President James M. Guelph, presided. The others present were: Prof. H. L. Hutt, C. Guelph; L. Woolverton, Secretary; Grimby; W. M. Orr, Win. A. H. Pettit, Grimby, and W. Bunting, St. Catharines. There now fourteen stations, covering principal fruit sections of Ontario and extending as far north as Joseph's Island. Mr. A. M. S. sent an interesting account of his experiments at Powassan, Parry Sound District, where, among other things he had secured good results with Burbank and other plums. This station will probably be taken over the board. The board made general experiments in the use of a variety of encircling tree protectors, though it operated against can worms, their report was that on whole it was unsatisfactory, and some instances injurious.

Prof. Hutt, the visitor to the permanent stations, reported in detail. He recommended that the suits of the tests and experiments now shown at the Industrial Exhibition should also be exhibited county and township fairs, and suggested that the revision of the lists at those fairs, in accordance with the results at the nearest permanent station, would have the desired result of bringing out the varieties best suited to that locality. Mr. Sherrington, the experimenter at Walkerton, is reported to have little farm well tilled, for from acres he sold \$500 worth of apples and from his ten acres of land netted \$800. In the plum belt Ontario, at Clarksburg, Mr. J. Mitchell has 170 varieties of fruit, and he is now getting successful results from eight varieties peaches. The fruit growers at Leamington are reported to be replanting their lands where the peach trees were destroyed by the "freeze" of February, 1899. At Maitland, the St. Lawrence section, Mr. Ha Jones got 700 barrels of apples from five acres, and at Trenton W. H. Dempsey grew 2,500 barrel apples this year, of which he has less than 300 varieties.

### PEAT INDUSTRY SAFE.

Director of Mines Says It Flourishing.

A despatch from Toronto says United States Consul Gunsaulus recently reported to Washington that no less than \$400,000 has been wasted in Ontario by various persons experimenting with the production of peat on a commercial scale. Director of Mines, Thos. W. Gibbs said he did not know on what figures the Consul had based his report, but with practically all

on top. This is delicious.

**Mock Mince Pie**—Boil together 1 1/2 pts. cold water, 5 soda crackers, rolled fine, 1/2 cup vinegar, 1 cup molasses, 1 1/2 cups sugar, 1 cup stoned and chopped raisins, 1 teaspoon each of cinnamon, cloves and nutmeg, 1 tablespoon butter, and 1 well beaten egg. Bake between 2 crusts, and serve hot.

**Fruit Cake**—Take 4 eggs, 5 cups flour, 2 cups sugar, 1 1/2 cup butter, 1 cup sweet milk, 1 lb stoned raisins, 1 teaspoon soda stirred into 1 cup molasses till it forms, 1 teaspoon each cinnamon and cloves, a little nutmeg. Frosting: Use 1 1/2 cups white sugar, 2 tablespoon cream of tartar, 5 tablespoons boiling water. Boil all together till it threads. Pour over the beaten whites of two eggs. Beat till thick, and spread while warm.

**Pumpkin Pie**—Cook pumpkin or squash tender. Rub through a fine sieve and measure 3 cups. Over it grate half a nutmeg or its equivalent of orange peel, add 1 1/2 cups white coffee sugar. Moisten 4 heaping teaspoons cornstarch in 1/2 cup sweet milk and add to the pumpkin. Melt tablespoon butter, add a little salt, and stir into the pumpkin. Now add 3 full pts sweet milk. Stir well and pour the mixture into crusts. Bake in a hot oven, until slightly browned on top. When cold, spread the top of one or two with tart jelly and note the improvement. The custard in these pies will not leave the crust at the edge, nor will any water gather on top, when allowed to stand for a few hours, as is often the case with those made in the usual manner with eggs.

#### STAY IN THE COUNTRY.

The constant influx of girls from the country into large cities brings with it portentous dangers and evils. Dreaming of an easy time, good wages, a better wardrobe and more congenial companions; dazzled by the vision of city amusements, and hoping, perhaps, to find a marriageable partner, and settle down into a comfortable city home, thousands leave the farm or the village and flock to the metropolis. Here many of them confront a situation far different from that which they imagined in advance of their actual experience of city life. The wages they get are meager, their lodgings far from comfortable, they have no home life; they face new temptations and trials, and their life becomes one hardship, and trouble. In the store, factory, shop or office they are beset with danger and annoyance, while all about them are pitfalls spread for unwary feet. Some of them, with unusual aptitude for stenography, typewriting and kindred occupations, or with fine executive gifts, make their way to the top and secure first-class posts; but a great multitude struggle and almost starve on about three dollars a week. This latter class are unable to save any money; a week's illness brings them in debt, and a month without employment renders them objects of charity.

How much better would it be for most of them were they to stay at home, help in the household, or accept such work as might be available on the farm or in the village. Our large cities now contain thousands of girls in a sorry plight, either without employment or struggling for bread—girls who might have remained in comfort at home, or who could have found work of some sort in a country town to support them, with less cost of strength, nerve power and vital force—to say nothing of the dangers which now beset them in the city. What a kindness it would be to thousands who are helplessly planning to rush

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#### HIGH GRADE IRON ORE.

**District Around Sudbury Said to Be Rich in It.**

A despatch from Toronto says: In speaking of the recently reported discoveries of extensive iron ore deposits in the rich Sudbury mineral district, Mr. Thos. W. Gibson, Director of Mines, says that the find is probably located in the Township of Hutton. Indications of mineral wealth were found in that neighborhood three years ago, and a number of capitalists from the United States have since been investigating the extent of the ore bodies, employing a diamond drill and a number of prospectors. The results of their work have been so satisfactory that the capitalists have secured a number of options, and are preparing to go ahead and develop their properties. The ore is a high grade of magnetite, or magnetic iron ore, which is used in the production of the finest qualities of Bessemer steel.

#### TURKEY ORDERS GUNS.

**Expected There Will Be Serious Outbreak in Spring.**

A despatch from Constantinople says: Sixteen batteries of quick-firing field guns, numbering 96 guns in all, have been ordered from the Krupp works as the commencement of the re-arming of the Turkish artillery. The War Minister is also authorized to purchase 220,000 small calibre Mausers, to complete the present establishment. With wagons, and ammunition for the artillery, the orders entail an outlay of \$3,980,000. The purchases were apparently accelerated in consequence of the recent developments in the situation in Macedonia and the Balkans, and the impression prevails in many quarters here that a serious outbreak, possibly leading to widespread European complications, may be expected in the spring.

#### UNHEALTHY BARRACKS.

**Cause Assigned for Mortality in British Army.**

A despatch from London says: Apropos of the statement of Gen. Andre, the French Minister of War, regarding the heavy mortality in the French army, the Daily Express declares that the deaths in the British army exceed those in the army of any first-class power, the average annual deaths being only 300 less than in the French army, although the British army is only one-third as large as that of France. The conditions are largely attributed to unhealthy barracks,

absence of making selections, and then carefully caring for them. The rule applies with great force to the dairy, where we can so easily distinguish the effects of good or bad management. But it will be just as truly visible in that of other kinds of stock, as horses, sheep or swine. These can all be greatly improved by proper selection, breeding and care. And this work must be continuous, and not intermittent or spasmodic. Fewer and better animals will be profitable and far more profitable than a large number indifferently cared for. Real excellence should be the aim of every farmer in all of his business, and with this always in view there can hardly fail of being the most satisfactory results.

#### CEMENT FLOORS.

Probably the worst feature in a dairy farm is a wooden floor through which the liquid manure can soak, to remain below and decompose, tainting and practically poisoning the air above it, beside wasting the most valuable of the fertilizing elements in the excrements. Both scientific and practical men are agreed that the liquid manure from the cow has more value than the solids. But little better is the cellar under the cow stables, although they may save the liquids to a greater extent if there is sufficient absorbent used in them. But the air in the stables has the odor of the decomposing manure below, and neither can the cows be healthy nor the milk be free from the odor of the manure heap, or the bacteria that is the cause of a rapid change in flavor of the butter after it has been made a few weeks. It is true that good butter used to be made from cows kept in barns so built, but in those days the barns were not tight, but well ventilated, too well we used to think, and the cows gave but little milk in the winter, and the milk did not remain long in the barn. And the winter-made butter was never called first-class, even when made by those who could and did make choice butter while the cows were in doors.

#### MILKED OUT OF DOORS.

What is best is a cement floor for all animals that will save all the liquid manure and carry it to a shed outside, in which the solids should be put every day or oftener in the winter, and which could be so arranged that the odors from it should not go back into the stable. This floor could be brushed clean every day, or even washed down when it was thought desirable, and the air in it kept as pure as the air out of doors.

And while we want a warm stable, we would have plenty of light. No animal can live long and be productive if confined in a place where the sunlight does not enter freely, and those who have provided their stables with windows often allow them to be so obscured by dirt and cobwebs that they are but semi-opaque, giving less light than ground glass. With pure air and sunshine there is but little chance for tuberculosis, while without them the stable becomes a breeding place for this as well as other diseases, and for the germs of all that makes the milk and butter just what it should not be.

#### VALUE OF STRAW.

Straw is much more valuable than may be supposed. It does not pay to haul it to market, as the labor would detract from the profit, but outside of its use as food for stock straw is an excellent absorbent of liquid manure. To derive the best results from straw when it is used for bedding and manure it should be cut fine with an ensilage cutter. While the whole straw in the stalls answers the purpose well, yet it does not possess the power of absorbing the liquids until it is broken up.

#### PEAT INDUSTRY SAFE.

**Director of Mines Says It Flourishing.**

A despatch from Toronto says: United States Consul Gunsauld recently reported to Washington no less than \$400,000 has been wasted in Ontario by various parties experimenting with the production of peat on a commercial scale. Director of Mines, Thos. W. Gibson said he did not know on just figures the Consul had based his report, but with practically all industries a good deal of money to be spent in experimenting, spite of these rather discouraging features Mr. Gibson said that peat industry was flourishing himself was using peat fuel in his own home, and was favorably impressed with its merits, although of course it could not claim equal to hard coal.

#### SHELLED NATIVE VILLAGE.

**British Warship Punishes Fijians.**

A despatch from Victoria, says:—According to advices received from Sydney by the steamer Aorangi, H.M.S. Sparrow has returned from a protracted tour through the South Sea Islands, bringing her cruise the warship's annexed Suwarrow, Ysabel, Choiseul Islands for Great Britain. At Malietia Islands five village natives were shelled to punish the islanders for having killed a Fijian woman because she had embraced Christianity. With a view to pressing the natives with the seriousness of the crime committed, and of warning them of a recurrence of such acts, the warship visited five places in the island of Malietia, namely Auki, Sio, Kwi and Port Diamond, and at each place the villages were shelled partly destroyed.

#### CONVICTS SEEK DEATH.

**Siberian Prisoners Prefer Suicide to Such Life.**

A despatch from Victoria, says:—The convicts in the Siberian convict settlement have gone on strike. They will refuse all until they are more humanely treated. These convicts are all sentenced to Siberia for political offenses. They are heavily chained and see the light of day. The sick are allowed to die unattended among others, and sometimes the dead are allowed to rot in their crowded cells. Desperate revolts have been quelled with much bloodshed. The convict according to the latest advices persist in their self-starvation, many have died.

#### IS THE BOND WEAKENED?

**Fortnightly Review Has Forebodings.**

A despatch from London says: American immigration to Canada is made the subject of a pessimistic article published in the Fortnightly Review. The Review claims Canada is becoming America and fears that the result will be separation of Canada from the British Empire.

#### WILL BE FULL REGIMENT

**Princess Louise Dragoons to More Squadrons.**

A despatch from Ottawa says: Princess Louise Dragoons, of which will by 1904 be increased to four full squadrons. One squadron will be added each year commencing in 1903 until the full strength cavalry regiment has been attained.



passed through the cutter it is fine instantly, and is then equal to dry dirt. The same is said of shredded corn stalks, of more advantage to pass through the shredder than to turn them out to be tramped, as can be also used with the cut in the stalls. When the fine rials and manure are thrown in a heap there will be no coarse to rot. The whole mass will ly decompose, and with less of the valuable constituents when the straw and stalks are, while the labor of handling spreading such manure will be to a minimum cost.

### KEY IN FRUIT GROWING.

Instances of "Little Farms Well Tilled."

Despatch from Toronto says: The 1 of Control of the fruit ex- per- stations held their annual ng for reception of reports at 'arliament Buildings on Wednes- President James Mills, h, presided. The others pre- were: Prof. H. L. Hutt, O.A. uelph; L. Woolverton, Secre- Grimsby; W. M. Orr, Winona; Pettit, Grimsby, and W. H. ng, St. Catharines. There are fourteen stations, covering the ipal fruit sections of Ontario, extending as far north as St. h's Island. Mr. A. M. Smith in interesting account of his ex- ants at Powassan, Parry Sound ct, where, among other things, d secured good results with the ink and other plums. This sta- will probably be taken over by oard. The board made general ipments in the use of a variety circling tree protectors, and h it operated against canker s, their report was that on the it was unsatisfactory, and in instances injurious.

f. Hutt, the visitor to the ex- tent stations, reported in de- He recommended that the re- of the tests and experiments shown at the Industrial Exhi- should also be exhibited at y and township fairs, and sug- l that the revision of the prize at those fairs, in accordance the results at the nearest ex- tent station, would have the de- result of bringing out the var- best suited to that locality. Sherrington, the experimenter at rton, is reported to have "a farm well tilled," for from five he sold \$500 worth of apples, rom his ten acres of land he l \$800. In the plum belt of io, at Clarksburg, Mrs. John ell has 170 varieties of that and he is now getting success- sults from eight varieties of s. The fruit growers at Leam- a are reported to be replanting lands where the peach trees destroyed by the "freeze" of ary, 1899. At Matland, in t. Lawrence section, Mr. Harold got 700 barrels of apples five acres, and at Trenton Mr. Dempsey grew 2,500 barrels of s this year, of which he has no han 300 varieties.

### EAT INDUSTRY SAFE.

for of Mines Says It is Flourishing.

Despatch from Toronto says: - l States Consul Gunsaulus re- ported to Washington that ess than \$400,000 has been d in Ontario by various people menting with the production it on a commercial scale. The or of Mines, Thos. W. Gibson, e did not know on just what e the Consul had based his re- but with practically all new ries a good deal of money had

## LEADING MARKETS.

### The Ruling Prices in Live Stock and Breadstuffs.

#### BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, December 2.—Wheat—Is easy at 68½c to 69c for red and white east and middle freights. Goose is nominal at 66c for No. 2 east. Spring is nominal at 67 for No. 2 east. Manitoba wheat is firmer at 86½c for No. 1 hard and 84½c for No. 1 northern, grinding in trans.

Flour—Is steady; local exporters are bidding \$2.70 for cars of 90 per cent. patents, in their bags, east or middle freights. Choice brands are held 15c to 20c higher. Manitoba flour is steady at \$4.10 for cars of Hungarian patents and \$3.90 for strong bakers', bags included, in the track Toronto.

Millfeed—Is steady at \$17 for cars of shorts and \$14.50 for bran in bulk east or middle freights. Manitoba millfeed is steady at \$20 for cars of shorts and \$18 for bran, sacks included, Toronto freights.

Barley—Is unchanged at 45c for No. 3 extra and 43c for No. 3 east or middle freights.

Buckwheat—Is quiet at 52c for No. 2 east or middle freights.

Rye—Is steady at 49½c to 50c for No. 2 east or middle freights.

Corn—Is steady. Canada new is quoted at 54c and old yellow at 59c west. American new is quoted at 56c and old No. 3 yellow at 65c for cars on the track here.

Oats—Are steady. No. 1 white are quoted at 32½c and No. 2 white at 32c east. No. 2 white are quoted at 31½c to 32c middle freights.

Oatmeal—Is steady at \$4 for cars of bags and \$4.10 for barrels on the track Toronto and 25c more for broken lots.

Peas—Are steady; choice No. 2 are quoted at 74c east or middle freights.

#### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Market is steady, with a firmness among the higher grades. Common dairy is offering freely, but it is slow of movement. Quotations for all kinds are unchanged.

Creamery, prints, 21c to 21½c do solids, fresh made, 19½c to 20½c Dairy tubs and pails,

choice, 16c to 17c do medium, 14c to 15c do common, 12c to 12½c do pound rolls, 17c to 19c do large rolls, 16c to 17c

The exports of butter from the port of Montreal to British ports last week amounted to 20,910 packages, compared with 6,044 packages during the corresponding week last year.

Cheese—Market active and strong, dealers quoting 12½c to 12½c for large and 13c for twins, job lots.

The exports from the port of Montreal to British ports last week amounted to 78,961 boxes, compared with 76,780 boxes during the corresponding week last year.

Eggs—Cables are rather favorable and local market has a good tone. Prices are unchanged at 19c to 20c for strictly fresh-gathered, 14c to 15c for splits and seconds, and 17c to 18c for lined.

Potatoes—Car lots on track here are steady at 90c per bag, and potatoes out of store bring \$1 to \$1.10.

Poultry—Wintry weather has improved the situation, and movement is more animated. Turkeys are steady at 10c to 11½c per lb., and chickens are unchanged at 40c to 50c per pair, for old and 50c to

No. 2 mixed, 34c. Barley, 40c to 68c. Rye, No. 1 in store, 55c.

#### EUROPEAN GRAIN MARKETS.

London, Dec. 2.—Wheat, on passage easier and neglected; maize, on passage, shipments within three weeks, 22s was paid. English country markets quiet but steady. French dull.

Paris, Dec. 2.—Wheat, steady; November, 21½ 10c; March and June, 21½ 40c. Flour steady; November, 28½ 60c; March and June, 21½ 40c. Flour steady; November, 28½ 60c; March and June, 28½ 40c.

#### BIG FUTURE FOR RHODESIA.

Will Rival the United States in Its Development.

A despatch from London says:—The Paris correspondent of the Times says Dr. Loir of the Pasteur Institute, who is now in Rhodesia, declares it a vast country, well adapted for a grand future. It will attain full development when the Cape to Cairo Railway is finished. Only 1,300 miles of the railway remain to be built. Dr. Loir adds:—"The rapid increase of the United States always surprises us. We are in the presence of a new America, which will perhaps develop more rapidly than the countries of the New World."

#### SHOT BY ROBBER.

Assistant Postmaster of Warren, Mich., Killed.

A despatch from Warren, Mich., says:—Glenn E. Osborne, assistant postmaster and proprietor of the general store in this village, was shot dead early on Wednesday by one of a gang of robbers who had entered the Warren Bank and blown open the safe. There were three or four men in the gang. They drove rapidly away, without securing any booty, and no trace of them has since been discovered.

#### CLAIM ORDER IS UNJUST.

Australia Wants Medals and Gratitudes for Soldiers.

A despatch from London says:—The War Office is receiving bitter Australian complaints because the army orders deny the war medal and gratuity to troops landed in South Africa after May 31 last. The Canadian contingent is also affected. The complaint says the injustice is very great, for all these men were well on the way before the war ended.

#### MORE MINERAL WEALTH.

Copper Deposits Found in North Hastings.

A despatch from Toronto says:—Some good specimens of copper ore were exhibited at the Bureau of Mines on Thursday, which has been brought in from some newly-discovered copper deposits at Bancroft, in North Hastings County. This is the first copper found in that district. It has been pronounced by experts an excellent sample.

#### AGAINST VENEZUELA.

Great Britain and Germany Agreed Upon Action.

A despatch from Berlin says:—It is authoritatively stated that Great Britain and Germany have agreed upon joint action to enforce their claims against Venezuela. They are exchanging views respecting the form of action to be taken. The details have not yet been settled, but only slight differences exist.

#### WOMEN UP IN ARMS.

## NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

### The Very Latest Items From All Parts of the Globe.

#### DOMINION.

Rossland, B. C., is to have a public library.

Rossland wants its postoffice raised from third to first-class rank.

Thirty or forty gratuities are awaiting claimants at Ottawa. They are for returned South Africans whose addresses are unknown.

Sir Thomas Lipton will at an early date establish depots of his business at Halifax and Esquimaux, where he will supply the ships of the navy.

A resolution was passed by the Hamilton council authorizing the Mayor and Finance Committee to apply for legislation, if they saw fit, to establish a municipal fuel yard.

Dairy Superintendent Frank Tilley and Harvey Mitchell, of St. John, N. B., have entered into a five years' contract to go to South Africa and instruct farmers in dairying methods.

Work on the new Carnegie library at Vancouver is progressing favorably and Mr. G. W. Grant, the architect, is of the opinion that the building will be completed by the latter part of January.

Mr. Keeley, superintendent of the Government cable and telegraph service, states that, with the completion of the cable between the Magdalen Islands and Anticosti, the gulf system is now complete, and that the 92 miles of cable between Byron Island and Anticosti were laid in 27 hours.

#### FOREIGN.

Another £100,000 is to be spent on improving the Liverpool docks.

Boycotting originated in Ireland just twenty-two years ago.

The British Chancellor of the Exchequer hints that the income tax will be reduced.

The King of Italy has given \$40,000 to various hospitals to signalize the birth of a daughter.

Suburban residents of Dublin have entered upon a crusade against Christmas firecrackers.

Twenty-nine guineas was paid recently in London for a book containing Queen Victoria's autograph.

The general strike of French miners, declared off on October 19, which at one time involved 100,000 men, is at an end.

In Edinburgh it is proposed to devote £200 a year to sending four grocers' assistants abroad to study foreign trade.

Peter J. Wild, of Erie, Pa., has hiccoughed for five days, and doctors cannot stop him, and unless relief comes soon he will die.

It has been officially announced that the rate per word for cables between England and Australasia via the Pacific cable has been fixed at 3s.

Kleptomania is on the increase in Paris, and an eminent physician has announced that it is due to disease which nullifies the will power.

Statistics show that the French army, since the Treaty of Frankfurt, had lost 99,000 men from disease, and the German army 13,000.

There was a disastrous fire in the Boryslar petroleum springs in Austria on Monday, destroying 17 borings, killing one man, and burning seven houses.

Eighteen thousand one hundred and sixty-four umbrellas, 739 pairs of opera glasses, 2,970 purses, and 2,223 watches were left in public vehicles in London in the last year.

Mrs. Harry F. Ackerhausen, wife of a Philadelphia liquor dealer at 2835 Ridge avenue, is critically ill



## PEAT INDUSTRY SAFE.

ctor of Mines Says It is Flourishing.

A despatch from Toronto says:—The States Consul Gonsaulus recently reported to Washington that less than \$400,000 has been used in Ontario by various people experimenting with the production of peat on a commercial scale. The States Consul, Thos. W. Gibson, did not know on just what basis the Consul had based his report, but with practically all new strikes a good deal of money had been spent in experimenting. In view of these rather discouraging reports Mr. Gibson said that the peat industry was flourishing; he himself was using peat fuel in his home, and was favorably impressed with its merits, although, of course, it could not claim to be a perfect coal.

## PEATED NATIVE VILLAGE.

Warship Punishes the Fijians.

A despatch from Victoria, B.C., says:—According to advices received from Sydney by the steamer "H.M.S. Sparrow" has returned from a protracted cruise in the South Sea Islands. During her cruise the warship's officers visited Suwarrow, Ysabel and several islands for Great Britain. In the latter islands five villages of natives were shelled to punish slanders for having killed a woman because she embraced Christianity. With a view to punishing the natives with the seriousness of the crime committed by them, and of warning them against recurrence of such acts, the Sparrow visited five places in the island of Suwarrow, namely Auki, Sio, Uras, and Port Diamond, and at each of the villages were shelled and destroyed.

## INVICTS SEEK DEATH.

Prisoners Prefer Starvation to Such Life.

A despatch from Victoria, B.C., says:—The convicts in the Siberian settlement have gone on a strike. They will refuse all food they are more humanely treated. These convicts are all educated men, and for political offences. They are heavily chained and seldom see light of day. The sick are left to die unattended among the snows, and sometimes the dead are left to rot in their crowded cells. Rate revolts have been quelled much bloodshed. The convicts are dying to the latest advices, perishing in their self-starvation, and have died.

## THE BOND WEAKENING?

Review Has Dire Forebodings.

A despatch from London says:—The Canadian immigration to Canada has been the subject of a pessimistic review published in the Fortnightly Review. The Review claims that Canada is becoming Americanized, and that the result will be the absorption of Canada from the British Empire.

## THE BE FULL REGIMENT.

Louise Dragoons to Have More Squadrons.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The Louise Dragoons, of Ottawa, will by 1904 be increased to full squadrons. One squadron was added each year commencing in 1893 until the full strength of a full regiment has been attained.

with 76,780 boxes during the corresponding week last year.

Eggs—Cables are rather favorable and local market has a good tone. Prices are unchanged at 19c to 20c for strictly fresh-gathered, 14c to 15c for splits and seconds, and 17c to 18c for lined.

Potatoes—Car lots on track here are steady at 90c per bag, and potatoes out of store bring \$1 to \$1.10.

Poultry—Wintry weather has improved the situation, and movement is more animated. Turkeys are steady at 10c to 11c per lb., and chickens are unchanged at 40c to 50c per pair for old and 50c to 70c for young. Ducks are firmer at 50c to 80c per pair, and geese are selling better at 7c to 7½c per lb.

Baled Hay—Quotations are unchanged at \$9 to \$9.50 per ton for car lots of No. 1 timothy on track here.

Baled Straw—Prices are steady at \$5 to \$5.50 per ton for car lots on track here.

## DRESSED HOGS.

Market is moderately active, with prices steady at \$7.40 to \$7.50 per cwt. for car lots on track here. Offerings are fairly large and the demand is increasing slightly. Product is firm and unchanged.

## CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Dec. 2.—Trade at the Toronto Cattle Market was in a very satisfactory condition to-day, and all the good cattle sold readily. The run was moderately heavy and there was an excellent general demand. The quality of the offerings was up to the average and some good loads figured in the day's transactions. There were plenty of common cattle, but everything was sold, and sellers had no reason to complain. The tendency of the prices was upward, and choice exporters and export butchers' are quoted higher. Export bulls are also firmer, and feeders are strong. Good milk cows were scarce. There was a slight advance in sheep, but lambs and hogs were unchanged. The total run was 97 loads, including 1,366 cattle, 2,190 sheep and lambs, 25 calves and 1,734 hogs.

We quote:—		
Export cattle, choice,	\$1.85	\$5.40
do medium,	4.50	4.85
do cows, per cwt.,	3.25	4.00
Butchers', export,	4.85	5.10
do choice to picked,	4.25	4.75
do good,	3.75	4.15
do fair to medium,	3.25	3.70
do common,	2.75	3.25
Bulls, export, heavy,	4.00	4.50
do light,	3.50	4.00
do feeding,	2.50	3.25
do stock,	1.75	2.50
Feeders, short-keep,	4.25	4.75
do medium,	3.75	4.25
do light,	3.25	3.75
Stockers, choice,	2.75	3.25
do common,	2.25	2.75
Milk cows, each,	10.00	56.00
Export ewes, cwt.,	3.40	3.65
Bucks, per cwt.,	2.50	2.75
Culls, each,	2.00	3.00
Lambs, export, per cwt.,	4.25	4.50
do butchers',	3.50	4.00
Calves, each,	3.00	10.00
Hogs, select, per cwt.,	6.12½	0.00
do fat, per cwt.,	5.87½	0.00
do light, per cwt.,	5.87½	0.00
do stores, per cwt.,	5.50	0.00
do sows, per cwt.,	4.50	5.00
do stags, per cwt.,	2.00	4.00

## BUFFALO GRAIN MARKETS.

Buffalo, Dec. 2.—Flour, firm: wheat, spring, closing stronger for No. 1 northern car loads at 79c asked; No. 1 hard, car loads, 81½c; winter steady; No. 2 red, 79c. Corn unsettled; No. yellow, 64c; new, 60c. Oats strong; No. 3 white, 85½c.

## AGAINST VENEZUELA.

Great Britain and Germany Agreed Upon Action.

A despatch from Berlin says:—It is authoritatively stated that Great Britain and Germany have agreed upon joint action to enforce their claims against Venezuela. They are exchanging views respecting the form of action to be taken. The details have not yet been settled, but only slight differences exist.

## WOMEN UP IN ARMS.

Object to Municipal Disfranchisement in Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says:—The Montreal Women's Council are up in arms against a proposal made by the City Charter Committee to disfranchise spinsters and widows who now, according to the City Council, possess the right of voting at municipal elections, and will take action to prevent the renewal of the privilege.

## CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Seven Galicians Arrested at Fort William.

A despatch from Fort William says:—Seven Galicians were placed under arrest on Thursday night charged with the murder of Stevan Roebak, a Poleander. The fight occurred on Wednesday night in the foreign district near the mills. Roebak was found in the morning with his head and neck frightfully cut from injuries inflicted by clubs and pieces of iron, and died about noon.

## COLD SHOULDER FOR DOUKS.

Wanderers Now See the Folly of Their Ways.

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—The Doukholor pilgrims did not receive a prodigal son welcome on their return to their respective villages," said C. W. Speers, colonization agent, on his return from the colony of these settlers, west of Yorkton. "The 75 per cent. who remained at home are giving them the cold shoulder, and the large bulk of the wanderers now see the folly of their ways."

## CATTLE DISEASE.

Discussed by the Cabinet at Washington.

A despatch from Washington says:—At the Cabinet meeting on Friday Secretary Wilson discussed the measures he has taken to suppress the epidemic of foot and mouth diseases among live stock in New England. From such information as he has obtained he believes that the disease has existed in that section for some time, but has been concealed. Every effort will be made to stamp it out. The quarantine measures taken, it is thought, will prove effective to prevent the spread of the disease to other states.

## HOT EGGS IN ARMPITS.

Turkish Mode of Punishing Revolutionists.

A despatch from London says:—A mail report from Constantinople accuses the Turkish authorities of barbarously putting down the revolutionary spirit among the Christian peasants in the Vilayet of Monastir. The bastinado is the favorite punishment, and it is so brutally used as to make pulp of the feet of the victims, crippling them for life. Others are hung up by their feet, while boiling hot eggs are placed in their armpits. Robbery by soldiers is frequent.

which nullifies the will power?

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Fifteen thousand one hundred and sixty-four umbrellas, 739 pairs of opera glasses, 2,970 purses, and 2,223 watches were left in public vehicles in London in the last year.

Mrs. Harry F. Ackerhausen, wife of a Philadelphia liquor dealer at 2835 Ridge Avenue, is critically ill from eating candy containing small pins and narcotics, which she received, neatly boxed, through the mails.

Edward Pond of Burke and John E. Leach of East Constable, Franklin County, N. Y., have been arrested on the charge of having smuggled butter from Canada to the United States, and several tubs containing butter have been seized en route.

## COMMITTED FIVE MURDERS.

Policeman's Lucky Capture in Asakusa, Japan.

A despatch from London says:—Noticing blood stains on the gloves of a well dressed man at Asakusa, Japan, a policeman arrested him as he was alighting from a rickshaw. Immediately the prisoner pressed a pistol to his captor's face. The policeman dodged, and, catching the man from behind, compelled him to drop his weapon. No sooner had this been done than the criminal produced a dagger from his waist, unsheathed a slender sword from his umbrella, and presented them to the policeman. Then he told of five murders he had committed, and quietly submitted.

## WHERE DEAD HEROES LIE.

Women of South Africa Caring for Cemeteries.

A despatch from London says:—Much admirable work is being done by the Orange River Committee of the Guild of the Loyal Women of South Africa, who are locating and caring for the graves of the soldiers who fell during the war. Miss Florence Fraser, the hon. secretary, states that in Bethlehem, Lindley, and Yeomanry Kopje cemeteries the graves have almost all been marked with crosses and names, and in Harismith, Kroonstad, Heilbron, Ladybrand, Winberg, Bethulie, Springfontein, and Edenburg the graves are all being well cared for.

## REV. DR. PARKER DEAD.

Noted Minister of London City Temple Passes Away.

A despatch from London says:—Dr. Joseph Parker, minister of the City Temple, who had been seriously ill for some time past, died on Friday afternoon. The deceased suffered from a complication of ailments, the most serious of which affected his heart, and was the immediate cause of death. His worst trouble had been insomnia. He had enjoyed a natural sleep for six weeks.

## KITCHENER AT BOMBAY.

Assumes Command of British Forces in India.

A despatch from Bombay says:—Lord Kitchener, commander of the British forces in India, arrived here on Friday.

The record time for a sailing ship to reach New Zealand from London is 65 days. This was done by the "Thermopylae," in 1868.

## A SUBSTITUTE'S PERMANENT PLACE.

Felix Livingstone was not in a good temper.

He had a fortnight's leave, which duty required him to spend with his maiden aunt in the country, while inclination strongly urged him to go up to town in order to see the girl he loved. But on this occasion duty had to be considered, for Miss Drury the aunt in question was a wealthy old lady, and he was practically dependent upon her.

All things considered, however, Fate had not been so very unkind to Felix. Left an orphan at an early age, he had been adopted by his mother's elder sister, who had done her duty nobly by him. Now at the age of twenty-five he found himself a subaltern in one of the line regiments, with a handsome allowance from his aunt, and every prospect of becoming her heir. But there is always a "but" in most people's lives—although Miss Drury had been more than liberal to her nephew and forebore to exercise any but a very nominal restraint over his actions, yet she had given him to understand that she meant to exert her authority in one important matter, namely, the question of his marriage.

In due course of time she intended Felix to become master of Woodlands, her beautiful old house, and since his wife would occupy her place as mistress, Miss Drury meant to limit, if not direct, her nephew's choice of a bride.

She did not approve of the modern woman, the up-to-date girl, with her cigarette and her slang, her talk of golf and bridge, her contempt for needlework, and all things pertaining to domesticity. Felix could see in his mind's eye the wife his aunt destined for him—a meek and modest young woman of ultra-refined speech and appearance, and always with a piece of fancy work between her fingers—and he shuddered at the picture. Then he thought, with a sudden tightening of his heart, of Kitty Bellairs, as he had seen her last summer at the house of a brother officer—beautiful, mischievous, high-spirited, a keen tennis player, a brilliant horsewoman, full of life and laughter. She had charmed the young man's heart out of him, and though Felix tried desperately hard to banish her from his memory, absence, in this case, had certainly made the heart grow fonder.

"I daren't tell Aunt Minnie about Kitty," thought the young man despondently. "Of course if she knew her as I do she couldn't help but love her although she isn't quite her style, but I don't see how ever they are to meet, since my little darling knows no one in this neighborhood, and Aunt Min never will come up to town."

In the depths of his heart Felix was genuinely fond of the old lady, who had so generously mothered him all his life, and he was therefore rather disconcerted to find when he reached Woodlands that Miss Drury was very much perturbed and upset about something. Generally his aunt was a very dainty looking little old lady, exquisitely dressed, and the perfection of a hostess. But on this particular afternoon she greeted her nephew in an absent-minded fashion, her cap slightly awry, her cheeks flushed, and her beautiful old hands trembling.

"Why, Aunt Minnie," said the young man anxiously, "what is it?"

to explain to her the arrangements for the evening's dinner.

"I was a little taken aback at first," she said later on to her nephew. "Blair looks so young and so pretty, and so—er—refined, but she seems very capable and fully qualified to send up an excellent dinner."

"Yes," replied Felix, eagerly, "she has had a course of cooking lessons at South Kensington. I believe she is no end of a swell at it."

"Really, my dear boy," said Miss Drury, looking affectionately at her nephew. "I am most touched by the interest you have shown in this domestic difficulty and the trouble you have taken. If only Blair does not falsify our expectations I shall owe you a debt of gratitude."

The dinner proved an immense success, and even Miss Drury had to confess that Parkins could not have done better. As for Sir Gregory, he chuckled with delight and went steadily through the menu from beginning to end.

"Really, my dear Miss Drury," he said when at length he was obliged to desist, "that cook of yours has surpassed herself. I don't know when I have eaten a better dinner; that soufflé was simply a work of art."

Only one contretemps marred the harmony of the evening, and fortunately Miss Drury did not witness this little incident, as it occurred when the ladies had retired to the drawing-room.

Felix was doing the honors of his aunt's table when the sound of a scuffle arrested his attention, and with a hasty excuse to his guests he left the room and rushed into the passage, where he found an ardent young footman trying vainly to embrace a very angry but bewitchingly pretty young woman in a white cap and apron.

"You impudent wretch!" she was saying, "how dare you try and kiss me? Mr. Livingstone, help!"

Felix turned on the man in a perfect fury and dragged him away.

"John," he said, looking as if he could have killed him with pleasure, "leave that lady alone at once and clear out. Here are your wages. Go!"

The man gazed at him, dumb with surprise.

"I beg your pardon, Mr. Felix," he stammered at length, "I meant no harm. I often used to kiss Mrs. Parkins. I didn't know as 'ow Miss Blair would mind."

The cook's angry face relaxed, and she burst into a peal of laughter, in which, after some hesitation, Felix joined.

"Never mind, John," she said, "I'll forgive you this once, only don't try it again. I dare say Mr. Felix will allow you to stay if you behave yourself."

Felix nodded impatiently, and the man fled to the lower regions, but it was some minutes before "Miss Blair" took her place at the servants' hall supper looking rather flushed, or before Felix rejoined the men in the dining-room.

Parkins' illness lasted a week, and throughout that time Miss Blair continued to charm the palates of the inmates of Woodlands. All the same, Miss Drury was rather relieved when the last day of the temporary cook's stay came, for try as she would to disbelieve the evidence of her senses, there was no disguising the fact that Felix was always hanging about the kitchen on some pretext or another. That her nephew could so far forget what was due both to himself and to her, as to even carry on a mild flirtation with a servant, Miss Drury would not allow for a moment. Her horror can therefore be better imagined than described when, on descending to the kitchen the last afternoon for the pur-

## SCOTCHMEN TO THE FRONT

### SOME RECORDS FROM NORTH OF THE TWEED.

Finlayson's Great Works in Finland—Sir John Aird in Egypt.

Tammerfors is about the only town in the whole of the Russian Empire which can bear comparison with a British manufacturing city. It is known as the Manchester of Finland, and is a flourishing place of 50,000 inhabitants. It has the extraordinary privilege of being permitted to import any amount of raw material and machinery free of duty. This right was granted by Alexander II. to the Scotsman Finlayson, who founded the town 28 years ago, and does not expire until the year 1906. The great works, which are the center of the town, still bear Finlayson's name, and so will always commemorate the fact that it owes its

### EXISTENCE TO A SCOT.

A scientific gentleman recently set himself to find what proportion of famous Britishers came from North of the Tweed. He made a list of 3,068 men of genius of the nineteenth century, and found that of these England had produced 1,754, Scotland 445, Ireland 254, and Wales 45. Considering that up to quite recently Ireland's population was considerably larger than that of Scotland, the latter country, relatively to its population, comes a good way first of the four. And at present the distribution of genius does not seem to be altering much, for not only is our Prime Minister a Scotsman, but so are the two best known figures in the Opposition—namely, Lord Rosebery and Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman.

Although Egypt has been for centuries looked on as the granary of the Mediterranean, yet, so far, she has grown all her crops upon only 10,500 square miles of fertile soil. It is a North Briton who has in the past five years added 2,500 square miles of irrigated farm land to the original acreage. In all the history of engineering there never was a finer or pluckier proposal than that which Sir John Aird made to the

### EGYPTIAN OFFICE OF WORKS

in 1896. Knowing how greatly Egypt stood in need of new soil, Sir John and his friends offered to make any kind of a dam which the Egyptian irrigation authorities thought best, and not to ask for a penny until the whole work was completed and handed over to the Government.

The result is two dams, holding back an incalculable quantity of water. The bigger, at Philae, is 75 feet high, and a mile and a quarter long. Some idea of its cost may be formed from the fact that the wages bill alone ran to £1,500 a day. The payment is to be £160,000 a year for thirty years, but, considering that the value of the extra irrigation adds £400,000 a year to the exchequer receipts, this bill can hardly be called extravagant.

Nor is Sir John Aird the only Scotsman who has benefited Egypt. It was a Refrewhire man—Sir Francis Wingate—who so brilliantly finished up the task begun by Kitchener in the Soudan, and who is now Sirdar of

### THAT HUGE DEPENDENCY

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in the world's list of great ships with forty-eight ships, of an aggregate burden of 267,000 tons, was Donald Currie who carried 25,000 men to the Cape within a single year.—Pearson's Weekly.

### SOME CURIOUS LAWS.

Where Marriage Is a Crime and Kissing Illegal.

Last year an officer in a regiment was arrested for attempting to get married, in spite of the fact that he and the bride-elect were eligible for the married state, in London Tit-Bits. As it happened, however, his relatives were opposed to the match, and had recourse to regulation which, although still in vogue, is seldom exercised, which gives the Sovereign and Viceroy power to interfere in therimonial affairs of any officer in a royal regiment. It is, therefore, a crime for an officer thus placed to enter the bonds of matrimony against the wishes of the power that be, and one punishable by dismissal from the army and months' imprisonment; but whether the individual in question was faithful to his vows or not the writer is unaware.

A few months ago a young Englishman was sentenced to a fortnight's imprisonment for kissing his fiancée in the streets of Odessa. It is strictly illegal for lovers to osculate in public south of Russia, and was only after considerable trouble on the part of the British Consul that the too-amorous youth was liberated at the expiration of the days' captivity, and even then his sentence was commuted to a fine.

If you are given to political speculations it would be as well to be careful where you hold your meetings, for there is one spot where such speculations are considered treason, however loyal you may be at heart. It is within the mile radius of Westminster Palace during a parliamentary session, and any one urging Government petition in the name of a cause can be arrested and

### THROWN INTO PRISON.

the reason being that members of the House might be biased in their legislation thereby.

If you take your family with you on a holiday to France you should be very careful how you feed your baby during your sojourn. Your neighbors have made it a punishable offence for any one to give solid food to an infant under a year old, and it has been prescribed by a medical man, and hundreds of people are prosecuted for breaking this law every year, while it is equally illegal for nurses to feed their charges from bottles having a rubber tube attached.

You must be very cautious how you treat your neighbor in Jersey, for he can have you arrested on the slightest pretext, and if he has grudge against you can bring about such a calamity by simply giving a fictional account of your misconduct to the nearest lawyer. The latter will demand a fine, and should you decline to pay it he will cause you to be thrown into prison to await trial. Then, even if you are acquitted on the ground that the charge is unfounded, you have absolutely claim against your persecutor, though you may have suffered a couple of months' imprisonment for nothing. Similarly in Germany you must not insult your neighbor through the telephone, or he will legally claim damages for libel, cause your uncomplimentary remarks may have reached other ears to the detriment of his character.

In a famous Scotch town you can be fined one shilling for throwing orange peel in the streets, or if you happen to be in Chester and omit to raise your hat when a funeral is



In the depths of his heart Felix was genuinely fond of the old lady, who had so generously mothered him all his life, and he was therefore rather disconcerted to find when he reached Woodlands that Miss Drury was very much perturbed and upset about something. Generally his aunt was a very dainty looking little old lady, exquisitely dressed, and the perfection of a hostess. But on this particular afternoon she greeted her nephew in an absent-minded fashion, her cap slightly awry, her cheeks flushed, and her beautiful old hands trembling.

"Why, Aunt Minnie," said the young man anxiously, "whatever is the matter?"

"Oh, my dear Felix," replied the old lady, looking into his handsome face with trembling blue eyes, "I have had such a dreadful upset. Two of the housemaids are down with influenza, and now Perkins, who is quite invaluable, has declared he can hold up no longer, and has gone to bed seriously ill. I fear."

Felix gave a whistle of dismay. Perkins was cook-housekeeper at Woodlands, and the pivot upon which the rest of the household turned. She was an exceptionally good cook, and he knew that his aunt prided herself that her dinners were unsurpassed in the neighborhood.

"I would not have minded had we been alone," continued Miss Drury, "but the house is full of people, and I have a large dinner party to-morrow."

"What a catastrophe!" exclaimed her nephew, sympathetically, who knew how vexed Miss Drury's orderly mind was when any household affair went wrong. "Can't you get a woman from the village to help?"

"Of course I can, but you don't know what these village women are like, my dear Felix: dirty incompetent creatures, and as incapable of sending up a dinner as you are. No, I must just leave Susan, the kitchen-maid, to do her best; but I know I shall be disgraced to-morrow, and I do not mind so much, if my guests don't have the best of everything. And to make matters worse, that greedy old Sir George is coming, and he always says he never dines so well anywhere as here. You don't know of a cook that you can recommend by any chance, do you, Felix?" she asked, desperately.

This wistful appeal touched the young man's heart. As a rule, a suburban home on leave is not the person one would naturally apply to for a cook, but Miss Drury was at her wits' ends. Felix knitted his brows and thought hard for a minute, at the end of which time a brilliant inspiration came to him.

"Look here, Aunt Minnie," he exclaimed suddenly, "don't you worry any more, I'll go straight up to town first thing to-morrow, and I'll find you a cook somehow, and bring her back with me in the afternoon."

Miss Drury looked at her nephew with tears in her eyes. "Felix," she said solemnly, "if you get me out of this difficulty you may ask me for anything in the world."

Felix was as good as his word. He departed for town directly after breakfast next morning, smiling good-humoredly at the chaff of his fellow-guests, and reappeared triumphant in the afternoon proudly escorting the new cook.

"I've brought her, Aunt Min," he announced, rushing excitedly into Miss Drury's boudoir. "She was at the Rawson's last summer, and an uncommonly good cook she is: Blair is her name, it's a great piece of luck that she was disengaged, you know."

Miss Drury went hurriedly downstairs to inspect the new arrival and

continued to charm the palates of the inmates of Woodlands. All the same, Miss Drury was rather relieved when the last day of the temporary cook's stay came, for try as she would to disbelieve the evidence of her senses, there was no disguising the fact that Felix was always hanging about the kitchen on some pretext or another. That her nephew could so far forget what was due both to himself and to her, as to even carry on a mild flirtation with a servant, Miss Drury would not allow for a moment. Her horror can therefore be better imagined than described when, on descending to the kitchen the last afternoon for the purpose of paying Blair her wages, she saw on opening the door, a pretty white-capped head reposing on her nephew's shoulder, while his arm was tenderly clasping an aproned waist.

"Kitty, darling," she heard him say tenderly, "I couldn't let you go away without telling you I loved you. I know I ought not to have done so, for goodness only knows when I shall be able to marry you."

"Do you think Miss Drury will be very angry?" asked the girl.

Miss Drury coughed, and at the ominous sound the guilty couple started apart and looked with dismay at the intruder.

The old lady's face had turned very white, and Felix, cut to the quick by her piteous expression, crossed the room hastily and took her hand. "Don't look so shocked, Aunt Minnie," he said; "this is not a cook really; it is the lady I love—Miss Kitty Bellairs. I met her at the Rawson's last summer and fell in love with her and I knew she could cook beautifully, so when you were in such a fix I asked her to come and help. We—we thought, perhaps, you might take a fancy to her and ask her to stop."

"Are you Archie Bellairs' daughter?" asked Miss Drury, in astonishment.

"Yes," said the girl gently, "he is dead, you know, and I am an orphan and very poor—but I love Felix."

The old lady's eyes grew very wistful and tender as she remembered the far-off days of her youth when poverty had stood between her and the one whom she loved—Archie Bellairs.

She took the girl's hand and smilingly put it into that of her nephew.

"So do I, my dear," she said, "and I am sure you will make him an excellent wife. I shall be exceedingly glad to offer the temporary substitute a permanent place in my household."

STORY OF LORD DUNDONALD.

When Lord Dundonald entered with the mounted troops into Ladysmith, a portion of the garrison went out to welcome the relieving force, and the advance party was under the command of a young officer noted throughout the Household Brigade for his calmness of demeanor. While the relievers and the relieved cheered wildly as they met, this officer rode quietly forward, and, after saluting Lord Dundonald, said, as coolly as though it had been a mere casual greeting in Bond street, London—"Hallo, Dundonald, how are you? Pleased to see you. White is about somewhere." For sheer stoicism this wants some beating.

#### MOTORS IN PARIS.

Nearly 8,000 motor cars are now in use in Paris and the neighborhood, 3,800 of the cars having a registered speed of over eighteen miles an hour. The number of licensed "chauffeurs" at the beginning of the month was 13,600.

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Fully half the naval engineers in the British fleets, both mercantile and naval, come from beyond the Tweed. It was a Scotch engineer—Mr. John Wilson—who performed one of the most extraordinary feats known in the history of engineering. He carried a 550-ton steamer up to a height only 2,000 feet less than the top of Mont Blanc, and there put it together and launched it on a lake.

The steamer was the "Coya," the lake, Titicaca, in Peru. The difficulties of the task were appalling. The various parts of the craft, some—such as the boilers—weighing 15 tons each, had to be landed in an open roadstead, and then carried up on a narrow gauge railway, for the trucks of which they were too large and heavy. There were no workmen to be had when the pieces were at last in position on the lakeshore. Natives had to be hired, and taught riveting.

A slip had to be built on which to put the craft together, and the worst part of it all was that every European employed suffered terribly from "soroteche," or mountain sickness. However, all difficulties were overcome at last, and the boat—170 feet long, and with accommodation for 90 passengers—is now running.

#### 13,000 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL.

The richest man in the world is an American, the second is an Anglo-German, but the third is a Scot, who was born at Dunfermline in 1837. Certainly there is no millionaire at present alive who is better known than Andrew Carnegie, nor any who makes better use of his money. In one year recently the Carnegie Steel Company made an actual profit of \$10,000,000. They dig their ore on Lake Superior, a thousand miles from their works in Pittsburgh; yet, so cheaply and rapidly is the mining and transportation managed through the foresight of Mr. Carnegie, that within 10 days from the time the ore is dug it is finished steel. Steam shovels excavate the ore, filling twenty five-ton trucks in two and a half minutes apiece. The stuff is loaded into ships on the lake at the rate of 1,600 tons an hour. Consequently mining and transportation together cost little over three shillings a ton. Mr. Carnegie also holds the unique record of having given away nearly \$75,000,000 DOLLARS.

It was a couple of Irishmen—Roberts and Kitchener—who humbled the pride of the Boers. But it is very doubtful whether their efforts would have been crowned with success had it not been for a man who was born in Greenock in 1825. It was in 1856 that Donald Currie first established the Castle Line. They were not steamships to begin with, only sailing vessels. More curious still, they did not sail to the Cape, but to Calcutta. The South African Castle Liners first had their existence in 1872. Their largest craft were then under 2,000 tons. To-day the Union Castle Line stands seventh

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In a famous Scotch town you be fined one shilling for throwing auge pool in the streets, or it happen to be in Chester and om raise your hat when a funeral is sing, any policeman who with your disrespect can arrest you, much as you are breaking a re of that ancient city. But even more peculiar law forbids to sell your body to a hospital dissection after death. Some p do so, certainly, but they could punished if discovered, because body legally belongs to your tives and to sell it makes you g of fraud.

#### HER BLESSINGS.

When a man begins to count blessings he can generally find plenty to be thankful for, although sometimes he may include things which might not be regarded by other people as altogether joyous.

"I'm thinking about the wonderful progress the world has made and how much we've got to be thankful for," said Mrs. Matilda rocking in her old stuffed chair, a pair of knitting needles in her hands and a placid smile on her face. "It is wonderful," admitted niece.

"Seems as if everything turned good. There's lightning, now; hadn't been for that I never should have had those fine rods on the house barn that make me feel so safe in a thunder storm. And there's snow; if it hadn't been for that never should have known the joys of vaccination; and if hadn't been near-sighted folks, body would have thought to use magnifying glasses and specs. I dare, there's a sight of things to be thankful for!"

#### GREAT MEN AND FAMILIES.

A careful study of the circumstances of birth and childhood what we considered to be the greatest men of modern times closed the fact—interesting in comparison—that the average great was born in a family of six children, not including half-brothers half-sisters. It was figured—the date that the chances for greatness in a child are two to one in favor of the older half of the family.

#### NOISY FISH.

Many fish can produce musical sounds. The red gurnard has earned the name of sea-cock from the cing noise which it makes, while other species is called the p. Others, notably two species of dium, have sound-producing apparatus, consisting of small, movable bones, which can be made to produce a sharp rattle. The "drumming" made by the Moxanean fish known as the mairg heard from a depth of thirty fathoms.

#### MUSHROOM CAVES.

The annual crop of mushroom France is valued at \$2,000,000 there are sixty wholesale firms Paris dealing exclusively in them the Department of the Seine, it appears, there are some 3,000 caves in which mushrooms are grown, about 300 persons are employed their culture.



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## "LAUGH AND GROW FAT"

**LAUGHTER TREATMENT IN CASES OF BRONCHITIS.**

**Italian Physician Says It is a Sovereign Remedy in Many Cases.**

The latest is the "laughter cure," which has the merit of being rational if nothing else, for from time immemorial the effect of a good hearty laugh has been regarded as a healthy tonic for the melancholic and a restorative for the depressed. Like other cures, the "laughter cure" is not by any means new, but that fact does not deteriorate its therapeutic value, for, after all, what is it? Two thousand years ago Hippocrates, the wise old father of medicine, stated his belief in the value of laughter in counteracting disease. He also tells us that he was a firm believer in the beneficial effect of merriment at meal time, as an aid to digestion.

Another ancient physician recommended a good laugh as a powerful means of "desopilating the spleen," whatever that may mean; while a third writes of laughter as "a mighty stimulant to the liver and a lifter-up of the heart." Coming to more recent times, Foussagrives believed mirth to be the most powerful lever of health, while Tissot claims to have cured scrofulous children by tickling them and making them laugh.

Every one knows the value and necessity of keeping the sick in good spirits and a cheerful frame of mind. Who has not heard of the man suffering from quinsy and the antics of the doctor with a batter pudding, which caused the patient such infinite amusement that he was cured on the spot? A similar story is vouched for by De Montoux, who relates the strange case of a gentleman who got rid of an intermittent fever after witnessing a performance of "Le Mariage de Figaro," at which he had fairly roared with laughter. The old proverb, "Laugh and grow fat," had doubtless some foundation in fact.

### USED TO CURE BRONCHITIS.

The latest advocate of the "laughter cure" is a well-known Italian physician, who a short time ago brought the subject before the Medico-Chirurgical society of Bologna, and related his experiences of the remedy. The doctor stated that he had used the laughter treatment in five cases of bronchitis and other affections in which there was "a morbid product in the bronchial tubes."

He based his experiments on the fact that laughter is manifested chiefly in certain convulsive and partly involuntary actions of the muscles of respiration, by means of which the air being expelled from the chest in a series of jerks produces a succession of short abrupt sounds. He therefore contended that a good laugh helped the expulsion of the secretion of the bronchial tubes, and produced a state of physical and moral well-being.

He admitted that there might be sometimes a difficulty in applying the treatment, as susceptibility to cachinnation varied according to age, temperament, education, and social position. The practitioner must therefore always bear in mind these varied conditions in selecting the kind of joke suited to the patient he is about to treat. For instance, the story likely to tickle the aristocratic ear of a society dame would scarcely be calculated to induce mirth in a lady holding advanced views on women's rights.

**APPLYING REMEDY.** The question of how often to apply

## A WONDER THEY'RE ALIVE

**HAIR-BREADTH ESCAPES OF SOME CHILDREN.**

**The Many Experiences Through Which They Go With Impunity.**

It has been a long standing marvel that children get a chance to grow up. Nearly any man can think back a moment over his childhood and then wonder that he ever lived through it. And when he thinks that his own child is going through exactly the same occurrences he feels like getting the clothes line and tying him up firmly and keeping him in bondage until at least his 15th year.

Some special Providence, however, seems to be given authority to keep track of Willie and Annie and see that they come out without serious injury, in spite of hair-breadth escapes.

This special Providence had to work overtime the other day to save Willie Hubert, the 5-year-old son of a dairyman living five miles from St. Paul. In this case the providence took the shape of Willie's mother with a butcher knife.

Willie was playing highwayman, an especially enticing game to youngsters of imagination and romantic tendencies. Willie was the bandit, which was the post of glory and honor. He was expected to hold up the stage coach, take all the gold watches from the passengers, and then by a daring ride escape the sheriff's posse and make off hurling taunts at his pursuers. When played that way it is great game.

### VERY EXCITING.

But the chase of the youthful officials after the youthful bandit was longer and more severe than had been counted on. The zealous officials persisted until they had captured the highwayman. Then the crowning feature of the game was enacted. Willie was tried by lynch law and found guilty of highway robbery. His sentence was death, to be hanged by the neck until he was dead. That is what the judge said, and the youngsters nearly did it.

With due solemnity the young bandit, nervy and game to the last, was taken into a barn. A noose was slipped over his head, and the other end of the rope hung over a beam. Then he was strung up and tied.

Having done their duty the officials took a last look at their victim — and went away and left him. One, however, thought that the family of the dead bandit was entitled to some consideration even if he was a bandit. This kind-hearted deputy sheriff went to the bandit's home and told his mother that her son had been caught in the act of robbing a stage coach, and that his lifeless body was now swinging from one of the beams in the barn.

With a cry of terror Willie's mother grabbed a knife and ran to the barn. The deputy sheriff had told nearly the truth. There was not enough life in Willie to give his mother much encouragement after she had cut him down. He was unconscious, and several physicians worked over him for some time before he recovered.

Willie now is the hero of the neighborhood, but the deputy sheriffs do not dare to go within a half mile of his home. If Willie's mother could catch one of the deputy sheriffs she probably would flay him alive.

### CAT SAVED BOY FROM DOG.

That class of accidents frequently threatens the existence of the small boy, and the boy's parents can't do much more than pray that his com-

## TOLD BY OLD CIRCUS MAN

**WHEN THE SHOW WAS IN WINTER QUARTERS.**

**The Giant Was a Great Skater, But Got on the Ice Too Early.**

"He was a great skater, the greatest of all giants," said the old circus man, "and one of the things that pleased him most about our winter quarters was the fact that there was, nearby, a good skating pond."

"The giant's skates, to be sure, were a little bit bigger than the ordinary. As a matter of fact the blades were about as long as scythe blades, and the straps—that was, you know, before the days of the present clamp skates—were about as big and about as long as trunk straps."

"We had settled cold weather pretty early there — we were likely to have skating by Thanksgiving, but every year, weeks before that, that giant would have his great skates out. He was a little too prompt in getting them out sometimes, as he was, for instance, the first year we stayed in these quarters."

"That year the giant got out his skates and went down to the pond and dashed out on the thin ice as fine as could be till he came to a spot over what everybody called the deep hole and then down he went. It was as if, by jimmies, he'd just skated out to do that, and he was through the ice and going down almost before anybody knew it, and then the few folks around on the banks began to holler and scream because they expected in a minute to see him disappear entirely, drawn

### UNDER THE ICE TO DROWN.

"But in a minute, by gracious, he stopped going down, and then they saw him standing there in the middle of the pond, in the deep hole, with his feet apparently, firmly fixed on the ground, while the water and ice didn't come up much more than about to his chest."

"Well, that gave all the people around there, for the first time, you know, some sort of an adequate idea of the giant's size. They had known before, of course, well enough, that he was something more than wonderful, but when they saw him standing with his head and shoulders clear above the surface in that danger spot where every year, pretty much, for as long as anybody could remember, somebody had been drowned, why, then they began to realize how tall he really was."

"And I don't know but what in his skating, natural as it all was, he made about as tremendous a figure as he did in anything else he did. If you could have seen him, towering high up in the air, high above everybody there, as much higher as a schooner would be than a great throng of catboats, and he leaning over this way and that, in the same way as he skated, you would have thought he was something amazing. I am sure."

"As I have often told you, the giant was a good-humored man, of friendly disposition and he didn't become any less so, by any means here. On the contrary, he took part in all the games and sports on the ice, and

### ENJOYED THEM ALL, TOO.

"He played hockey with a hockey stick as long as a telegraph pole and as big around as a tree, and when he played he took one side all alone, and played against as many as wanted to play on the other."

"If he set out to tow a bunch of people he wouldn't have just half a dozen, or a dozen, tagging after him, but he would have two or three hundred folks, grown-ups as well as children. And so he would set off

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### APPLYING REMEDY.

The question of sex also needs due consideration. Women are said (by men) to be generally deficient in the sense of humor, though curiously enough they do not know it. Therefore, the method of applying the remedy to the fair sex also requires judicious and profound thought.

Care must also be taken lest the remedy be too severe, as in a case related by Rankin, in which a young lady was once induced to laugh immoderately and continued laughing for four months. In the end she was cured by hypnotic suggestion, which one would think must have proved a relief to her friends.

The question of race is another factor to take into account, for it is well known that some races—notably the Latin—require something more highly seasoned in the way of jokes to cause mirth than the more stolid and phlegmatic Anglo-Saxon. In the case of the Scots, who, judging by their capacity for absorbing jokish matter, according to tradition are credited with an abnormal development of the cranium, the services of a surgeon may be necessary in conjunction with the ordinary practitioner when the laughter cure is applied, as this race is stated to be immune against the jape or jest without the former's aid.

### WON'T CURE ALL DISEASES.

Again, the choice of a fit and suitable person to administer the cure is a matter for serious consideration as it is obviously a matter in which high scientific attainments and clinical experience do not count. In some cases it will probably be found that an ordinary person may prove more successful than the most learned medico.

The Italian exponent of the "laughter cure" warns would-be practitioners that the treatment is not suitable for all diseases, and that it should not be tried on patients suffering from heart affections, pleurisy, and peritonitis. On the other hand, in diest complaints, such as bronchitis, in nephritis, scurvy, neurosis, abscess in the pharynx, colic, kaundice, melan- cholia, and general depression, favorable results generally follow a course of the treatment. He claims that it promotes respiration and may supervene with a wholesale revulsive action after a state of fear, during which there has been deficient respiratory movement, together with a tendency to vaso-constriction.

Thus we may yet hear of a course of "Mr. Boggs and Archie," or a ticking under the fifth rib being prescribed by physicians who have been converted to a belief in the use and value of the "laughter cure."

### INCREASE OF TWINS.

The number of twins and triplets born in Berlin has steadily risen since 1825. Out of nearly 2,000,000 children born within that period twins were born 22,441 times, triplets 229, and quadruplets three times. During the same period in London twins were born 14,000 times, triplets 75 times, and quadruplets twice.

barn. The deputy sheriff had told nearly the truth. There was not enough life in Willie to give his mother much encouragement after she had cut him down. He was unconscious, and several physicians worked over him for some time before he recovered.

Willie now is the hero of the neighborhood, but the deputy sheriffs do not dare to go within a half mile of his home. If Willie's mother could catch one of the deputy sheriffs she probably would flay him alive.

### CAT SANED BOY FROM DOG.

That class of accidents frequently threatens the existence of the small boy, and the boy's parents can't do much more than pray that his companions won't kill him, that he won't get drowned in swimming, and that he won't fall out of the apple tree and break his neck. Those things are to be expected and prayed against.

Several of the opportunities which Willie has to get into trouble are offered by dogs which object to having their tails pulled. Here is one case where the boy escaped this danger and Providence took an unusual form. The 7-year-old son of Mrs. George Lempher of Plattsmouth, Mo., had been sent on an errand, and while doing it he was attacked by a vicious dog. He was entirely unable to protect himself and undoubtedly would have been killed if a big family cat had not come to his rescue. She jumped on the dog's back and in three seconds had made it so warm for him with her teeth and claws that the dog was howling with pain and making a straight line for shelter. The little boy and the cat then took to the house, where the child's wounds were dressed.

### IT'S A SURE CURE.

"Yes," he said, "I gave up smoking nearly a year ago, and haven't even taken a single puff since."

"It must be a great struggle for a man who has been in the habit of smoking a good deal," said the man who never had tried to stop, but was always promising himself that some day he would.

"I had smoked for twenty years," said the man who had given it up.

"Yes, I know it," returned the man who had never tried. "That's what surprises me in your case. It must have required a good deal of nerve and self-control."

"Not at all! Not at all! Merely judgment!"

"Judgment?"

"Precisely. It's very simple when you know how."

"Why, I've always understood that a man went through all kinds of torture and only hung to his determination by the very greatest exhibition of will power."

"When he doesn't understand or grasp the proper method, yes," said the man; "but if he exercises a little judgment it is the easiest thing in the world. Now, I didn't go off by myself and make a solemn vow that I never would smoke again, and then stop right off short."

"Limited yourself, I suppose, and graded down?"

"Not a bit of it. That's where all the struggle and the fight comes in. I didn't undertake to put any limit on my smoking, but a judge gave a judgment against me and sentenced me to nine months."

### WHEN WE BREATHE LEAST.

Some observations brought by Mr. Arthur MacDonald have brought to light this interesting fact, that persons breathe less when they are concentrating their minds on study or work, and also when under the influence of depressing emotion. On the other hand, we breathe more when exhilarated by pleasure and amusements.

I am sure.

"As I have often told you, the giant was a good-humored man, of friendly disposition and he didn't become any less so, by any means here. On the contrary, he took part in all the games and sports on the ice, and

### ENJOYED THEM ALL, TOO.

"He played hockey with a hockey stick as long as a telegraph pole and as big around as a tree, and when he played he took one side all alone, and played against as many as wanted to play on the other."

"If he set out to tow a bunch of people he wouldn't have just half a dozen, or a dozen, tagging after him, but he would have two or three hundred folks, grown-ups as well as children. And so he would set off around the pond with a train of people after him as long as the tail of a comet."

"Later, the great giant took some part in the life of the town, where he was received with most friendly kindness and generally esteemed. But no role in which the giant ever appeared in all the time he was there pleased more people or pleased them more than did his gyrations on the ice, and I have no doubt that no inconsiderable share of the friendliness always exhibited to him later was first awakened by his own perfect friendliness shown to young and old alike in that early informal association on the skating pond."

### TWO WAYS OF LOOKING AT IT.

A steam shovel had attracted a large number of spectators, including two Irishmen, who, judging by their appearance, were both temporarily out of employment.

As the big shovel at one lick scooped up half a ton of dirt and dumped it on a cart, one of the Irishmen remarked:

"What a shame to think of them digging up dirt in that way!"

"What do you mean?" asked his companion.

"Well," said the other, "that machine is taking the bread out of the mouths of hundreds of laborers who could do the work with their picks and shovels."

"Right you are, Barney," said the other fellow.

Just then a man who had been looking on and who had overheard the conversation remarked:

"See here, you fellows, if that digging would give work to a hundred men with shovels and picks, why not get a thousand men and give them teaspoons to do the job?"

The Irishmen, with the quick wit of their race, saw the force of the remark and the humor of the situation. They joined heartily in the laugh that followed, and one of them added:

"You're right, mate! The machine's the thing after all."

### COSTLY HANDKERCHIEF.

The most valuable handkerchief in the world belongs to Queen Margherita of Italy. It is made of the purest old Venetian lace, and it is in perfect condition in spite of the fact that it was made in the fifteenth century. It is probably worth \$10,000 or \$15,000.

### SOCIETY CATS.

Trained cats are the latest fad of French society women. Fashion decrees that the animal must be "educated" entirely by its owner, and several of the best known women in Parisian society are giving an hour a day to training their pets.

### A TOWN WITHOUT POLICE.

Berkley, a "delightful flower-bedded town" in California of 20,000 inhabitants, does not possess a solitary policeman, and has no need of one. No alcoholic drinks whatever may be sold within a mile of the outside limits of the town.



## Asthma

"One of my daughters had a terrible case of asthma. We tried almost everything, but without relief. We then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and three and one-half bottles cured her."—Emma Jane Entsminger, Langsville, O.

**Ayer's Cherry Pectoral** certainly cures many cases of asthma.

And it cures bronchitis, hoarseness, weak lungs, whooping-cough, croup, winter coughs, night coughs, and hard colds.

Three sizes: 25c., enough for an ordinary case; just right for bronchitis, hoarseness, hard colds, etc.; \$1. most economical for chronic cases and to keep on hand.  
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

## The Napanee Express

SPECULATION is rife as to what the decision of the Judges will be in the Lennox contest trial.

THE exhibition referendum is now the next item of interest to our citizens while the municipal election is on.

WHEN asked whether he would be a candidate for another term in the Municipality Mayor Rutan replied, "It depends you are after."

THREE women with more than ordinary means for week day use and one for Sunday have to pay a tax. There was a large sized howl if anything of that nature was tried in Canada.

DR. McLean's idea that the poor people should be got into the fine houses and made to feel at home seems to be a proposition almost as hard to handle as the doing away with the property tax.

THE Conservatives, in talking so much of the cost of Sir Richard Cartwright's election in Lennox, forget that he ran as a Conservative that time. The election is therefore not won by the Liberal party.

ANOTHER inquiry concerning the building of a cannery factory at Napanee is before the town council. The question naturally arises. Will it materialize or will it just drop out of sight like the other propositions.

IT is very seldom that anyone holds a position, such as a taxable position, is allowed to proceed with the work of collecting before he has given any bonds, but it is not in Napanee this fall. The tax collector has been in possession of the office for some little time, but up to now he has not turned up no money. The law requires he shall do so. It is the proper way for our citizens to do business? What

## THE HORSE MARKETS.

The following is a synopsis of an address delivered by Dr. J. Hugo Reed, one of the expert judges employed by the Agricultural Department at the recent Charlottetown Fair.

If a man is breeding for the market he should find out what the market demands and then make up his mind as to what style of the horses in demand he can produce at most profit to himself. The best selling horses to-day are Heavy Draughts, Carriage Horses and Saddle Horses.

### HEAVY DRAUGHTS.

Prince Edward Island is certainly in a position to produce good heavy horses. The Clydes are a good breed and seem to be in most demand. The stallions at present owned on the Island when mated to good mares will certainly produce colts that will sell well. A reasonably heavy mare of good conformation is required. There were instances on the grounds where Clyde Stallions had been bred to light mares of Standard Bred blood. The progeny were non-descripts of no particular use, and this is the general result of such violent crossing.

### CARRIAGE HORSES.

The distinction between Carriage Horses and Roadsters is evidently not well understood by exhibition managers or people in the Maritime Provinces. These are two distinct types of horses, and should not be judged in the same class. There should be provision at least for a single roadster in harness and a matched pair.

The distinction between Roadsters and Carriage horses is not a matter of size, or of breeding. The road horse is valuable for his performance in getting over the road; the carriage horse for his attractiveness, his style and action, in addition to his road qualities. The carriage horse in demand to-day must have action, high action, folding his knees and hocks well, and he must do this no matter whether going five miles an hour or fifteen. He must hold up his head without the aid of a check and always look proud. In sizes he may vary from 15 2 hands to 15 hands or even slightly over. As a general rule the carriage horse should have more substance than the Roadster, be more horizontal in the crop, and above all must have a proud head. The road horse with low action and perhaps low head may go faster and farther and last longer than the carriage horse, but he is not so much in demand. In the large markets, Chicago, New York, Detroit and even Toronto the carriage horse may sell for from \$600 up, while the road horse will bring from \$150 up.

### BREEDING CARRIAGE HORSES.

Standard Bred owners claim that their stallions will get good carriage horses. This is true to some extent but the percentage is very small. The surest way to get carriage horses is to use a stallion with the desired action. He is best got in the Hackney or one of the Coaching breeds. Personally I prefer the English Hackney. The dam must of course be carefully selected. To mate well with the stallions above mentioned she must have more or less warm blood. She should have been sired by a Standard Bred or a Thoroughbred stallion. This is necessary because the Hackney and Coaching breeds have not a long continued purity of breeding and so have not that prepotency which the Thoroughbred stallion, for instance has. They cannot therefore like the Thoroughbred

## THE CENTRAL CANADA

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

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**3 1/2 Per Cent. Paid on Deposits.**

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Write for further particulars to

G. A. MORROW, Assistant Manager.

English Thoroughbred racing horse or his pure bred descendant. The word cannot be applied to a Clyde or a Hackney, nor a bull, a ram or a boar. Such animals may be pure bred, but never thoroughbred. The Thoroughbred stallion from his purity of breeding can give better results than other stallions, with rough and cold blooded mares, and will often get good

Germany is determined to secure ment of claims against Venezuela.

Municipal nominations took place 1 day throughout Manitoba.

The C. P. R. has decided to refuse ment of cattle for Halifax or St. from Ontario.

The French and German command have refused to evacuate Shanghai by February.

## A GOOD PLACE

Games,  
Toys,  
Sleighs,  
Ping Pong,  
Dolls,  
Doll Cabs,  
Cradles,  
Toy Books.

Noti  
Jard  
Vase  
Phot  
Souv  
Fam  
Shav  
Fanc



It is very seldom that anyone holding a responsible position, such as collector of taxes, is allowed to proceed with the work of collecting because he has given any bonds, but it was done in Napanee this fall. The town collector has been in possession of the roll for some little time, but up on Monday night he had furnished no specimens as the law requires he shall. I think the proper way for our citizens to do business? What think you?

It is reported that Turkish troops have massacred hundreds of Macedonians. Thirteen persons were killed and many injured by an explosion in the Swift Company's plant at Chicago. The 8th Highland levies, part of the force fighting against Mad Mullah, are said to be cowardly and untrustworthy. The "We detect Times (Conservative)" is being read by The Express (Independent).

# IMMENSE OPPORTUNITY.

For Getting a Beautiful Watch and Chain Free.—No Money Required. Every Man, Woman, Boy, or Girl has the same opportunity under our System.

Do you want to have Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills placed in the hands of all persons suffering from bad health we make the following most liberal offer:— If you will send us your name and address, we agree to sell for us twelve boxes of Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills at 25c. per box. We will give you absolutely Free a beautiful Watch and Chain in either Ladies or Gents size, or your choice of twenty other premiums such as fine sets of Jewelry, Rings, Violins, Mandolins, Tea Sets, Sateen Skirts, Corsets, etc. Remember we don't want any money until after you sell the Pills and can don't have to sell any more than 12 boxes to get the premiums. This is a bona fide offer from a reliable concern that has given thousands of dollars worth of premiums to agents all over the country. Remember also that Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills are a well known remedy for all diseases of the kidney and bladder, Bright's disease, diabetes, rheumatism, nervous troubles, and female complaints, and are for sale by all first class druggists and dealers in medicines in all parts of the world. You have only to show them to sell them. You are not offering something that the people don't know. Our watches are the regular standard size for Ladies or Gentlemen in Nickel or Gun Metal Cases with handsome illuminated dials and time keepers, watches such as no lady or gentleman need be ashamed to carry, and they will be sent absolutely Free to all who sell only twelve boxes of those wonderful Toxin Pills. Write at once and be the first in your locality to earn one of these beautiful watches and chain. As soon as we receive your letter or post card we will send you post paid twelve boxes, together with our Illustrated Catalogue and beautifully colored card with your name and address on as our authorized agent. Bear in mind that you will not be asked to sell any more than the 12 boxes and we don't want any money until after you have sold them. We bear all the expense and are only making this liberal offer as a method of advertising Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills. Don't delay, write at once and earn a beautiful present for yourself for Christmas. Address

ARNOLD MEDICINE CO.,  
Dept. C 8  
50 Adelaide St. East, Toronto, Ont.

of the Coaching breeds. Personally I prefer the English Hackney. The dam must of course be carefully selected. To mate well with the stallions above mentioned she must have more or less warm blood. She should have been sired by a Standard Bred or a Thoroughbred stallion. This is necessary because the Hackney and Coaching breeds have not a long continued purity of breeding and so have not that prepotency which the Thoroughbred stallion, for instance has. They cannot therefore like the Thoroughbred impress their individuality upon colts from mares of coarse type and cold blood. Kilnwick Fireaway, the Hackney you have here should be able, if intelligently mated, to produce a good type of carriage horses. To get carriage horses by the use of a Thoroughbred sire, you must have mares of high action, for the Thoroughbred's natural gait is a gallop or run; he has long low action. He is however the purest blooded animal in the world. Referring to the term "Thoroughbred" the word is much abused. It can only be correctly applied to the

# RUTS

The walking sick, what a crowd of them there are: Persons who are thin and weak but not sick enough to go to bed.

"Chronic cases" that's what the doctors call them, which in common English means—long sickness.

To stop the continued loss of flesh they need Scott's Emulsion. For the feeling of weakness they need Scott's Emulsion.

It makes new flesh and gives new life to the weak system.

Scott's Emulsion gets thin and weak persons out of the rut. It makes new, rich blood, strengthens the nerves and gives appetite for ordinary food.

Scott's Emulsion can be taken as long as sickness lasts and do good all the time.

There's new strength and flesh in every dose.



We will be glad to send you a few doses free. Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto, Ontario. 50c. and \$1; all druggists.

- Games,
- Toys,
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- Ping Pong,
- Dolls,
- Doll Cabs,
- Cradles,
- Toy Books,
- Annuals,

We have the largest stock of in the district. We are sure we something to please you.

# POLLARD'S BO

saddle horses that way. It is the influence of Thoroughbred blood that has produced the Standard bred trotter of to-day. It is his Thoroughbred ancestry which gives him his courage and endurance.

**SADDLE HORSES.** As above indicated saddlers can best be got by the use of a Thoroughbred stallion. Mares of strong conformation should be chosen. Strength of loin and quarter is an all-important necessity in a saddler. A good general purpose mare can be used and will give saddle horses for heavy weight riding more surely than mares of finer breeding. Good saddlers are perhaps the most difficult horses to-day to buy and they will bring as good prices as the carriage horse.

**GENERAL PRINCIPLES.** Whatever line of breeding a man may follow he must have a definite object and know what he is doing. There are now on the Island a good many mares that would mate well with the Thoroughbred and Hackney or Coaching Stallions. I would not use a coarse or cold blooded mare but would endeavor to get one with Standard bred or other warm blood. As a general rule a good driving mare will cross well with a Hackney. If Government inspection of horses, such as is carried on in Quebec, could be carried out free from political intrigue it would be a good thing in any country. The horse men, have, however, the whole question in their own hands; the scrub stallion only exists because he is patronized. If breeders demand purebred stallions the scrub will have to go out of business. Some farmers seem to think that because they have not got a choice mare that it is not worth while to pay from \$10 to \$15 fee for a good stallion, but they take a scrub at from \$4 to \$8. This is a great mistake; if a mare is worth breeding at all, she is worth breeding to the best stallion procurable. The great need of the horse business is more intelligence and enterprise among the horse men rather than Government regulations.

# A GUARANTEED CURE For All Forms of Kidney Disease

I, the undersigned Druggist, am prepared to give the following guarantee: every 50 cent bottle of Dr. Pettingill's Kidney Wort Tablets, the only remedy in the world that positively cures troubles arising from weak or diseased kidneys:— "Money cheerfully returned if the sufferer is not relieved and improved after one bottle. Three to six bottles effect astonishing and permanent cures. If relieved and cured, you waste no money. Thomas B. Wallace, Druggist, Napa, Ont.

Mr. Thomas Howarth, private banker of Oakville, committed suicide by shoot

November, 1902, was the warmest month recorded by the Meteorological office since the records begun in 1830.

General Dewet, in his story of the Boer makes charges against British forces of treatment of women and children. declares the Boers lost because many false to their colors.

The past season has been the most successful one ever experienced in Canada the manufacture and export of butter cheese. Cheese exports during the season just closed showed a total increase of 308,432 boxes over those for 1901, and a total increase of 22,353 boxes over that for 1900, while butter shipments showed an increase of 124,058 packages over that for 1901, and an increase of 278,388 packages over the season 1900.

The disbursements to the factories cheese were also largely in advance of previous year, cheese being constantly or two cents higher than the previous year. Butter makers were not relatively fortunate, the price of butter being low during most of the season than it was 1901. As the exports are larger, however, the total disbursements to factories will probably amount to about as much as year.

Convinced by Printed Testimony the hundreds of the cured, Mrs. Ben: 418 E. 8th street, New York, who was years a great sufferer from Catarrh, tried two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cat Powder and it effected an absolute cure in a very short while. One puff through blower will clear the head and stop E ache. 50 cents.—113

CANADA

GS CO'Y,  
O.

ECTORS :

Senator.  
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nts :  
erial Life Assce. Co, Toronto.  
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The Wm. Davies Company,  
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all & Son., Peterborough.  
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ay-Harris Company Toronto,  
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ria University, Toronto.  
avings and Loan Company,

y Massey-Harris Company,

Deposits.

n Debentures.

to  
Assistant Manager.

nany is determined to secure pay-  
of claims against Venezuela.

loipal mominations took place Tues  
roughout Manitoba.

C. P. R. has decided to refuse ship-  
of cattle for Halifax or St. John  
Ontario.

French and German commanders  
fused to evacuate Shanghai before  
ry,

TOWN COUNCIL.

{ Council Chamber,  
Dec. 1st, 1902.

Council met in regular session on  
Monday evening, Mayor Ruttan pre-  
siding.

Members present—Lapum, Carson,  
Waller, Williams and Madole.  
The minutes of the former meeting  
were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from Mr.  
John G. Puge, of Apalachicola, Florida  
in reference to establishing a canning  
factory at Napanee. The communi-  
cation had been addressed to Mayor  
Ruttan and he had answered the same  
asking that a representative be sent to  
look the ground over. The tone of the  
communication was business like and  
did not ask for any bonus, except what  
the town was willing to offer, in the  
shape of a site. The above named  
gentleman has the necessary capital  
for carrying on a canning factory  
industry, and in fact already conducts  
a couple in the United States. He had  
made enquiries concerning the estab-  
lishment of a canning factory in  
Canada and felt satisfied that Napanee  
was the proper place to locate. He  
also made extensive enquiries concern-  
ing the amount of fruit and vegetables  
grown in the neighboring vicinity,  
together with the cost of building  
material, and in fact everything per-  
taining to the erection of and carrying  
on of a successful business. He recom-  
mended a prominent gentleman in  
Toronto, a personal friend of his, to  
the council if they wished to make  
any inquiries.

A communication was read from  
Northrup & Roberts, barristers, etc.,  
of Belleville, concerning the proposed  
sale for taxes of lot No. 16, south side  
of Water Street, known as the old soap  
factory. There are three years back  
taxes due on this property. North-  
rup & Roberts have paid the last two  
year's taxes, but will not acknowledge  
the third year's back taxes, as they  
claim there were goods and chattels on  
the premises at the time sufficient to  
secure the taxes, and the collector  
should have collected them. If the  
town persisted in selling said property  
they would be compelled to take such  
action as would be necessary to prevent  
the sale. Referred to Finance Com-  
mittee to report.

A communication was read from W.  
C. Scott, special agent of the Bell  
Telephone Co., claiming that an in-  
justice had been done the said com-  
pany concerning the assessment of

County of Lennox and Addington

Treasurer's Adjourned Sale of Lands For Taxes.

COUNTY OF  
LENNOX & ADDINGTON,  
TO WIT :

1902, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands mentioned in the fol-  
lowing list for arrears of taxes due thereon and the costs as therein set forth.

I hereby give notice that unless the said arrears and costs are sooner paid I  
shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the  
taxes and costs, at the Court House in the town of Napanee, by Public Auction on  
TUESDAY, THE (SIXTEENTH) 16th DAY OF DECEMBER (AND THE FOLLOW-  
ING DAYS IF NECESSARY) in the present year, 1902, beginning at the hour of ten  
o'clock in the forenoon, in compliance with the provisions of the Assessment Act

The Treasurer may adjourn sale if necessary by giving public notice.  
The public will please remember that this is a Strictly Cash Sale. Private  
cheques will not be taken in settlement of purchase unless accepted by the bank on  
which they are drawn.

TOWNSHIP OF KALADAR.

East 1/2 Lot No. 24....	5	50	3 years or over.	\$22 25	\$ 8 63	\$25 88	Patented.
South 1/2 Lot No. 10....	7	100	.. ..	10 10	3 33	13 43	..
West 1/2 Lot No. 1....	10	100	.. ..	33 37	3 31	37 25	..
Lot No. 6 .....	11	200	.. ..	31 25	3 36	35 09	Only W. Pt. Patented.

TOWNSHIP OF ANGLESEA.

Lot No. 42 .....	1 r s	100	3 years or over.	\$ 7 90	\$ 3 28	\$11 18	Patented.
Lot No. 18 .....	1 r s	100	.. ..	6 13	3 25	9 38	..
Lot No. 8 .....	12	100	.. ..	6 07	3 25	9 32	..
Lot No. 8 .....	13	100	.. ..	10 94	3 35	14 29	..

TOWNSHIP OF EFFINGHAM.

Lot No. 3 .....	5	100	3 years or over.	\$10 21	\$ 3 33	\$13 54	Patented.
Lot No. 4 .....	5	100	.. ..	10 21	3 33	13 54	Not patented
Lot No. 4 .....	6	100	.. ..	6 22	3 25	9 47	..

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

North 1/2 Lot No. 29....	2	100	3 years or over.	\$12 53	\$ 3 54	\$16 07	Not patented
Lot No. 26 .....	7	200	.. ..	12 17	3 39	15 56	..
Lot No. 22 .....	9	200	.. ..	8 60	3 29	11 89	..
East 1/2 Lot No. 17....	10	100	.. ..	3 80	3 25	7 05	..
South 1/2 Lot No. 10....	11	100	.. ..	9 05	3 30	12 35	Patented.
Lot No. 11 .....	12	200	.. ..	12 02	3 38	15 40	Not patented
Lot No. 12 .....	12	200	.. ..	12 02	3 38	15 40	..
Lot No. 13 .....	12	200	.. ..	12 02	3 38	15 40	..
Lot No. 20 .....	16	125	.. ..	3 75	3 25	7 00	..

VILLAGE OF TAMWORTH.

Lot No. 5....block 9	1/5	3 years or over.	\$ 7 88	\$ 3 28	\$11 16	Patented.
Lot No. 1....block 1	1/4	.. ..	9 02	3 30	12 32	..
Lot No. 2....block 1	1/4	.. ..	9 02	3 30	12 32	..

IRVINE PARKS.

County Treasurer's Office,  
Napanee, November 4th, 1902.  
First published in THE NAPANEE EXPRESS, at Napanee, in the County of Lennox  
and Addington, on July 25th, 1902.

PATENTS  
PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, En-  
gineers and others who realize the advisability of  
having their Patent business transacted by Ex-  
perts. Preliminary advice free. Charges mode-  
rate. Our Inventors' Help, 125 pages, sent upon  
request. Marion & Marion, New York Life Bldg.  
Montreal; and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

WANTED!  
A Good Representative

To sell Fruit Trees,

Ornamental Trees, etc., in Napanee and  
near by districts. Terms liberal, on salary  
or commission basis. We have under cul-  
tivation over 600 acres and have the best  
and most complete list of nursery stock in  
Canada to-day. Our stock is guaranteed  
free from disease, to be delivered in good  
condition, true to name, or purchase money  
refunded. Our representative will have  
exclusive territory. Apply now.

PELHAM NURSERY CO.,

39-3-m Toronto, Ont.

ment of members (2) that the account

Albert College, Belleville,  
ONT.

302 students enrolled last year—172 young  
ladies and 130 young men. New Pipe-organ  
Domestic Science Rooms and Art Gallery re-  
cently added. Extensive improvements now in  
progress. Two Matriculation Scholarships  
value \$50 and \$30, won in 1901. Nearly 40  
candidates were successful at the local exams  
of the Toronto Conservatory of music including  
Piano, Pipe organ, Vocal, Violin, and Harmony.  
New Commercial Hall one of the finest in  
Ontario.  
Social attention given to Physical Culture  
in the College Gymnasium. Large Athletic  
Grounds. Buildings heated by steam and light-  
ed throughout by 250 electric lights. Will  
re-open Tu. day, Sept. 9, 1902. For illustrated  
circulars, address,

PRINCIPAL DYER, D. D.

HERRINGTON & WARNER  
Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES

Office—Warner Block, East-st, Napanee. 5y

DEROCHE & MADIEN  
Barristers,

Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Com-  
veyancers, Notaries Public, etc.

Office—Grange block.

Money to Loan at "lower than the lowest" rate  
H. M. DEROCHÉ, Q. C. 5-ly J. H. MADDEN

T. B. GERMAN,

PLACE TO BUY

Notions,  
Jardinieres,  
Vases,  
Photo Frames,  
Souvenirs,  
Fancy Mirrors,  
Shaving Glasses,  
Fancy China Ware,

Notions,  
Jardinieres,  
Vases,  
Photo Frames,  
Souvenirs,  
Fancy Mirrors,  
Shaving Glasses,  
Fancy China Ware,  
Gift Books, Etc.

largest stock of Xmas Goods  
we are sure we can show you  
you.

\*\*\*\*\*

## RD'S BOOKSTORE.

### GUARANTEED CURE Forms of Kidney Disease

Undersigned Druggist, am fully  
give the following guarantee with  
at bottle of Dr. Pettigill's Kid-  
nephritis, the only remedy in the  
that positively cures all  
suffering from weak or diseased kid-

neerfully returned if the suffer-  
ing is not improved after use of  
Three to six bottles effect  
and permanent cures. If not  
cured, you waste no money.  
B. Wallace, Druggist, Napanee,  
51d

nas Howarth, private banker,  
committed suicide by shooting  
in 1902, was the warmest Nov-  
ember of the Meteorological Of-  
fice records begun in 1830.

Dewet, in his story of the war,  
tells of the British forces of ill-  
fortune and children, and  
of the Boers lost because many were  
in colors.

Season has been the most suc-  
cessful ever experienced in Canada in  
the culture and export of butter and  
cheese exports during the season  
showed a total increase of  
over those for 1901, and a  
total of 22,353 boxes over those  
hitherto shipments showed  
of 124,058 packages over those  
of an increase of 278,388 pack-  
ages season 1900.

Arrangements to the factories for  
also largely in advance of any  
year, cheese being constantly one  
higher than the previous year  
makers were not relatively so  
the price of butter being lower  
of the season than it was in  
the exports are larger, however,  
arrangements to factories would  
amount to about as much as last

ed by Printed Testimony of  
of the cured, Mrs. Benz, of  
street, New York, who was for  
at sufferer from Catarrah, pro-  
prietor of Dr. Agnew's Catarrah  
it effected an absolute cure in  
it while. One puff through the  
clear the head and stop Head-  
aches.—113

near by districts. Terms liberal, on salary  
or commission basis. We have under cul-  
tivation over 600 acres and have the best  
and most complete list of nursery stock in  
Canada to-day. Our stock is guaranteed  
free from disease, to be delivered in good  
condition, true to name, or purchase money  
refunded. Our representative will have  
exclusive territory. Apply now.

### PELHAM NURSERY CO.,

39-3-m Toronto, Ont.

ment of members (2) that the account  
of the Napanee Water & Electric Co.,  
\$339.16, for three month's street  
lighting, be paid less \$50 deducted  
from account for poor lighting. Report  
adopted.

Moved by Waller and Williams that  
a crossing be laid down on Piety Hill  
across the road from C. H. Edward's  
to Mrs. Forward's. Carried.

The crossing on the west side of  
Centre Street, south of the swing  
bridge, was ordered repaired.

A load of cinders was ordered placed  
on the crossing on East Street coming  
out of Brisco House yard.

Moved by Waller and Carson that  
Mrs. Robert Sagar's taxes be remitted.  
Carried.

The chairman of the Finance Com-  
mittee was instructed to act in con-  
junction with the solicitor and have  
the collector's bond executed immedi-  
ately.

The following accounts were dis-  
posed of: S. Janes, work on streets,  
55c. paid; E. B. Perry, 8 weeks' night-  
watch, \$12 paid; Napanee Gas Co., 7  
month's gas for town buildings,  
\$45.22, paid; Robert Light, material  
for repairs to town property, \$25.27,  
paid; Robert Light, lumber, etc.  
\$260.74, referred to Street Committee  
to report. Council adjourned.

Mr. John M. Jones of Bowmanville was  
caught in a windmill on Saturday night,  
and held for seven hours until relief came.  
His injuries proved fatal.

## Have You Any Junk?

If so, please call up 'phone  
No. 32 or drop me a postal  
card and I will send for same  
and pay the

## Highest Price in Cash.

I buy all kinds of old Junk,  
such as Rags, Bones, all kinds  
of Scrap Iron, Copper, Brass  
Lead, Zinc, Old Rubbers, Boots  
and Shoes, and Old Papers, in  
fact all kinds of old

## JUNK

I pay cash for Rough or  
Rendered Tallow, and all kinds  
of Grease.

Chas. Stevens.

1241

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES

Office—Warner Block, East-st, Napanee. 6y

DEROCHE & MADIEN

Barristers,

Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Com-  
missioners, Notaries Public, etc.

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Money to Loan at "lower than the lowest" rate  
H. M. DEROCHE, Q. C. 5-1y J. H. MADDEN

T. B. GERMAN,

Barrister and Solicitor,

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street,  
21-6m Napanee.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General  
Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between  
West and Robert Streets. Napanee. 5-1y



Wartman Bros.

DENTISTS.

Graduates Royal College, & Toronto University  
Office over Dr. Lee's.

Visits Tanworth, at Wheeler's hotel, first  
Monday each month, remaining over Tuesday.  
All other Mondays at Yarker.

A. S. ASHLEY,

.....DENTIST.....

40 YEARS EXPERIENCE

21 YEARS IN NAPANEE  
Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods  
Store, Napanee.

## THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL (Paid up) \$2,850,000

RESERVE FUND \$2,850,000

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS

RECEIVED.

INTEREST CREDITED THEREON

HALF-YEARLY

FARMERS' SALE NOTES COLLECTED AND

ADVANCES MADE THEREON.

T. S. HILL, Manager.

Napanee Branch.

## ROBERT LIGHT

MANUFACTURER AND  
DEALER IN

Lumber, Doors, Sash,

Blinds and Mouldings.

Bee Hives and Sections

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Orders Solicited.

FACTORY, Richard St.,  
Napanee.



What is

## CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

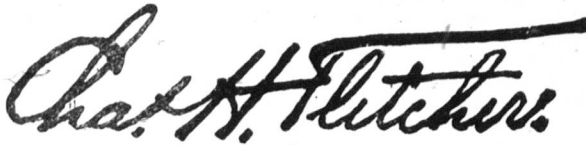
Dr. G. C. Osgood, Lowell, Mass.

## Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D. Brooklyn, N. Y.

## THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF



APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

## GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,

Eastern Standard Time. No. 21 Taking effect June 16, 1902.

Tweed and Tamworth to Deseronto.		Napanee and Deseronto to Tamworth and Tweed.	
Stations	Miles	Stations	Miles
Lve Tweed	0	Lve Deseronto	0
Stoco	3	Deseronto Junction	4
Larkins	7	Napanee	9
Maribank	13	Napanee	9
Erinsville	17	Strathcona	15
Tamworth	20	Newburgh	17
Wilson	24	Thompson's Mills	18
Enterprise	26	Camden East	19
Mudlake Bridge	28	Yarker	23
Moscow	31	Yarker	23
Galbraith	33	Galbraith	25
Yarker	35	Moscow	27
Yarker	35	Mudlake Bridge	30
Camden East	39	Enterprise	32
Thompson's Mills	40	Wilson	34
Newburgh	41	Tamworth	38
Strathcona	43	Erinsville	41
Napanee	49	Maribank	45
Napanee	49	Larkins	51
Deseronto Junction	54	Stoco	55
Deseronto	58	Tweed	58

Kingston and Sydenham to Deseronto.		Deseronto and Napanee to Kingston.	
Stations	Miles	Stations	Miles
Lve Kingston	0	Lve Deseronto	0
G. T. R. Junction	2	Deseronto Junction	4
Glenvale	10	Napanee	9
Murvale	14	Napanee	9
Harrowsmith	19	Thompson's Mills	18
Sydenham	23	Newburgh	17
Harrowsmith	19	Thompson's Mills	18
Frontenac	26	Camden East	19
Yarker	26	Yarker	23
Yarker	26	Yarker	23
Camden East	30	Frontenac	27
Thompson's Mills	31	Harrowsmith	30
Newburgh	32	Sydenham	34
Strathcona	34	Harrowsmith	30
Napanee	40	Murvale	35
Napanee West End	40	Glenvale	39
Deseronto Junction	45	G. T. R. Junction	47
Deseronto	49	Kingston	49

## SHOT BY HIS FRIEND.

**A Murderous Attack Made in a Lonely Place.** Story told by Albert Skellon a Cheesemaker of Cannifton—James Oliver, the Accused, Arrested.

Tweed, Nov. 29.—A shooting affray which looks very much like a dastardly attempt at murder, occurred near here last night. The perpetrator of the deed is James Oliver, a farmer, about forty years of age, living near Rednersville, Prince Edward County. The victim is Albert Skellon, a cheesemaker from Cannifton, near Belleville. Skellon's story is that he had been visiting at Oliver's home since Monday last. Yesterday morning Oliver invited him to drive out to his (Oliver's) father's for a visit, and when they arrived at a lonely place on the road Oliver drew a revolver and shot him. The bullet entered about an inch in front of the left ear, and came out just below the outer corner of the right eye. The wound is serious, but Skellon has good chances of recovery. Oliver would no doubt have finished his job but for the opportune arrival of a farmer named David Lockwood who happened along on his way home just in the nick of time while Skellon was battling for his life with his murderous assailant.

Lockwood drove the wounded man here. Skellon says he counted Oliver among his best friends, and can imagine no motive for the crime, unless it would be to escape a debt of \$35 which Oliver owes.

Belleville, Nov. 30.—(Special)—High County Constable Duffin, who went in pursuit of Oliver, arrested him to day at his home in Ameliasburg. The constable, with his prisoner, arrived at 4.45 this afternoon and lodged him in the county jail. Oliver has not made any statement as to the cause of his shooting Skellon, who is physically greatly inferior to him.

Tweed, Dec. 2.—The preliminary hearing of James Oliver, accused of shooting and wounding Albert G. Skellon, was begun Dec. 2nd before Magistrates Newton and Wray. The hearing was conducted by County Crown Attorney P. J. M. Anderson. W. Carnew, of Belleville, appeared for the prisoner, as the wounded man is still unable to be up. His evidence was taken at his bedside. The prisoner was brought into the room, and Skellon identified him as his assailant. Skellon repeated the story of the shooting as previously reported. Court then adjourned to the town hall.

David Lockwood, being called, testified that while driving home on Friday evening last he met a buggy in which were two men apparently scuffling. When he had gone a little piece farther he heard some one shooting, and, turning around, saw one man falling from the rig and the other following, and the two struggling. Then he heard one of them shout: "Hold on boys, this man shot me and is trying to kill me."

He stopped and Skellon ran up and got on the back of his rig and he drove him to his home, where his wounds were temporarily dressed. Lockwood then drove the man here for medical attendance.

Fletcher Deline, a lad 14 years of age, who was in Lockwood's company, corroborated this evidence. Constables Wilson and Sedar gave evidence as to finding a revolver on the road at the place indicated by Skellon, also to observing tracks and marks about the spot, which bore out his and Lockwood's testimony as to a struggle by the roadside.

Dr. W. M. Mather, who attended the wounded man, gave medical testimony, and in answer to Mr. Anderson said that Skellon gave him an account of the affair while he was dressing his wounds, and that that account and his evidence given this morning fully agreed.

The defence offered no evidence, neither were any of the crown's witnesses cross-examined. Oliver was committed for trial. Skellon is doing well, and there are as yet no untoward symptoms.

**They Take Weeks.** Ordinary remedies sometimes take weeks to even relieve cases that Catarrhoxone cures at once. Inadequate Catarrhoxone five minutes now and again and it cures a cold.

Inadequate Catarrhoxone five minutes four times a

## NEWS FROM THE COUN

To Correspondents.—Persons sending items from the surrounding district sign their names to correspondents of good faith, not for publication. Any correspondence received with name attached will not be published.

## ARDEN.

Several changes have taken place in this township. James H. Adams has sold his farm to Mrs. Charles Henry Hannah has disposed of place to W. W. Thompson.

Mrs. Charles Green, sick for some time, is slowly recovering.

The wife of Fred. Lellar has a daughter.

Frank Wheeler has come back the States, and several, who le some time ago to work in Nevada, have returned.

J. P. Gillan, proprietor of the has returned to the sanitary Gravenhurs, for the benefit health.

## ERNESTOWN STATION

Another aged resident has away, Mrs. Gilgour, relict of t Alexander Kilgour. Four sons, Charles and William, of this and James, of Toronto, and all daughters, Mrs. MacMillan, G. Bay, and Mrs. Wood, Syracuse, the loss of a loving mother.

Grain has been moving quite of late at the station.

A Concert and Christmas tree of the Union Sunday school at talked of.

F. Daly has moved into the vacated by P. Buck.

Mrs. Stanley Hogle and c Lyn, and friend, Miss Mac Montreal, have returned home pleasant visit with friends here.

G. Forward, M. Hogle, F. Amey, accompanied by their spent a day at G. Lucas' recent.

Mrs. James Miller, Switzer returned from visiting her daughter.

## MCINTYRE'S CORNERS

Mr. John Thomas, who is at ston General Hospital under treatment for injuries received runaway, is slowly recovering.

The election protest caused excitement in our little town.

The majority of our citizens mark their ballots "yes" on D Messrs. F. Lewis and A. B. home from their work owing cold weather.

The last job of threshing, finished last week.

Mr. A. C. Miller spent last Sunday in Napanee.

Mrs. D. Snider, of Odessa, Snider, were in Napanee last.

Mrs. E. Clarke and Miss Clarke, of Parma, spent last Wednesday at W. P. Miller.

A freight train going west G. T. R. last Friday morning waylaid for three hours, a break being the cause. It was necessary the auxiliary from Brockville to up.

Mr. E. C. Gilbert spent Sunday, at Enterprise.

It is said somebody went ducks, but never got a feather.

The milk waggons are no seen.

The Farmers' Friend Factory the patrons \$1.05 per hundred for their milk in October.

Mrs. M. J. Phalen, of Ass Factory, is visiting at W. P. J.

Children Cry fo

Deseronto.				Kingston.			
Stations.	Miles.	No.2. No.4. No.5.	A.M. P.M. P.M.	Stations.	Miles.	No.1 No.3. No.5	A.M. P.M. P.M.
ve Kingston.....	0	.....	4 00	Live Deseronto.....	6 45	.....	.....
G. T. R. Junction.....	2	.....	4 10	Deseronto Junction.....	4	7 00	.....
Glenvale.....	10	.....	4 33	Arr Napanee.....	9 7 15	.....	.....
Murvale.....	14	.....	4 45	Live Napanee.....	9 7 40	12 25	4 30
Harroworth.....	19	.....	5 00	Napanee Mills.....	15	8 05	12 40 1 50
Sydenham.....	23	8 30	.....	Newburg.....	17	8 15	12 50 5 00
Harroworth.....	19	8 10	5 10	Thomson's Mills.....	18	.....	.....
Frontenac.....	22	.....	.....	Camden East.....	19	8 23	1 00 5 15
Yarker.....	26	8 35	5 15	Arr Yarker.....	23	8 35	1 12 5 25
Yarker.....	26	8 35	5 15	Live Yarker.....	23	8 45	5 45
Camden East.....	30	9 10	5 35	Frontenac.....	27	.....	.....
Thomson's Mills.....	31	.....	.....	Arr Harroworth.....	30	9 00	6 10
Newburg.....	32	9 25	5 58	Sydenham.....	34	.....	6 25
Strathcona.....	34	9 40	6 08	Live Harroworth.....	30	9 00	.....
Napanee.....	40	9 55	6 25	Murvale.....	35	9 15	.....
Napanee, West End.....	40	.....	.....	Glenvale.....	39	9 25	.....
Deseronto Junction.....	45	.....	7 00	G. T. R. Junction.....	47	9 45	.....
Deseronto.....	49	.....	7 15	Arr Kingston.....	49	10 00	.....

E. C. CARTER,  
Gen. Manager

J. F. CHAPMAN,  
Asst. Gen. Freight & Pass. Agent

H. B. SHERWOOD,  
Superintendent

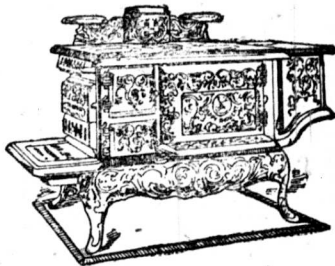
## The King of Ranges— "BUCK'S HAPPY THOUGHT"

One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Canadian Women  
have decided for

# The "Happy Thought" Range.

Common Ranges were not good enough—why should they be for you?

Don't be imposed on by "just as good" talk. The construction of The "Happy Thought" is patented, its design registered, it is totally different in every respect to any other. There is none like it. There can be none so good. If you only knew the time, the trouble, the labor it would save you, how little fuel it uses, you would not be one single day without one.



Made by The WM. BUCK STOVE CO., Limited, BRANTFORD

Sold  
by

T. H. Waller, Napanee.

### Mitts Mitts.

We have a well assorted stock of Mitts and Gloves. Come in and inspect them.  
BOYLE & SON

At Brantford, on Tuesday the coroner's jury investigating the death of James Quirk on March 23, brought in the following verdict: "The late James Quirk came to his death by receiving several blows on his head at the hands of some person or persons unknown to the jurors."



## That Whoop!

Have you had it in your house? It's cough and cough and cough, and then that terrible whoop! Don't upset the stomach more by giving nauseous medicine.

Just let the child breathe in the soothing vapor of Vapo-Cresolene. It goes right to the spot that's diseased. Relief is immediate, and in a very few days the cure is complete. You can't say the same of any other treatment. For asthma, catarrh, and colds it's equally good.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, and a bottle of Cresolene complete, \$1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. VAPOR-CRESELENE CO., 130 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

For job printing of all kind try THE EXPRESS Office.

At Messrs Blake and Devlin's meeting at Montreal \$1,700 was subscribed to the Irish home rule fund.

The City Council, of Toronto, has decided to submit a by-law to the rate-payers granting \$50,000 to establish a consumptives' sanitarium.

Mr. Cornelius Birmingham of the Kingston Locomotive Works has returned from Germany, bringing 61 skilled machinists for the works.

Dropsy and Heart Disease.—"For ten years I suffered greatly from Heart Disease. Fluttering of the Heart and Smothering Spells made my life a torment. Dropsy set in. My physician told me to prepare for the worst. I tried Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose gave great relief, one bottle cured me completely."—Mrs. James Adams, Syracuse, N. Y.—107

Mrs. Sagar and a man named Forsyth who eloped from Deseronto recently were captured near Coburg and brought back to Deseronto. They appeared before the magistrate and were discharged. Mr. Sagar signified his willingness to take his wife back and they left the court room together.

Nurse's Good Words—"I am a professional nurse," writes Mrs. Eisner, Halifax, N. S. "I was a great sufferer from rheumatism—almost constant association with best physicians I had every chance of a cure if it were in their power—but they failed. South American Rheumatic Cure was recommended—to-day my six years of pain seem as a dream. Two bottles cured me.—106

Skellon gave him an account of the affair while he was dressing his wounds, and that that account and his evidence given this morning fully agreed.

The defence offered no evidence, neither were any of the crowd's witnesses cross-examined. Oliver was committed for trial. Skellon is doing well, and there are as yet no untoward symptoms.

They Take Weeks. Ordinary remedies sometimes take weeks to even relieve cases that Catarrhazone cures at once.

Inhale Catarrhazone five minutes now and again and it cures a cold.

Inhale Catarrhazone five minutes four times a day and it cures stubborn coughs.

Inhale Catarrhazone five minutes every hour and we guarantee it will cure any case of Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Lung or Throat Trouble, Diphtheria. It is very pleasant and convenient to use, quick to relieve, and certain as the hereafter to cure. Large size, complete, price \$1.00; small size, 25c. Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Dr. Hamilton's Pills Cure Headache.

### CARTER'S CLEVER GAME.

How a Toronto Rogue Made \$100 a Day. He Dyed His Skin and Made Up in Imitation of Workman While Passing Bogus Checks.

Kingston, Nov. 20.—A man who gave his name as Lee is in the Police Station accused of forging checks and passing them. He recently worked Belleville and Brockville merchants, and the police advised merchants here to be on guard. On Saturday night about 5.30 o'clock a young man entered the grocery store of Daniel Couper, Princess Street, bought goods to the value of \$1.04, and tendered a check for \$10.50, made payable to Joseph Graham and issued by the Kingston agency of the Rathbun Company. Mr. Couper was suspicious, and parleyed with the man, saying he could not cash the check, but he would run out and get the change. He telephoned the agency and found that manager Chadwick had issued no such check. He was advised to hold the man. The police were notified, and Sergt. Snodden hurried to the store arriving with Mr. Couper. Mr. Couper told the individual that the Rathbun agency disputed the check, and in reply the forger said he had been given the check by a saloon-keeper. The police officer took the man in charge. He was searched at head-quarters, and over twenty checks were found on him, made out by the Rathbun Company to Joseph Graham. He admitted his guilt, and said he was the passer of checks in other towns. At the police quarters he said his name was Chas. H. Carter, that he was a Toronto clerk, and that he has made as much as \$100 per day by passing worthless checks. He came to this city on the midnight train and registered at the British-American Hotel. He was while off duty finely dressed, but when at work wore the garb of a workman, dyeing his skin with yellow ochre and pencilling his moustache and eyebrows. He quickly threw up the sponge when arrested. He will be tried here. He said he had worked Brockville, Belleville, Peterboro', Guelph, St. Thomas, Chatham and London.

## Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning it is extremely hazardous to neglect, so important is a healthy action of these organs.

They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy foreboding and despondency.

"I was taken ill with kidney trouble, and became so weak I could scarcely get around. I took medicine without benefit, and finally decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After the first bottle I felt so much better that I continued its use, and six bottles made me a new woman. When my little girl was a baby, she could not keep anything on her stomach, and we gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured her." Mrs. THOMAS INNIS, Wallaceburg, Ont.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures kidney and liver troubles, relieves the back and builds up the whole system.

Mr. E. C. Gilbert spent Sunday, Nov., at Enterprise.

It is said somebody went hunting ducks, but never got a feather.

The milk waggons are no longer seen.

The Farmers' Friend Factory the patrons \$1.05 per hundred pounds for their milk in October.

Mrs. M. J. Phalen, of Asagelst Factory, is visiting at W. P. Mill.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA

### YARKER.

Felix Benjamin had his finger putated. While using an emery wheel in the factory his hand slipped against it.

Mr. Crowter, Deseronto, has bought the livery business of J. A. F. man.

Farmers are now laying by considerable money and many state during the last three years they made more money than in the years previous. Some of the prime farmers have made, clear of all expenses, on dairy cows alone, from \$1 to \$1,000 this year.

The body of young Darlington, suicided at Ann Arbor, Mich., brought home for burial.

Albert Warner has bought Carroll's farm.

All the hunters returned safe brought each their two deer.

George Lakins and Han Free have returned from Winnipeg.

J. Elliott has returned from construction work on B. of Q. railroad.

J. Gilligan has purchased a dence from Mrs. J. A. Shibley.

Oernon Cambridge and F. Cla were home Sunday.

The residence of F. E. Benjamin a narrow escape from being burnt. Their dog gave the alarm, and assistance subdued the flames.

Miss E. Scott, visiting Mrs. Jo, returned home to Napanee.

The children of both Sunday school are practicing hard for the Christmas entertainment.

We can furnish Kingston with ty of sparrows. They have no gone away; the country is full of them.

The Penalty of a Fast Life. Is for by an irritable condition of body and by exhausted energy, poor digestion, unsteady nerves and broken sleep. If you must live the killing pace, better keep in mind sustaining powers of Ferrozone, a tonic and reconstitutor. Ferrozone is a maker, a nerve strengthener, a heart and invigorator. It creates appetite, insures digestion and undisturbed sleep, restores vitality and strength lost by excessive very quickly. Ferrozone will do you mable good, try it. Price 50c. per box boxes for \$2.50, at Druggists, or Polson Kingston, Ont. Dr. Hamilton's Pills Cure ache.

### STRATHCONA.

(For last week.)

The cement works are running blast at present and turning a large amount of cement.

Mrs. J. P. Baker spent Friday friends at Forest Mills.

Miss Eva Lott is recovering her recent severe illness. Her friends will be pleased to see around again.

Mr. Robert Ramsay has purchased the Neely farm near this place.

The assembly given in the O Hall on Tuesday evening last largely attended and those present a most enjoyable time.

There is very little interest in this place in the coming vote of referendum.



## NEWS FROM THE COUNTRY.

Correspondents.—Persons sending in news from the surrounding district must use their names to correspondence as a condition of good faith, not for publication. Correspondence received without the name attached will not be published.

### ARDEN.

Several changes have taken place in this township. James H. Ackerman sold his farm to Mrs. Charles See. Mary Hannah has disposed of his place to W. W. Thompson.

Mrs. Charles Green, sick for some time, is slowly recovering.

The wife of Fred. Lellar has a young daughter.

Frank Wheeler has come back from the States, and several, who left here some time ago to work in New York City, have returned.

P. Gillan, proprietor of the hotel, returned to the sanitarium at "The Avenue," for the benefit of his health.

### ERNEST TOWN STATION.

Another aged resident has passed away, Mrs. Gilgour, relict of the late Alexander Kilgour. Four sons, John, James, and William, of this place, and James, of Toronto, and also two daughters, Mrs. MacMillan, Georgian, and Mrs. Wood, Syracuse, mourn the loss of a loving mother.

Train has been moving quite freely lately at the station.

Concert and Christmas tree, in aid of the Union Sunday school are being held.

Daly has moved into the house lately vacated by P. Buck.

Mrs. Stanley Hogle and children, and friend, Miss MacMillan, Montreal, have returned home after a pleasant visit with friends here.

T. Forward, M. Hogle, F. and A. Hogle, accompanied by their wives, spent a day at G. Lucas' recently.

Mrs. James Miller, Switzerville, has returned from visiting her daughter.

### MCINTYRE'S CORNERS.

Mr. John Thomas, who is at Kingston General Hospital undergoing treatment for injuries received from a fall, is slowly recovering.

The election protest caused a lot of excitement in our little town.

The majority of our citizens will reject their ballots "yes" on Dec. 4th. Messrs. F. Lewis and A. Buck are busy from their work owing to the cold weather.

The last job of threshing was finished last week.

Mr. A. C. Miller spent last Saturday and Sunday in Napanee.

Messrs. D. Snider, of Odessa, and O. Der, were in Napanee last Friday. Mrs. E. Clarke and Miss Helen Clarke, of Parma, spent last Wednesday at W. P. Miller's.

A freight train going west of the T.R. last Friday morning was delayed for three hours, a broken axle being the cause. It was necessary for an auxiliary from Brockville to come.

Dr. E. C. Gilbert spent Sunday, Dec. 3rd, at Enterprise.

It is said somebody went hunting for ducks, but never got a feather.

The milk waggons are no longer in use.

The Farmers' Friend Factory paid patrons \$1.05 per hundred pounds for their milk in October.

Mrs. M. J. Phalen, of Asselstine's story, is visiting at W. P. Miller's.

# A BROOKLYN BELLE

THREATENED WITH CONSUMPTION.

## Pe-ru-na Promptly Saved Her Life.

Miss Alice O'Neil, 312 Adams street, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"I cannot say too much in favor of Peruna. About a year ago I was completely worn out, had a serious cold and a hard cough which seemed to be in danger of affecting my lungs. If my system had been in a stronger condition it would have been much easier to throw off this cold, but I could not seem to get any relief until I took Peruna, and I must say that it did the work thoroughly. Within a week I could see a wonderful improvement, and I took Peruna four weeks and am in perfect health now."

ALICE O'NEIL.



Miss Alice O'Neil.

### WHAT PEOPLE SAY

About Pe-ru-na as a Remedy for All Diseases of Winter, Coughs, Colds and Catarrh.

That Peruna cures catarrh, coughs, colds, is well known to both the medical profession and the people generally. It is undoubtedly the most popular remedy for this class of diseases in existence. Read the following letters:

Pe-ru-na Cures a Cold at the Outset.

Miss E. M. Isaacs, Armstrong, Pa., Vice-President of the Fortnightly Club, writes:

"No one who has tried the comforts Peruna brings would ever be without it. I used to dread the slightest cold, as its consequences were so lengthy and so unpleasant, and the catarrhal condition which invariably followed so hard to get rid of, but since I have known of the blessed relief secured through the use of Peruna, I am free from all this unpleasantness and suffering."

"A few doses never fails to cure me of a cold and I keep well through its use."—Miss E. M. Isaacs.

Hon. W. J. Purman, ex-member of Congress from Florida, writes from 1123 Q street, N. W., Washington, D. C., as follows:

"From representations to me and my own experience I feel justified in recommending your Peruna to any and all persons suffering with catarrh, nervousness or stomach troubles. I regard it as a great tonic and remedy

for such afflictions. I, and others to whom I recommended it, are using it now with beneficial results."—W. J. Purman.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.



## Children Cry for

M. J. Wright, traveller, of Toronto, spent Sunday the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. Hawley.

Grain and poultry thieves are operating in our village. Several farmers report losses of grain and poultry. It is a pity they could not be caught and an example made of them.

Mr. G. Madden, our popular merchant, is around again after his serious illness. His many friends and customers will be pleased to see him.

W. A. Wilson has his new grain cracking machine in operation.

Archie Pybus is slowly recovering after a severe attack of typhoid fever.

### DENBIGH.

Philip Plotz, one of our settlers, had the misfortune, while cutting wood, to chop two of his toes off and to split and badly bruise a third. Dr. Wright, Plevna, was called to dress the mutilated limb.

## Church of England Notes.

CAMDEN EAST.—Special Advent week-night services, beginning Monday, December 8th, and continuing till Friday, December 12th, will (D.V.), in accordance with the wish of the General Synod of the Church of England in Canada, expressed through Dr. Mills, the Bishop of Ontario, and laid by him as an obligation on the Clergy and Laity in his Diocese, be held in St. Luke's church, Camden East. All are invited to attend and all will be welcome.

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chant, is around again after his serious  
illness. His many friends and cus-  
tomers will be pleased to see him  
again at business.

Mr. Sidney Files is very sick at  
present. His friends hope for a speedy  
recovery.

Mr. Melvin Babcock, of Watertown,  
was called home this week to attend  
the funeral of his brother-in-law, the  
late G. A. Darlington.

Mrs. J. P. Baker returned home from  
Harlowe on Wednesday last, where  
she had been taking care of her  
mother, Mrs. I. Delyea, who was  
seriously ill.

Our farmers are taking advantage  
of the open weather and are getting a  
large amount of plowing done.

Is it not time the electors of this  
polling division were selecting a candi-  
date to represent this division in the  
municipal council, as it is about time  
we had a representative for this  
division.

Mrs. Wm. Files, of Toronto, is vis-  
iting in the village, the guest of Mrs.  
S. Files.

A. W. Granger is still indisposed  
Fox hunting is the order of the day.  
B. C. Lloyd has removed to Napa-  
nee.

## The 8 Hour Day

Which the working man has fought for  
and succeeded in obtaining is something  
the wife has no share in. Her day be-  
gins before his and ends long after it,  
as a rule, and many a night her rest is  
broken by the baby's  
fretfulness. The  
healthiest woman  
must wear out under  
such a strain. What  
can be expected then  
of those women  
who are weaken-  
ed by woman-  
ly diseases?



Women who are weak, worn-out and run-down will find new life and new strength in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

Sick people are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I suffered with female weakness about eight years—tried several doctors but derived no benefit until I began using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. John Green, of Danville, Boyle Co., Ky. "This medicine was recommended to me by other patients. I have taken six bottles and I feel like another person."

The dealer who offers a substitute for "Favorite Prescription," is only seeking to make the little more profit paid on the sale of less meritorious medicines. His profit is your loss. Refuse all substitutes.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be used with "Favorite Prescription" whenever a laxative is required.

all persons suffering with catarrh, nervousness or stomach troubles. I regard it as a great tonic and remedy

W. A. Wilson has his new grain cracking machine in operation.

Archie Pybus is slowly recovering after a severe attack of typhoid fever.

## DENBIGH.

Paillip Plotz, one of our settlers, had the misfortune, while cutting wood, to chop two of his toes off and to split and badly bruise a third. Dr. Wright, Plevna, was called to dress the mutilated limb.

The new owners of the plumbago mines have started a gang of ten men to work, under William Chatsen. They are putting up the most necessary buildings, and intend to double their present force when they start actual mining operations.

Rev. P. Craig and family are still in New York. The spiritual wants of St. Paul's congregation were last Sunday ably administered to by Rev. G. Brakebush, Eganville, one of our former popular Lutheran ministers.

Rev. M. Voss, Strathitay, conducted divine service last Sunday in the Lutheran church at Raglan, which congregation also belongs to this mission.

The approaching voting on the liquor act of 1902 is exciting very little interest here, and no excitement at all. Neither the friends of the new act nor those who are satisfied with the present state of affairs, have made any effort to gain or influence the electors.

Indigestion Can't Stay where Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are arrayed against it. Thomas Smith, Dover, Ont., says: "I am delighted with them—From almost the first using I have been entirely relieved of the pains of indigestion—I have the greatest confidence in the Tablets and heartily recommend them to any and every sufferer from stomach troubles." 35 cts.—112

## ODESSA.

A sale was held at the home of the late Benjamin Mabey, in which his house, lot and furniture were disposed of. Mrs. Maybee and daughter, Ethel, intend to spend the winter with Mrs. H. McGuire, Ottawa, Mrs. Maybee's daughter. Edward Snider bought the place.

Mrs. Fred. Henderson, Kingston, and the Misses Lyons and Miss Sutherland spent Sunday with Mrs. O. D. Lewis.

Worthington McKee, Smithfield, is visiting Reginald Clark.

Mrs. (Dr.) Boothe has gone to Toronto and Hamilton to spend the winter with her daughter, Agatha at Toronto, and Ethel at Hamilton.

Mrs. John William has returned after visiting her daughter at Cherry Valley.

We are pleased to hear that Stanley Rose is still improving.

Mrs. James C. Fraser, after a severe illness, is recovering rapidly.

Miss Florence Bennett is at Mr. Riley's, Bath.

Mrs. James D. Snider entertained a number of her friends, Wednesday evening, 26th.

Mrs. John Johnston, Kingston, died at her sister's, Mrs. Miles Parrott, Violet. The remains were taken to Cataraqui vault.

The township council held a session Nov. 24th; nothing of importance transacted. Councillor Col. Clyde seems to be the choice so far for the coming reeve.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

## Church of England Notes.

CAMDEN EAST—Special Advent week-night services, beginning Monday, December 8th, and continuing till Friday, December 12th, will (D.V.), in accordance with the wish of the General Synod of the Church of England in Canada, expressed through Dr. Mills, the Bishop of Ontario, and laid by him as an obligation on the Clergy and Laity in his Diocese, be held in St. Luke's church, Camden East. All are invited to attend and all will be welcome. Service Sunday, Dec. 7th, at St. Luke's church at 11 a.m.

YARKER—In harmony with the request of the General Synod of the Church of England in Canada, expressed by the Bishop of Ontario, Dr. Mills, special Advent week-night services will (D.V.) be held in St. Anthony's church, Yarker, beginning Monday, December 15th, and ending Friday, December 19th. The services will be conducted by the Rector, Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe, B.C.L. All interested in these services will kindly guide themselves accordingly. All are welcome. Service at St. Anthony's church, Yarker, Sunday, December 7th, at 3 p.m.

NEWBURGH—Special Advent services in accordance with the wish of the Bishop of Ontario, Dr. Mills, are being held for four evenings of this week, ending Thursday night, at St. John's church, Newburgh. They are being conducted by the Rector, the Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe. The attendance is good and services helpful and encouraging. Friday evening the Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe will (D.V.) conduct divine service at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Fraser Hinch at 7.30 p.m. All interested in these services are requested to take note and act accordingly. All will be welcome. Service in St. John's church, Newburgh, Sunday, Dec. 1st, at 7 p.m.

The Cause of Dyspeptic Pains. Improperly digested food produces gases that cause a painful distention of the stomach and pressure against the heart. This results in much pain and distress, but NERVILINE will relieve the distention, dispel the gas, and cure the dyspeptic pains very quickly. Poison's NERVILINE is really an excellent remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Cramps, Summer Complaint and all Stomach and Bowel Troubles. No household is complete without NERVILINE. Try a 25c. bottle.

The anthracite coal strike commission will resume sessions at Soranton.

Britain is seeking to secure gold bars valued at \$650,000, believed to have been consigned to Kruger and Leyds, and Gen. Botha has also demanded that they give up for the Boer people funds amounting to \$2,500,000.

Although the medicine bash should, above all, be carried on with the utmost conscientiousness and sense of responsibility, the unfortunate fact is that in no other is there so much humbug and deception. The anxieties of the sick and their relatives are traded upon in the most shameful manner; impossible cures are promised; many preparations are also utterly worthless, and some are positively dangerous to health.

As a consequence, all proprietary remedies are regarded with suspicion by many people, and the good suffer for the bad.

For these reasons we announce that our proprietors are the principal shareholders in

## HIRAM WALKER & SONS LIMITED

which will, we are sure, be an ample guarantee of the truth of every representation made concerning

## IRON-OX TABLETS

The Iron-ox Remedy Co., Ltd.



# The Power of Persuasion

## Or Lady Caraven's Labor of Love.

### CHAPTER XVI.

It was almost autumn, and people were saying to each other smilingly that summer seemed unwilling to go. The wheat was standing now in great golden sheaves, the fruit hung ripe upon the trees.

One morning a letter came to Ravensmere. It was from Lady Hamilton, to say that she was returning from Cowes, where she had been staying some time, and would be glad to pay her promised visit.

Lord Caraven's first sensation on reading the coquettish little "note" was not one of unmitigated pleasure. "They had been spending a very happy week alone, the earl, the countess, and Sir Raoul. They had been watching the builders' progress, watching the improvements; and the earl was more pleased than he would have cared to say at seeing once more a smile on the faces around him. He did not feel quite sure at first that he cared for the coming interruption. He gave the letter to Lady Caraven.

"If she comes," he said, "it is pretty certain we must invite a party to meet her."

"Do you wish it," said Hildred, quietly.

"Then we will draw up a list of people to invite while she is here. We must have some eligible men."

"What does she want eligible men for?" asked Hildred, and the two gentlemen laughed at the question.

"Is she a widow?" continued the young countess.

"One of the youngest, prettiest, wealthiest widows in England," said the earl.

Lady Caraven felt a vague dawning of jealous dislike.

"I am almost sorry that she is coming now," put in Sir Raoul; "we are so happy — all our quietness will be broken up and destroyed."

In his heart Lord Caraven almost reechoed the wish.

"There is another thing, Hildred," said Lord Caraven — "Lady Hamilton must have amusement. You will have to lay aside your work for a time and attend to it. We must have a ball — we must have dinner parties and picnics, a regular round of entertainments."

"Any my work must stand still," she interrogated regretfully.

"I am sorry for it, because I know that your heart is in it, but rank and position have duties that we cannot ignore. When a lady like Lady Hamilton volunteers a visit, it is necessary to receive her with courtesy. You will be able to do something, but not much."

She sighed deeply, and her beautiful face became sad.

"I am sorry, dear," he said, kindly; "but it cannot be helped."

He wondered why her face brightened so suddenly, why she looked up with a sudden, glad light in her eyes. He had called her "dear" for the first time in his life, and he had done it quite unconsciously. The word that meant so much to her was less than nothing to him.

He wondered why she spoke in a tone through which sweetest music seemed to vibrate.

"I shall not mind at all now," she said, with a warm flush on her face, and, having no key to her meaning, the earl said to himself that women

her that no man could resist her, and that she never scrupled as to winning a heart or breaking it, if only to pass away the time.

The visit brought to the Countess of Caraven a strange kind of foreboding.

"I wonder," she said to Sir Raoul, "if some people do bring misfortune with them. I have an idea that Lady Hamilton will bring evil to me."

Sir Raoul laughed, and told her in his simple, chivalrous fashion that a beautiful woman could only bring sunshine and happiness; but the young countess sighed.

The young countess resolved upon being armed at all points. Her maid felt that at length her mistress was doing justice to herself. She was that evening very difficult to please — no dress was pretty enough; she chose one at length of purple velvet, long, graceful, and made after a picturesque fashion that Hildred particularly affected — cut square so as to show the beautiful neck and shoulders, with wide, hanging sleeves, fastened with a diamond knot on the shoulder — a dress that was the triumph of good taste; no ribbon, no flowers, no ornaments nor trimmings marred its grand simplicity. She wore nothing but diamonds with it — a small tiara that crowned the queenly head, a necklace round the white throat, a small cross on the white breast, and a bracelet on one of her beautifully-molded arms. Nothing could have been more magnificent, in better or simpler taste.

Sir Raoul looked delighted when he saw her.

"Lady Hamilton may be very fair," he thought, "but she will not look like Hildred."

The earl did not notice either her face or her dress; he admired her skill, her genius, but he was certainly not in love with his young wife.

It was with some little curiosity that the young countess went to meet her guest. Lady Hamilton had been shown into a pretty little boudoir, where she awaited her hostess, and these two women, who were so strangely to cross each other's lives, looked almost eagerly at each other.

Lady Caraven saw before her a tall, graceful, lovely blonde, whose sunny eyes and golden hair were bright and beautiful, whose red lips smiling showed teeth like pearls. After returning in the most musical of voices the greeting of her hostess, she requested that she might be shown to her room.

She was in some measure just what Lady Caraven had expected to see. She appeared in the drawing-room two minutes before the announcement of dinner was made, and then Hildred examined her more critically. Her entrance made a sensation among the gentlemen. Hildred stood watching the scene, watching the pretty manoeuvres of the royally beautiful coquette, and how soon they took effect.

Examined critically there was no defect in the beauty of Lady Hamilton; she was a queen of blondes. Her hair had a golden sheen; it was soft, fine, and hung in waving abund-

and brightened as he talked to Lady Hamilton.

Lord Caraven she had married without the least pretense of love, he detesting the marriage, yet forced into it, she honestly believing that it was quite possible to live without love; then after marriage she had been as he was now — profoundly, coldly indifferent. She at first had been inclined to love him — his handsome face and the prestige of his name had won her girlish fancy; then slowly, as her woman's soul and better nature awoke, she discovered his faults — faults that filled her with something like despair. Then came the turning point of her life — the time when she felt sorely inclined to leave Ravensmere — the time when the noble advice of a noble man had saved her, had roused her to action, had influenced her so as to completely change her life, had elevated her, had given her an almost sublime idea of her duties and responsibilities. She had risen to the call; she had devoted herself to the welfare of her husband; she had used all her truest womanly tact, all her rare grace, all her intellect and talent, to rouse him from his evil habits, from his self-indulgence, from his neglect of every duty. She had succeeded even beyond her hopes; he was above the average now, whereas before he had been below it. The consequence was that she loved him. After passing through every phase of feeling, after being filled with admiration that grew into dislike, indifference, contempt, she had found herself at last in love with him.

It was the consciousness of that which made her more sensitively jealous. He was her husband. She loved him, but he did not love her. She asked herself: "Will he ever love me?" And the answer that her own heart gave her was a very despairing one. She was not the style of woman that he admired. He liked blonde beauty; and here, under their very roof, was a queen of blondes — a queen of coquettes. She would look sometimes at Lady Hamilton and think: "How he must wish that our marriage had been delayed! If Lady Hamilton had returned a little earlier, her money would have done just as well as mine, and he would have loved her."

It was a very natural thought, but one that made her exceedingly unhappy. To Lord Caraven himself the idea never occurred. He had his faults — they were not on the score of immorality or impropriety. He did not love the wife fate had given to him, but he respected her; and, in some fashion of his own, he respected the vague kind of tie that there was between them. At all events, he then had no idea of outraging her feelings or insulting her by falling in love with any one else.

While the earl enjoyed the presence of his beautiful guest — enjoyed her coquetties, laughed and was amused at her flirtations, all in sheer idleness and good humor, his dark-eyed, beautiful wife was building up a theory of her own, and it was that her husband loved Lady Hamilton.

(To Be Continued.)

### IN SACRED WATERS.

#### Russian Pilgrims' Ceremonies in the Holy Land.

The traveler in the Holy Land will witness few sights which will interest him more than that of the Russian pilgrims at the annual Epiphany ceremonies on the banks of the River Jordan. A week before the festival itself, crowds of these Slav peasants are seen trudging along the Jericho road with every imaginable kind of haversack and carry-all on their backs. Some of the pilgrims

## THE SECRETS OF SAVAG

### MYSTERIES CIVILIZED INGS CANNOT FATHOM.

#### The Maoris Walk Over Red-Stones With Bare Feet Without Injury.

That anyone should be able to walk a distance of 12 feet over hot stones with bare feet sounds ridiculous impossibility. Yet the Maoris, and other Pacific natives possess the power of accomplishing this feat we have evidence that it is not to be disputed.

Not only can certain of these Pacific natives walk over the glowing stones unharmed, but they are able to delegate their power to other people. In the Journal of the Pinesian Society, Colonel Gudge, British Resident at Raratonga, of the Cook Islands, describes an occurrence. It was on January 20th, 1899. For many hours a large fire had been kept up on a foundation of large stones, and at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when the burners were raked aside, the coals found the stones to be so hot that a branch of green wood thrown upon them blazed.

#### UP IN A FEW SECONDS.

A native priest struck the edge of the furnace three times with a branch of the ti-tree, and then and his pupils slowly and deliberately walked across. The pupil afterwards handed his branch to Mr. Godwin, another Englishman who was present, and said, "I give 'mana' (power) over to you. Walk across with your friends." Five white men thereupon walked across including Colonel Gudgeon. The latter, in describing his experience, says, "I knew quite well I was walking on red-hot stones, and could feel the heat, yet I was not burned. I felt something resembling slight electric shocks both at the time and afterwards, but that was all."

The Shintos of Japan possess so similar secret. At the Houshi Shikuko Temple, in the district of Kanda, Tokio, there is a fire-walk performance every half year. Another equally extraordinary feat is the "yubana," or ordeal by boiling water. At this the devotees literally drench themselves with water out of cauldrons at a galloping boil.

#### TAKE THE SKIN OFF

anyone else, but not a blister appears upon the bodies of these Shinto priests. The only explanation I can vouchsafe is that they draw out the "spirit" of the water, and so it comes harmless. Think of the value of such a secret to the engine-crew on a modern torpedo-boat!

So-called savages, even of the lowest types, are able to do many things which the modern scientist cannot explain, and sometimes beat the white man at his own game. Mr. Servais le Roy's name will be known to all who take an interest in conjuring. On one occasion this master of mysteries took a trip up the Congo. His feats of magic delighted the natives, and their professional magicians would frequently show the greatest interest in his tricks. At last, however, he met one who was more than his match. The man took an ordinary turnip, made it change into a human form. How he did it the Belgian conjuror has never succeeded in discovering.

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#### PLANS OF THEIR ENEMIES

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tesy. You will be able to do some thing, but not much.

She sighed deeply, and her beautiful face became sad.

"I am sorry, dear," he said, kindly; "but it cannot be helped."

He wondered why her face brightened so suddenly, why she looked up with a sudden, glad light in her eyes. He had called her "dear" for the first time in his life, and he had done it quite unconsciously. The word that meant so much to her was less than nothing to him.

He wondered why she spoke in a tone through which sweetest music seemed to vibrate.

"I shall not mind at all now," she said, with a warm flush on her face, and, having no key to her meaning, the earl said to himself that women were indeed wonderful creatures.

With a light heart she sent out her invitations. Sir Raoul wondered when he heard her singing sweet snatches of song—wondered with a sense of gratification. She must be happier than she had been, or she would not be so light of heart.

The invitations were all accepted, and due preparations were made for receiving the beautiful Lady Hamilton. The handsomest suite of rooms in the castle was set aside for her; there was an air of expectation, of subdued excitement, that did not quite please the young mistress of Ravensmere. When the earl had, as he expressed it, time to think the matter over, he was pleased—his wife perceived it in many ways. He lingered with Sir Raoul, telling anecdotes of Lady Hamilton and of her powers of fascination; and then Hildred learned that they had been lovers when young.

"I must not be jealous of this beautiful Lady Hamilton," she thought—"but it is almost enough to make me."

The lovely widow was to arrive in time for dinner. That was one of Lady Hamilton's practices. She liked to be seen first in the full glory of her dinner dress, in the full blaze of her beauty. She lived solely and entirely for her beauty, and for the homage it brought her. If she had been suddenly deprived of it, if any accident had robbed her of it, she would have been without a single occupation in life; she lived for it, she studied it. What would suit her, what became her, what attitude showed her figure to the greatest advantage, what pose was most favorable to the display of her graceful neck, what jewels looked best on the golden hair, what flowers harmonized best with the face that was like a flower—this was her only occupation. As for really loving any one, she had never done such a thing. Perhaps the nearest approach to love she had ever felt was the kindly feeling she had had for the handsome earl. She did not marry him because she did not have money enough.

She was a dear lover of luxury, this lovely Lady Hamilton. In all her gay life of twenty-three summers she had known nothing else. She wanted jewels to deck her loveliness, she wanted magnificent rooms, plenty of servants. She loved light, and perfume, and flowers—she had all the tastes of a refined woman of the world. She liked good pictures, rich, picturesque dresses, and she chose from her lovers the one who could give the most of these things. That was Sir Gerald Hamilton. Certainly, the handsome earl was better looking; but, then, she had been told that he was in embarrassed circumstances. She married Sir Gerald, who was about thirty years older than herself. A magnificent appointment had been offered to him in India; he had accepted it, and Lady Hamilton, because she knew that she should reign supreme there, went with him. The climate did not suit Sir Gerald; he died, leaving her the whole of his fortune, and Lady Hamilton returned to England, more beautiful, more charming, more coquettish than ever. It was said of

her requested that she might be shown to her room.

She was in some measure just what Lady Caraven had expected to see. She appeared in the drawing-room two minutes before the announcement of dinner was made, and then Hildred examined her more critically. Her entrance made a sensation among the gentlemen. Hildred stood watching the scene, watching the pretty manoeuvres of the royally beautiful coquette, and how soon they took effect.

Examined critically there was no defect in the beauty of Lady Hamilton; she was a queen of blondes. Her hair had a golden sheen; it was soft, fine, and hung in waving abundance. It was such hair as rumor gives to Berengaria, of whose golden tresses a chain was made for a sanctuary lamp. Her complexion was as fair as the leaf of a lily, with the daintiest of bloom. It was as though one had taken a rose leaf and laid it upon her cheeks. It was all nature, not art; art could not have produced the lovely clear pink that deepened into rose. Her eyes were large blue, laughing eyes with sunshine in their depths, with long, black lashes that gave them a most peculiar effect, beautiful and fascinating. The loveliest feature in her face was her mouth; it was the mouth of a goddess, sweet and proud, sensitive, haughty, perfect in color and shape. Her dress was as beautiful as herself—satin of such pale hue that it was almost white, trimmed with a profusion of white lace. She had a few sprigs of heliotrope in her dress, of which flower she was fonder than any other. She was a beautiful, smiling, graceful woman, perfectly well-bred, perfectly elegant, perfectly lovely. When she smiled it was as though the very spirit of love had found a home in her pretty dimples.

Hildred sighed as she turned away. This was the kind of beauty that her husband loved—blonde, tall, and graceful.

Later on in the evening Sir Raoul came to her.

"Hildred," he said, in a low voice, "how do you like our new acquisition?"

"She is just what I thought she would be," replied the young countess. "Raoul, hers is the kind of beauty that the earl loves."

He looked at the noble face.

"How do you know that?" he asked.

"I have heard him say so very often. Do you think he will admire her?"

"Yes," said Sir Raoul, frankly. "Every one must admire her. She is like a picture by Greuze. But if you ask me she is worth any expenditure of jealousy, I answer just as frankly, No."

"I am not jealous," returned Hildred, quickly. "Why should you imagine such a thing?"

"I do not say that I imagine it, Hildred; I merely warn you against it," answered Sir Raoul.

"Jealousy is as bitter as death!" The words haunted Lady Caraven. Was she jealous? She could hardly tell. Her life seemed to pass in a fever of watching—to be filled with a brooding sense of something wrong, of something hanging over her, of foreboding she knew not why. She only knew that the presence of the beautiful blonde Lady Hamilton was a source of vague torment to her.

She was always apprehensive—she could hardly tell of what. She was of too noble a disposition wilfully to encourage suspicion of any one, but she was ever thinking and surmising as to whether her husband admired Lady Hamilton or not. There were times when she roused herself, and said to herself that it was unworthy of her—that all jealousy and suspicion was miserable—that she would rise above it, and trample it under foot. Then she would find herself watching her husband's face to see how it lightened

Hamilton.  
(To Be Continued).

## IN SACRED WATERS.

### Russian Pilgrims' Ceremonies in the Holy Land.

The traveler in the Holy Land will witness few sights which will interest him more than that of the Russian pilgrims at the annual Epiphany ceremonies on the banks of the River Jordan. A week before the festival itself, crowds of these Slav peasants are seen trudging along the Jericho road with every imaginable kind of haversack and carry-all on their backs. Some of the pilgrims are old and weatherworn, others young and cheerful, while a few, overcome by sleep and fatigue, are lying prone along the roadside. But somehow the whole lot, young and old, manage to reach the banks of the river in good time for the ceremony.

They spend the night, perhaps in the Russian hospice at Jericho, where they simply huddle together like a flock of sheep. Before dawn the rooms are empty and the whole crowd has gathered on the bank, where Greek priests, who will presently drive a most lucrative trade, await them. The principal articles sold are branches of trees from various sacred spots, stones from the mountain of Temptation hard by, plants from the wilderness and rosaries with olive stones for beads. To whatever religious value is claimed for these articles the Russian peasants implicitly give credence and they willingly pay their money to obtain them.

During the hours immediately preceding the ceremony, the motley crowd is occupied in prayer and silent devotion. To many pilgrims this occasion is one of the greatest life can bring, namely, to be permitted not only to visit the Jordan, but actually to bathe in its sacred waters. Suddenly chanting is heard, and the crowd quickly opens to let a procession of purple-clad ecclesiastics pass to the waters, then the pilgrims close in again and station themselves along the banks, eager and watchful. And now, quite reverently, a jewelled cross is laid by the patriarch on the surface of the stream to bless it, and no sooner does the sacred symbol touch the water than a dive is made into it by the enthusiastic crowd, which splashes and sprays and receives the baptism, and the longer it lasts the greater the merit the pilgrims will enjoy.

All dripping with water, each shroud is now wrung out and stowed away to serve as the cerecloth when the pilgrimage of life is over and the body is ready for the grave. As the traveller rides away the next day to Jerusalem he will see these childlike peasants, bedraggled with mud and fatigued by constant sleeplessness, plodding along toward the holy city, chanting and singing as they go, and leaning on their sticks of reed. But there is now a smile on their faces and joy in their hearts for have they not bathed in the waters of Jordan?

### HARVEST MOTORS.

Harvesting in Lincolnshire, England, has been conducted with the aid of a petrol motor specially invented for farm use. The motor, attached to a reaper and binder, cut a field of barley at Tinwell in excellent style. The machine also draws the laden wagons from the field, and is equally adaptable for cutting chaff, pulping roots, and grinding corn. It has also been tried successfully with a double-furrow plough. Its advantage over horse labor is that there are no delays, and the cost of fuel is considerably less.

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Be this as it may, it is quite certain that these tribes have means of finding out with telegraphic rapidity occurrences at great distances.

About five years ago, Dr. R. Felkin, accompanied Emin Pasha on a tour through Uganda and the territory behind it. The doctor travelled northwards towards Soudan. At last he got to La about a thousand miles south Khartoum. One morning after arrival a local wizard told him that during the previous night he had been at Meschera el Rek, on Nile, 550 miles away, and that the steamers had just arrived there.

The doctor, who had been away from civilization so long that he knew nothing of the retaking of Soudan, laughed at the news. The wizard, or wizard, insisted that he was true, described the people on boats, and spoke of one Englishman short, and with a big beard. He had letters for Dr. Felkin. He said he was coming to Lado, and would be there in about thirty days. Thirty-two days later Lupton arrived with letters. As for the wizard, the doctor believes that never was more than a few miles from his native village in his life. It seems certain that he, and others of his kind, must have a far greater command over the mysteries of the path than any Europeans.

The Zulus, and other South African natives, have means of distributing news of which we know nothing.

THE RELIEF OF MAFEKIN was known next day in Zululand and also seven hundred miles away in the interior of Cape Colony. It has been suggested that runners carry the news from village to village that men shout from hilltop to hilltop, or that smoke-signals are played. None of these explanations are sufficient, for news travels in flat, forest country, and even across seas, as quickly as among South African kopjes.

The papaloi, or obeh-man, exercises the most absolute dominion over the negroes in our West Indian Islands, especially Jamaica. He secrets behind him which give him this power. Some of these wizards have, for instance, the power of infecting an enemy with leprosy. The knowledge of poisons is far beyond that of the European druggist. Quite recently the old and true servant of a British

OFFICIAL IN JAMAICA went off his head. He became dumb and was evidently unable to understand what was said to him. His wife declared that he must have wittingly offended the obeh-man.

His master said that was all in sense, and put the man under care of a first-rate European doctor. After three weeks, during which the unfortunate man got steadily worse, the doctor gave him up as unable. His wife thereupon took up the mountain to the obeh-man's house. The latter examined him, then mixed some leaves into a thick green paste and made him eat it. Three days later he was quite again.—London Answers.

The more perfect a piece of work the more imperfections the imper mind can see in it.



## SECRETS OF SAVAGES

**TRIBES CIVILIZED BEINGS CANNOT FATHOM.**

**Maoris Walk Over Red-Hot Stones With Bare Feet Without Injury.**

Anyone should be able to a distance of 12 feet over red-hot stones with bare feet sounds a curious impossibility. Yet that is the power of accomplishing what we have evidence that cannot be disputed.

It is only certain of these Polynesian people that they are able to walk over the glowing stones unharmed, but they are able to delegate their power to others. In the Journal of the Polynesian Society, Colonel Gudgeon, a Resident at Raratonga, one of the Cook Islands, describes such a performance. It was on January 1899. For many hours a large fire had been kept up on a foundation of large stones, and at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when the burning stones were raked aside, the colonel observed that the stones to be so hot that the touch of green wood thrown upon them would be instantly charred.

### IN A FEW SECONDS.

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## NEW AND STRANGE

The motor has now been degraded to the employment of assistant to the organ grinder; the itinerant musician has a motor attached to the handle of his piano organ to relieve him of the grinding.

Old newspapers can be turned into milk-white, plain printing paper by a process invented by a German professor. The process is rapid; the paper is reduced to pulp and freed from ink in a short space of time.

A French military officer has invented a method of rendering inaudible the report of firearms, even that of big cannon; the same device hides the flash and the smoke. The invention is now being tested by the French Government.

A new machine now being set in operation in Indiana is intended to supersede glass-blowing by hand and mouth. The machines blow any description of glass and glass vessels, and perform the work much more quickly than the most skilled operatives.

By a new electrical apparatus pictures on any opaque material are projected on a screen. Even a view of the object itself may be magnified and thrown on the screen without any lantern slide. This will affect the business of lantern slide production.

A new lock-stitch for sewing machines is the invention of an American convict while undergoing a long term of imprisonment. The idea, according to expert opinion, will make lock-stitch machines much more simple and considerably cheaper and give them greater efficiency.

A Dutch clock maker has produced a clock that winds itself. This is managed by the use of alcohol, which expands and contracts according to the rise and fall of the temperature during the twenty-four hours. The movement of expansion and contraction actuates the winding gear.

The latest proposal in connection with electrical waves is to steer balloons by their means. A British scientist declared in Berlin recently that it would be possible to steer an unmanned balloon by working on these waves, sending the balloon fifty miles and bringing it back to the starting point.

The new electrical target is made up of metal plates, each specially connected with an electric battery. When the target is struck on any one of its many plates a circuit is completed, and the exact spot struck by the projectile is shown on a separate annunciator. The targets are made to represent human beings.

A novel method of getting rid of black smoke, and, at the same time, turning it to practical use, is now being adopted in some Belgian factories. The smoke is driven by fans into a porous receptacle over which flows a stream of petroleum or similar liquid; the smoke is thus caught, and turned into gas that gives great heat, and can be used for running gas engines.

In the direction of new and strange ideas the following takes a foremost place: To obtain steam without the aid of coal, it is proposed to sink two iron cylinders, five miles in length, parallel into the earth, mak-

## WEARING WIDOWS' WEEDS

**AFTER VISITING THE ALTAR FOR THE SECOND TIME.**

**Compelled to Wear the "Weeds" on Pain of Being Disinherited.**

At first sight it would appear almost inconceivable that any woman who had passed from widowhood into second nuptials should retain the melancholy "weeds" that accompanied her bereaved condition; but, remarkable as the statement may seem, the records of widowed humanity contain several instances of women who have actually worn the mourning in question after visiting the altar for the second time.

A case of the kind occurred some years ago in the town of Lemberg, Germany. A wealthy salt-mine owner of that town passed away, leaving behind him a will which directed that his widow, in the event of re-marriage, was to wear her weeds for the space of five years after the event, failing which compliance with his wishes his ample fortune would pass to several charities wherein he had been interested. The lady was naturally much taken aback by this morbid behest, and when, some eighteen months later, she was sought in matrimony by a young engineer, the latter with all the impetuosity of youth begged her to abandon the fortune and discard the mourning. This, however, she refused to do, and it therefore came about that she was married in the sable garb worn in memory of her late spouse. At the conclusion of the five years, needless to relate, the weeds were dropped with very scant ceremony, and more appropriate raiment.

### SPEEDILY SUBSTITUTED.

Somewhat similar to the foregoing was the case of an old Essex farmer who, being anxious to prevent his wife from re-marrying after his decease and at the same time being unwilling to make known his objection, conceived the plan of forbidding the lady to abandon her weeds throughout the remainder of her existence on pain of disinheriting. A cousin was appointed next heir, and it devolved upon this person to see that the widow obeyed the farmer's ridiculous and selfish commands. This she did to the letter, but within six months of the husband's decease she married one of her own farm laborers, who averred that he had not the slightest objection to the garments which his newly-made wife was compelled to wear. Throughout their married lives, which covered nearly a score of years, the woman continued to wear the garb of a widow, much to the amazement of the whole countryside.

Compulsion, however, has not always been the cause of a wife continuing to wear her garb of widowhood, for the writer is informed of a certain Chicago widow who, being sought in matrimony by a millionaire brewer, accepted the latter on condition that she might sport her weeds after marriage. She averred that the memory of her first husband was so precious that nothing would induce her to discard the uniform of woe, though in view of this feeling one would have thought that the lady's better plan would have been to take the form of a decided refusal of the second offer. However, she apparently held her views, and the brewer being nothing loth, the wedding was duly solemnized. For the space of one year afterwards the bride wore her melancholy sables, whilst each month she insisted on her spouse accompanying her on a pilgrimage to the tomb of the "dear departed." When the twelve months

## IF YOU KNEW

If you knew that ten deep breaths three times a day would overcome "hereditary consumption" and make life altogether more worth living, would you continue to act as if God's pure air was metered by a trust?

If you knew that to selfishly seek happiness was the strongest invitation to misery, would you continue thinking only of your own wishes and welfare?

If you knew that overeating would surely shorten your life many years and increase your troubles while you live, would you decide to act upon the admonition: "Eat, drink and be merry, for to-morrow we die."

If you knew it helps you to be kind even to those who are unkind to you, would you keep on "getting back" at them with a tongue of sarcasm and venom?

If you knew that hating any one would hurt your mind and soul and body, would you continue to send out these boomerang darts of malice and bitterness?

If you knew that attempts to "get even" with some one who has wronged you would put you on a level with the wrongdoer, would you still insist upon an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth?

If you knew that haste in eating would quicken your trip to the cemetery, would you continue to take 5 minutes for breakfast, 10 minutes for dinner and 15 minutes for supper?

If you knew that half the things for which we struggle are not only not necessary, but positively harmful, would you continue to carry your chase to the brink of nervous prosperity?

If you knew that for what one loses in one way he can gain in another, would you continue to worry and fret and stew because things don't go your way?

If you knew that unkindness comes back to you with compound interest, would you ever "fly to pieces" and mentally throw things?

If you knew that the cultivation of composure and the ability to concentrate meant increased health, wealth and happiness, would you not think it worth while?

If you knew the power of nature when given a chance to keep your body sweet and clean and strong, would you make it a cesspool, a receptacle for patent poison?

If you knew that self reliance builds up, and dependence upon others tears down, wouldn't you soon stop wanting others to do your thinking and deciding for you?

If you knew that the doctrine of the brotherhood of man was more than a Sunday garment to be returned to a closet Monday morning, would you adopt the motto: "Do others or they will do you?"

If you knew that you were dwarfing your child by indulgence would you continue to deprive him of the blessing of working out his own salvation?

If you knew that every act of your life, every thought, shapes your character, wouldn't you be just a bit more careful about your actions and your words?

If in what you have just read there is a helpful thought or two for you, will you not lend a hand and pass it along?

THE GUILTY DEAD.

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In the direction of new and strange ideas the following takes a foremost place: To obtain steam without the aid of coal, it is proposed to sink two iron cylinders, five miles in length, parallel into the earth, making a channel at the lower end to connect them. Water is to be poured into one cylinder, and the internal heat of the earth at the bottom of the huge tube will turn the water into steam, which will rise from the other tube.

The musical chandelier is the latest novelty. It is a well-known physical fact that when gas is burnt in a cylindrical chimney of certain dimensions it produces a musical note. The idea is to have a chandelier with about thirty gas jets in suitable chimneys, so as to arrange a chromatic scale. When the chimney is tilted so as to alter the angle the singing ceases. A keyboard is secreted in a corner of the room, and is electrically connected with the chimneys, and by manipulating this keyboard it is easy to make the gas jets play a tune, to the astonishment of visitors.

HOW HE ESCAPED A WETTING.

Under circumstances which the Liverpool Post reports, Professor Blank, who was born dry, and is prone to thrust his dryness upon others, recently achieved additional dryness for himself.

He was among a large party shooting on the moors of Scotland. Suddenly a heavy storm of rain came on. No shelter was at hand, and the sportsmen were drenched. All, at least, but Professor Blank. He had mysteriously disappeared when the rain came on, and rejoined the party when the sun was shining again. To their amazement, the erudite one was as dry as one of his own books.

"How did you manage to escape a wetting?" growled one of the dripping sportsmen.

"As soon as the rain came on I went off by myself," returned Professor Blank, blandly, "slipped off all my clothes, and sat down on them till the shower was over."

THE DOLL WAS TOO BOLD.

A little boy who was very fond of playing with dolls had never happened to see one which opened and closed its eyes. One day he was visiting a little girl whose doll, unknown to him, was able to do this. He took it up and was very happy until a downward movement caused it to nearly close its eyes. Dropping the doll in terror, he exclaimed:

"Oh, Mamma, she winked at me!" And nothing could make him touch her again.

CHOICE OF A HUSBAND.

"What a lucky girl you are, Liddy, to be able to choose between two such handsome and stylish young gentlemen! Have you made up your mind which is to be your husband?"

"To tell the truth, I'm in a bit of a fix. If I desire to wear my cream colored dress at the wedding, I shall take Alphonse, as he is dark-complexioned, you know; but if I decide to go in my blue dress, I rather think fair Joseph will make the better match of the two."

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GARMENTS OF NUPTIAL LIFE.

Extraordinary and mysterious in the extreme was the following episode, related to the writer on credible authority: A Polish lady who had lost her husband, was sought in marriage by a former suitor, who was duly accepted. On the night preceding the wedding she had a curious dream, wherein a Hungarian gipsy predicted that so long as she continued to wear her "woods" prosperity would attend her new married life, but that a dreadful tragedy would darken her path on the day that she abandoned the same. So keen was the impression produced by the dream that she insisted on wearing the mourning garments after marriage, the husband, a man of much good nature, consenting to what he regarded as an eccentric whim.

For five years the couple lived on happy terms and all went well. Several children were born to them; the man prospered in his business; fate showering numberless blessings on the family. Then there arrived at length the morning when the wife resolved to discard her weeds, and she laughingly warned her spouse to be on his guard lest the sibyl's prophecy should be realized and some harm fall upon him. Alas! The words uttered in jest proved to be fraught with horrible meaning, for that very night he was brought home on an ambulance, having been struck dead by the fall of a telegraph wire. The dream sibyl's prediction had been verified, and with the discarding of the ex-widow's weeds there had happened the black tragedy which plunged her into mourning for the second time.

CASH ONLY.

In a certain court, the other day, a badgering counsel found a tartar in the person of a witness in a case where a clothier sued a customer for a suit of clothes.

The counsel's point was that the action was irrelevant, and his client was entitled to at least three months in which to pay the bill, and it was barely that time since the clothes were got.

"Now, sir," said the counsel to the witness, "had I got the clothes instead of my client, would you have summoned me to court at this stage?"

"No, sir."

"Ah! Any why, pray?"

"Simply because in your case the transaction would have been a cash one."

A YOUNG SOLDIER.

The youngest soldier who has served at the front, Drummer-boy Willie Sturgess, youngest son of Sergeant-Instructor Sturgess (Princess of Wales' Own Yorkshire Regiment) has just returned to Northallerton, England. He was only 13 years old when he went out last December.

others of they will do you? If you knew that you were dwarfing your child by indulgence would you continue to deprive him of the blessing of working out his own salvation?

If you knew that every act of your life, every thought, shapes your character, wouldn't you be just a bit more careful about your actions and your words?

If in what you have just read there is a helpful thought or two for you will you not lend a hand and pass it along?

THE GUILTY DEAD.

No Resting Place for Murderers' Bones in London.

Fourscore murderers' bodies are buried beneath the floors of Newgate jail, and the authorities are wondering how these remains are to be disposed of when the work of demolition reaches their present resting place, says the London Express.

No cemetery or public burial place is likely to receive them except under compulsion. This is evidenced by the attitude of the city of London and Tower Hamlets Cemetery Co., of Mile End road, whose officials vigorously repudiate the statement recently published that their cemetery has been chosen for the reinterment of the Newgate criminals' bodies. This statement, it is urged, is calculated to injure the business of the cemetery, and we much regret it was published in these columns. Few people would not object to the burial of their dear ones in the company of Newgate murderers.

Our representative learned at the Guild Hall yesterday that "it is not yet decided in what cemetery these remains shall be placed. The work of removal must be done to the satisfaction of the medical officer of health."

"The town clerk's department has submitted a special report on the subject to the city lands committee of the corporation, and this will be discussed at their next meeting."

Considerable crowds of visitors flock daily to view the ancient prison now that its days are numbered. Admission is obtained by ticket issued at the Guild Hall. Curiously enough, at least two-thirds of those who pass through Newgate's once dreaded portal on sight-seeing intent are ladies.

The ghastliest sight of all is the famous passageway under which many murderers lie buried. The briefest epitaph suffices for those interred. Single initial letters, roughly cut into the stone underfoot—that is all.

THE INVENTOR'S JOKE.

Thomas A. Edison, the famous inventor, has a keen sense of humor, and never fails to use it when an occasion presents itself. For instance, just before he went on a recent trip to Florida, he called his manager to his room and said: "I always notice that you look very well when you work hard." The manager looked up, wondering what Mr. Edison would say next. "Now," said an. going to F. C. Myer. I hope you will enjoy good health while I am gone."

WHERE HE WAS GOING.

A London jeweler recently had a thermometer stolen from his shop, and the next day he affixed the following notice to his door: "Will the misguided individual who took the thermometer without leave the other day please return same. He has made a mistake. It can be of no use to him in the place to which he is going, as it only registers 125 degrees of heat."



# THE GOSPEL INVITATION

Should Be Presented By Members of the Church to Their Friends.

(Entered according to Act of the Parliament of Canada, in the year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two, by William Bailly, of Toronto, at the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.)

A despatch from Chicago says:—Rev. Frank De Witt Talmage preached from the following text:—Luke xiv. 23, "Go out into the highways and hedges and compel them to come in."

Christ was comparing the kingdom of heaven to a great banquet which God had prepared for his invited guests, who would not come. But, as the divinely invited guests would not come, then God practically said, "I will have my banquet hall filled notwithstanding. If the guests for whom the banquet was prepared will not come to me, then I will send out for those who will appreciate it. I will compel them to come in." So the Lord in the parable said to his servants, as Christ now says to us church members, "Go out into the highways and hedges and compel them to come in." The purpose of this discourse is to show how, as individual church members, we can become heavenly constrainers and present the gospel invitation to sinful men and women whom we meet in our daily walk of life. It is to show how, by gospel consecrated work among individuals, we can change an empty church into a crowded sanctuary and by depleting the place of evil resort we can ultimately make a full heaven.

When some one asked Mr. Moody: "How shall we reach the masses for Christ? How shall we give the gospel invitation to those sinners who are out in the highways and the hedges?" he bluntly answered his questioners, "Go after them." But how are we to go after them? First, as Christ's disciples, we should begin our personal work among individuals by presenting the gospel of Jesus to those who are closest to us. We should present Christ first to our fathers and mothers, to our husbands and wives and brothers and sisters and children, to our dear friends and to all who are bound to us by the

## TIES OF BLOOD AND LOVE.

We should do just the same as Andrew, the brother of Philip, did when he was converted. No sooner did he see the face of Christ than he practically said to himself: "Why, I must immediately go and hunt up my dear brother Philip. How happy I can make him! We have been side by side in all our joys and sorrows from the time we were born. He must share to-day in my new hope." It is upon this action of Andrew, who at once went and carried the gospel invitation to his brother, that the great "Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip" has been established.

But, though the eternal salvation of our unrepentant loved ones ought to be a perpetual cause of anxiety for us day in and day out, yet there are thousands of church members who never think it obligatory for them to present the love of a living Christ to those who ought to be as dear to them as a Jonathan was to a David, a Damon to a Pythias or the memory of a murdered king of Denmark was to an avenging son. These church members are ready to invite those friends to their homes,

rule, that sermon has amounted to but very little in its evangelistic results. But when the minister of the Lord Jesus Christ can go to his church members and say, "Brethren, we must gather in the sinners who are living around this church. We must go out into the highways and the hedges and compel them to come in. We will tonight as soon as the benediction has been pronounced have an after meeting. As members of this church we will distribute ourselves through the aisles and buttonhole every man, woman and child, so that no one shall leave the building without having a special invitation for this after meeting," there will be no disappointment in the spiritual results. Why? Because the church members themselves are asking their friends and the strangers to meet Jesus Christ in a specified place at a specified time. General invitations in reference to the gospel banquet as well as to an earthly home, as a rule, are worse than no invitations at all.

So, to-day, I lay the blame for the lack of spiritual results in our churches far more upon the pews than I do upon the pulpits. God knows, I do not believe that our ministers are perfect men, but most of them are earnest men, intense men. They would do anything in their power to bring immortal souls to Christ. But the trouble is when the average minister of the gospel announces an after meeting, where sinners are brought face to face with Christ, nine-tenths, aye, ninety-nine hundredths of all the church members will get up and put on their hats and go home. They will not only by their actions refuse to personally extend an invitation to the men and women who are sitting by their side, but they will absolutely refuse to go into the after meetings and talk with sinners who are trying to find Christ. This charge which I make against the church members, I make not only against the laymen, but also against

## THE CHURCH OFFICERS.

I make it against the elders and the deacons and the trustees. I make it in the strength of the overwhelming fact that you derelict church members cannot find a great evangelistic preacher who is accomplishing any great good for Christ who is not backed up by a praying, consecrated band of earnest church workers. Yet you can find to-day church after church in our land that is nothing more or less than a slaughter house for ministerial usefulness. Their pastors will win great spiritual successes before they come to them, and those pastors will win great spiritual successes after they leave them, but while they are in those spiritually dead churches the pastors will stumble about blinded and helpless, as did the mighty Samson, bound with fetters of brass, with his two eyes out, grinding about in the prison house of Gila. Those evangelistic ministers are spiritually helpless in such churches because the people, the common church members, will not unite as a working force and personally present the gospel of Jesus Christ to the strangers who come among them. Instead of degrading and underestimating the power of the ministry, it is high time for some one to thunder a philonic

men who came into H. Clay Trumbull's life. May God teach us, one and all, the power of personal testimony for Christ. And may we one and all, the power of personal testimony D. L. Moody made a short time after his conversion—"I here and now promise that no day hereafter shall pass unless I have personally presented my Savior to at least one immortal soul. So help me, Jesus, in my vow! Amen!"

## LONDON'S NEW MAYOR.

Sir Marcus Calls Attention to Fact That He Is a Jew.

For the year beginning November 9, 1902, the city of London will have a Jewish Lord Mayor. Sir Marcus Samuel, who was formally elected by the so-called livery of London, called attention to the fact in his address to his electors. Referring doubtless to the situation in Roumania, he said: "I am not unmindful of the fact that it is not everywhere that members of my persuasion enjoy the same liberty as—thank God—prevails in England."

Sir Marcus is set down in the formal biographies as a spectacle maker, which is a trifle misleading. The Lord Mayor elect doubtless never made a pair of spectacles in his life, nor did any of his fathers before him. The term is intended to signify simply that he belongs to the haughty and powerful guild known as the Spectacle-makers' Company. Sir Marcus is one of the great city bankers and rich. He will get a salary exactly equal to that of the President of the United States, and will have to spend almost twice as much on banquets, formalities, ceremonials and general gorgeousness.

One of the brightest and most famous of American newspaper correspondents went to London recently with an elaborate schedule of articles all laid and ready to write. One of them was headed something like this: "Interview with the Mayor of London; how he rules the greatest city on earth." That was delicious. The Lord Mayor, however, has no more to do with "ruling the greatest city on earth" than if he were Mayor of Hoboken. The actual resident population of his city is something like 15,000 and its total area is one square mile. And even at that, he has nothing to do with ruling over it. It happens, however, that his little patch of territory in the middle of greater London contains the banking district and used to be the undisputed financial center of the world until Wall street rose up to contest honors with it. So it is entitled to pay \$50,000 a year for the sake of having a gorgeous figurehead.

The real London—the London of 5,000,000 inhabitants—worryes along without any Mayor at all, unless the chairman of the London County Council should be called by that name.

## THE S. S. LESSON.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,  
DEC. 7.

Text of the Lesson, Ruth i., 16-22. Golden Text, Rom. xii., 10.

16, 17. And Ruth said: Entreat me not to leave thee or to return from following after thee, for whither thou goest I will go, and where thou lodgest I will lodge. Thy people shall be my people and thy God my God.

This and the next verse give the declaration of Ruth concerning her determination to cling to the God

now have I kept thy word" cxix, 87).

21. I went out full, and the hath brought me home again empty. She is right this time, I out; the Lord brought me home. sheep wandered, but the She sought and found. Wandering ways costs us dear. If any who have wandered, let them return quickly, for He cries, Return, blacksliding Israel, and I will cause mine anger to fall upon (Jer. iii, 12). Before we can I His fullness we must learn emptiness. The name "Almighty" found more times in the book of than in all the rest of the Bible, it was only after Job was thoroughly emptied of himself that he filled as never before (Job xlii, 5). It was after the disciples confessed that they had nothing with which to feed the 5,000 that Lord abundantly filled them all the lad's loaves and fishes, and was after the disciples confessed they had taken nothing, though had toiled all night, that He to their nets 153 great fishes.

22. So Naomi returned and the Moabitess, her daughter-in-law, and they came to Bethlehem the beginning of barley harvest.

The Moabitess came from drunkenness and crime. Bethlehem sug God's house of bread. It is far to come from Moab to Bethlehem than to go from Bethlehem to Moab. If any have in the least, greed wandered from God, let them return quickly and whole-heartedly to Him and henceforth follow making the words of Ruth in 16 their hearts' motto. In addition to all the precious and comforting words of this book, such as found in ii, 12, 16; iii, 18, etc., this book is most important as showing the ancestry of David, whose the Lord Jesus is yet to establish and occupy at Jerusalem (Isa. i, Luke i, 32, 33). The title, "So David," is the first and one of last given to Christ in the New Testament (Matt. i, 1; Rev. xxii, and Ruth is one of the four we mentioned in His genealogy in first chapter of Matthew. K unto God are all His works the foundation of the world. purposed in Christ Jesus, our sure of fulfillment for the purpose of the Lord shall be formed, both for His people against His enemies (Acts xv, Eph. iii, 11; Jer. ii, 29).

## OLD AMBITIONS OF TOWN

THE MOST CHARITABLE TOWN IN THE WORLD.

Nest-Egg on Attaining Majority Chance for the Plainest Maidens.

Almost every town has ambition in one direction or another, Caldas, in Florida, is anxious to be known as the most charitable city in the world. Last year gave away a sum of \$115,000 charity, including old age pensions to every one of its inhabitants sixty, and, in addition, it finds two hospitals and educates each child up to the age of fifteen of cost. Such a thing as a pauper is unknown, for if a beggar comes into the town and asks for alms is given work in the silver mine with a cottage to live in, and only required to do four hours' work a day, while he also receives a share in the profits of the mine. The of a Frenchman named Matard is responsible for this, he having bequeathed two silver mines to town seven years ago which have

and carried the gospel invitation to his brother, that the great "Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip" has been established.

But, though the eternal salvation of our unrepentant loved ones ought to be a perpetual cause of anxiety for us day in and day out, yet there are thousands of church members who never think it obligatory for them to present the love of a living Christ to those who ought to be as dear to them as a Jonathan was to a David, a Damon to a Pythias or the memory of a murdered king of Denmark was to an avenging son. These church members are ready to invite those friends to their homes, but they are not willing to personally invite them to sit at the holiest of all tables—the table of the blessed communion. They are ready to talk with their friends upon politics or business, but they are not ready to discuss with them the greatest of all questions, "What shall it profit a man if he should gain the whole world and lose his own soul?" They are ready to sound the praises of their friends to their other friends, but they are not ready to sound forth to their earthly friends the praises of their Heavenly Father. They are always ready to introduce one earthly friend to another, but they are not anxious to make their earthly companions acquainted with that Divine Companion who is ever willing to be our helper and guide along the

#### TROUBLED JOURNEY OF LIFE

But the gospel invitation ought to be given to the strangers who are within a Christian's gates as well as to the loved ones who have a right by the ties of blood to live there. It is nonsense for us to suppose that after we have gathered our fathers and mothers and wives and husbands and children and a very few dear personal friends into the gospel lifeboat we have a right to hand in the plank and cast off the hawsers and set sail for heaven, deeming our Christian responsibilities fulfilled. No. Emphatically no. The Christian's obligations are so far-reaching toward his fellow men that in the light of the gospel the poor traveler who was waylaid by thieves on the road to Jericho was just as much a brother to the good Samaritan as if he had been born in the same cradle, sung to sleep by the same lullaby and reared in the same homestead.

Again, it is absolutely necessary in order to carry out the command of my text for the average church member to give the gospel invitation to his friends and to strangers when they are gathered inside the church walls as well as when they are scattered without, and it is also necessary for the church members to extend this invitation for a specified time and place. A general invitation to come to supper is, as a rule, worse than no invitation at all. When a person comes to me and pushingly says, "Oh, Mr. Talmage, I do wish you would come and visit us, come any time you can and stay as long as you please," I am sure of one fact—than person wants me to come. He did not set a date, when a friend comes to me and says, "Mr. Talmage, will you and your wife take supper with us next Thursday night; we are poor folks, but we will give you the best we have?" I generally accept. Why? Because I think that man wants me to come. He set a time and a place where he wished to entertain me. So when the minister of the Lord Jesus Christ preaches a sermon and gives a general invitation and says to the sinners,

"COME TO CHRIST,"

and then dismisses his audience with a benediction and goes home, as a

usual success after they leave them, but while they are in those spiritually dead churches the pastors will stumble about blinded and helpless, as did the mighty Samson, bound with fetters of brass, with his two eyes out, grinding about in the prison house of Galla. Those evangelistic ministers are spiritually helpless in such churches because the people, the common church members, will not unite as a working force and personally present the gospel of Jesus Christ to the strangers who come among them. Instead of deprecating and underestimating the power of the ministry, it is high time for some one to thunder a philippic against the indifference of the selfish church members who refuse to spiritually support the pulpit, as the pew always ought loyally to do.

If all church members were to become earnest and consecrated evangelists, it would not take very long for this whole sinful world to see the sunrise burst of the millennial dawn. Surely it would not be too much to expect that one such evangelist as Mr. Beecher described should at least win one soul a year for Christ, yet Dr. William Morley Punshon, the great English Methodist, once made the startling statement: "If every disciple to-day were to call one person to Christ each year and that one were to call one other, how swiftly the world would be converted, for there are millions of true believers in the world. But if there were only 100 see how quickly the work would grow. In less than twenty-five years the world would be converted, for this would double the number of disciples each year." After such an

#### IMPRESSIVE STATEMENT,

will any one say that the gospel invitation which can be given daily by the church members would amount to but little in the salvation of a sinful world?

To show the importance of a Christian layman's work I cannot do better in closing this sermon than quote two illustrations from the personal experience of H. Clay Trumbull, the well-known editor of The Sunday School Times. Mr. Trumbull's early life was spent in Stonington, Conn. There a great revival swept the town, and many of the companions of his youth joined the church, among them was a young man who was one of his most intimate friends. For many years these two as boys and young men lived near each other, but his Christian friend never spoke to him about religion. After awhile they separated. Mr. Trumbull became an engineer in Hartford. His Christian friend went to Yale, but during his last year at college sent a letter to his old chum pleading with him to become a Christian. That letter was the means of saving H. Clay Trumbull's soul. In his engine room, upon the receipt of it, he then and there gave his heart to God.

He immediately said to himself, "If the personal work of a layman can do so much in the salvation of an immortal soul, I will never make the mistake my friend made with me by postponing for so long a personal invitation to another." So, the same night on which he was converted, Mr. Trumbull went to one of his fellow workmen and told him he had been converted. He urged his friend also to accept Christ. This friend turned to him and said: "Trumbull, your words cut me to the heart. You little know how they rebuke me. I have long been a professed follower of Christ, and you have never suspected this, although we have been in close association in house and office for years. May God forgive me for my lack of faithfulness." Aye, may God to-day forgive us all, ministers and laymen alike, if we have shown the same negligence as these two young

#### INTERNATIONAL LESSON, DEC. 7.

Text of the Lesson, Ruth i., 16-22. Golden Text, Rom. xii., 10.

16, 17. And Ruth said: Entreat me not to leave thee or to return from following after thee, for whither thou goest I will go, and where thou lodgest I will lodge. Thy people shall be my people and thy God my God.

This and the next verse give the declaration of Ruth concerning her determination to cling to the God and people of Naomi. It is somewhat paralleled by the declaration of Ittai to David in II Sam., xv, 21, "As the Lord liveth and as my lord the king liveth surely in what place my Lord the king shall be, whether in death or life, even there also will thy servant be." That these words should be the utterances of gentiles to Jews is all the more interesting. The whole of this book of Ruth, written by the Spirit of God, as were all other portions of the Bible, is a beautiful and most attractive setting forth of the story of the kingdom when those who are now the weary gleaners shall possess the field (the world, Matt. xiii, 38), having become the bride of Him who owns the field, our kinsman Redeemer, the mighty man of wealth. Every name and incident in the book is most suggestive and has an inexhaustible mine of wealth for anointed eyes and ears. Having but one brief lesson in it, we can only hint at the riches herein.

18, 19. When she saw that she was steadfastly minded to go with her, then she left speaking unto her. So they two went until they came to Bethlehem.

We are reminded of the way Elisha clung to Elijah and how "they two went on," "they two stood by Jordan," "they two went over on dry ground" (II Kings ii, 1-15). We think also of Barnabas, who exhorted the believers at Antioch to cleave unto the Lord with purpose of heart, and of Stephen, who looked up steadfastly into heaven and saw the glory of God and Jesus (Acts xi, 23; vii, 55). It is this that we so much need, this cleaving to the Lord, this steadfastness, this seeing only and always God and Jesus. In the last lesson it was the Lord and Gideon. May it ever be in the case of each of us "my Lord and I," for "the eyes of the Lord run to and fro throughout the whole earth to show Himself strong in the behalf of them whose heart is perfect toward Him" (II Chron. xvi, 9). In I Cor. xv, 58, we are exhorted to be steadfast, unmovable, always abounding in the word of the Lord, knowing that our labor is not in vain in the Lord.

20. And she said unto them: Call me not Naomi. Call me Mara, for the Almighty hath dealt very bitterly with me.

As her townspeople looked upon her after her ten years' absence (verse 4) they said, Is this Naomi? And thus she replied to them. As one has said, She blamed the Almighty when all He did was graciously to bring her home again. For her troubles she had no one to blame but herself. It is good that Moab proves a Mara to the wanderer, else the wanderers might like to die and be buried there. Almighty is El-shaddai, the mighty God who is all sufficient (Gen. xvii, 1), and had they known Him as they should they would never have left Bethlehem to sojourn in Moab. When the Lord allows bitterness to come to His people, it is always to win them back to Himself. "Before I was afflicted I went astray, but

gave away a sum of \$115,000 charity, including old age pensions to every one of its inhabitants sixty, and, in addition, it has two hospitals and educates child up to the age of fifteen of cost. Such a thing as a is unknown, for if a beggar into the town and asks for a is given work in the silver with a cottage to live in, only required to do four hours a day, while he also receives a in the profits of the mine. That of a Frenchman named Mataré responsible for this, he havequeathed two silver mines town seven years ago which have average output of 2,000 pound metal a year, the condition at to the bequest being that they be worked only for charitable poses.

Another ambitious town is in Belgium, which is desirabolishing poverty within its ders. To this end every child cially registered as soon as born, and a banking account in its name by the municipal thorties with a deposit o When the youngster attains h jority a little nest-egg awaits to assist his

#### STARTING IN BUSINESS

The town of Haschmann, in many, is striving to give ever whether richly endowed with, looks or otherwise, an equal in the marriage market, an this object municipal prizes r from \$250 downwards are bestowed upon young men w marry the plainest maidens i city. Crippled girls bring spouse a higher reward than others, while the girl who has twice jilted is worth \$50 to th who eventually leads her to t tar. The money for the p was left by a Polish baron w in 1897, since when a sum of \$5,000 has been distributed in manner.

The one desire of Baron, in is to be known as a second don, and within the last money has been poured out lter to make it an exact repli the British capital. The have been laid down and name ter those of our Metropolis, four competent architects wer over to study London's p buildings in order that they be reproduced in miniature. N crown all, a sum of \$1,400,0 being spent in diverting the of the River Trahi in order th may run through the town a re-christened the Thames.

#### BROEK, IN HOLLAND,

aspires to the distinction of the neatest town in the world certainly no expense is spare make it so. The 2,700 inha are so strongly bound by m rule that to throw a piece of or waste of any kind in the street entails a fine of a sh and it is only recently that have been allowed in the s. Once a year every house is by the town cleaners, who sc from top to bottom, inside an without any expense to the

Equally extraordinary are th sical ambitions of Marlbur, Texas. By a municipal order one of the 2,000 inhabitants i quired to learn a musical inst of some kind, the authoritie lieving that only by imbuing masses with a love of music c drunkenness so prevalent the stamped out.—London Tit-Bits

Mabel—"But how do you know you if he hasn't told you Margery—"Oh, I can tell by he looks at me when I'm not ing at him."



have I kept thy word" (Ps. 67).  
 I went out full, and the Lord brought me home again empty. It is right this time, I went the Lord brought me home. The p wandered, but the Shepherd ght and found. Wandering al- s costs us dear. If any who read wandered, let them return kly, for He cries, Return, thou skidding Israel, and I will not e mine anger to fall upon you. iii, 12). Before we can know fulness we must learn our tiness. The name "Almighty" is d more times in the book of Job in all the rest of the Bible, and as only after Job was thorough- mpted of himself that he was l as never before (Job xlii, 5-17). as after the disciples confessed they had nothing with which h to feed the 5,000 that the l abundantly filled them all with lad's loaves and fishes, and it after the disciples confessed that had taken nothing, though they toiled all night, that He sent heir nets 153 great fishes.

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## AMBITIONS OF TOWNS

### THE MOST CHARITABLE TOWN IN THE WORLD.

#### Egg on Attaining Majority—Chance for the Plainest Maidens.

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## FOR FARMERS

Seasonable and Profitable Hints for the Busy Tillers of the Soil.

### POULTRY NOTES.

**Suitable Food for Ducks.** — Ducks, like hens, eat a great variety of food, yet, because the duck has no distinct crop, the food is passed more directly to the digestive organs. It is therefore very important that the food be consumed in a soft condition. In nature the duck gathers most of its supply from streams, ponds, or marshy places. This food, consists of growing shoots and roots of water plants, snails, and the larvae of various insects, together with small fish and other aquatic life. Successful duck raisers have learned a valuable lesson from nature and give ducks no hard food.

**Spare the Pullets.** — When filling the fattening crates or pens with chickens, spare all the best pullets. They are certain to be needed this winter and the following summer in the production of eggs to supply the ever-growing demand. There is a strong tendency with many to close up all the birds, of the correct weight when preparing a lot for market. The result of this is already apparent in a scarcity of eggs, and next reason it will doubtless be greater. On the other hand, it will be necessary to get rid of the old hens. Any that have passed their second year should be introduced to a fattening ration and forthwith despatched. As egg producers, after that age, they are invariably fed at a loss. An exception, however, may be made in the case of pure-bred stock which is kept for breeding purposes, and where it is desired to perpetuate the blood of birds of good quality.

**More Room for Improvements.** — There are but few who devote their whole time exclusively to poultry, and yet the enormous product of eggs and poultry is due to what may be justly called the extra periods of labor. Yet, small as is the attention given poultry, the value of such is very great. There is no reason, however, why a fair income may not be derived by devoting the whole time to poultry. It is done profitably in France, and there are establishments in England where hundreds of hens are kept and many thousands of dollars invested. The difference is that but few are educated to a knowledge of the characteristics of the breeds and the proper mode of management. As our country is large, there is a great diversity of soil and climate, and the people of each section must learn the proper conditions for success. There are a few large poultry farms in America, but there is room for many. That poultry can be made a business has been demonstrated at several points; but success has generally attended those who sold poultry and eggs, at the same time taking advantage of the high prices for early chicks.

### THE WOOL GROWERS.

Good sheep will not remain good unless well cared for.  
 See that every lamb loses its tail in proper time and at proper length.  
 Good tender grass is the best promoter of the health of the sheep.  
 Sheep can be fattened rapidly and economically with good pasturage and a little grain.  
 Good sheep are not necessarily confined to any distinctive breed or type.  
 Fatten the light shearers and dispose of them to the best advantage.



HUGH MORRIS

### COMPLETE DIAGNOSIS.

"You have appendicitis, and lung trouble," announced the physician, as he peered through the patient with his X-ray apparatus; "also traces of liver complaint and a mild form of dyspepsia; also \$28.10 in your pocket. My fee will be \$28."  
 Here he turned off the current and told the patient the examination was over.  
 "It's all right, doctor," said the patient, "but it seems to me that you have neglected an opportunity to secure ten cents and the other things you mentioned."

is much waste avoided, but much sickness is avoided. It is an established and proven fact that nearly every case of summer complaint of children and stomach or bowel trouble in adults comes from poisons developed in foods after cooking and which the preservation of the food with ice would prevent. The earth is a vast charnel house of premature deaths caused by the want of ice and intelligent use of it in domestic cooking.

The well known sanitary uses of ice prompt us to urge all readers to provide a suitable building for storing ice and a pond for making it, if a stream or lake is not now within reach for making a supply when winter comes. We know instances where a reservoir or artificial lake made in a few hours' work with a team and filled by the overflow from a small windmill pump supplies a large family and dairy with ice.

In no case need the cost of ice storage be greater than the poorest farmer can afford, and the poor need ice more than the wealthy, inasmuch as the poor need to practice closer economy in living—the poor can never afford the extreme luxury of being sick! The cost of storing ice is nearly all in the labor which each farmer can do for himself. Hence it is practical for all to have it.

### BUSHEL BOXES OF APPLES.

Speaking of packages for apples, J. H. Hale, well-known fruit grower, said recently that in his opinion the bushel box was not only the apple package of the future, but of the present. Summing up his investigations, he said he found growers and shippers taking great interest in it, beginning to see its advantages, and that they are realizing there is no good reason why they should continue to use barrels. The box has many advantages over barrels for the home and export trade. They can be handled more easily and fruit comes out of cold storage generally in better condition. For city trade the box would be very much more convenient, as many families cannot afford the barrel, while they could conveniently handle the box. Mr. Hale is of the opinion that the boxes will increase the sales very materially. He believes that fancy apples ought to be graded in size, like oranges, and a definite number packed in a box. He is putting up his fancy apples in boxes for present season's business.

### CAREFULNESS OF SURGEONS.

## FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

### NOTES BY MAIL FROM THE LAND OF THE SHAMROCK.

#### Personal and Political Occurrences That Will Interest Irish-Canadians.

A campaign of midnight outrages appears to have begun in the Boyle district.

There are 102 centenarians in Connaught, and 1,160 persons over 90 years of age.

A terrible case of murder and suicide is reported from Derrynagun, about eight miles from Boyle.

For snatching a kiss in the street from a nursemaid, a young man of Cork has been sent to prison for three months.

Through falling over the back of his chair while at dinner, a little boy named Moore has been killed at Killybegs, County Donegal.

A married woman named Margaret Tosh has died in terrible agony in Belfast Royal Hospital from burns caused by the explosion of an oil lamp.

The tails have been cut off a number of cattle grazing on the Drumard farm, on the borders of South Leitrim, while other animals have been stolen.

At Athy, County Kildare, the Board of Guardians decided to omit the words "On His Majesty's Service" from their official stationery and envelopes.

Lord Iveagh, a Dublin millionaire, intended taking a tour round the world, but having abandoned the idea, his youngest son, Mr. Walter Guinness, has gone off on his own account.

Many citizens of Belfast are talking of suing the municipal corporation for compensation for damages from the recent floods, on the ground that the defective drainage system was responsible for the floods.

Ireland's Vice-Chancellor, the Rt. Hon. Hedges Eyre Chatterton, aged 83, has just got married. He has held his office since 1867, and appears in a new wig every time it is reported that he means to retire on the ground of old age.

The Dublin Independent declares that without Home Rule Ireland will still grow impoverished; alien rule is and always has been at the bottom of the depopulation of Ireland.

the world. Last year it away a sum of \$115,000 in y, including old age pensions ry one of its inhabitants over and, in addition, it finances ospitals and educates every up to the age of fifteen free t. Such a thing as a pauper own, for if a beggar comes he town and asks for alms he ven work in the silver mines a cottage to live in, and is equired to do four hours' work, while he also receives a share profits of the mine. The will 'renchman named Matard is reble for this, he having heched two silver mines to the seven years ago which have an ge output of 2,000 pounds of a year, the condition attached : bequest being that they should rked only for charitable pur-

ther ambitious town is Mons, elgium, which is desirous of hing poverty within its bor- To this end every child is offi-registered as soon as it is and a banking account opened s name by the municipal au-ies with a deposit of 1 fr. the youngster attains his ma- a little nest-egg awaits him

#### ARTING IN BUSINESS.

town of Haschmann, in Ger- is striving to give every girl, er richly endowed with good or otherwise, an equal chance he marriage market, and with bject municipal prizes ranging \$250 downwards are annually ved upon young men who will the plainest maidens in, the Crippled girls bring their a higher reward than any, while the girl who has been jilted is worth \$50 to the man ventually leads her to the al- The money for the purpose ft by a Polish baron who died 7, since when a sum of nearly 7 has been distributed in this r.

one desire of Baron, in Chili, e be known as a second Lon- and within the last decade has been poured out like wa- make it an exact replica of British capital. The streets een laid down and named, f-ose of our Metropolis, while ompetent architects were sent o study London's principal ngs in order that they might roduced in miniature. Now, to all, a sum of \$1,400,000 is spent in diverting the course River Prabi in order that it un through the town and be istened the Thames.

#### BROEK, IN HOLLAND.

s to the distinction of being atest town in the world, and ly no expense is spared to it so. The 2,700 inhabitants, strongly bound by municipal hat to throw a piece of paper ste of any kind in the public entails a fine of a shilling. is only recently that horses een allowed in the streets. a year every house is visited town cleaners, who scrub it op to bottom, inside and out, it any expense to the tenants. ly extraordinary are the mu-ambitions of Marlburg, in By a municipal order every the 2,000 inhabitants is re- to learn a musical instrument e kind, the authorities be- that only by imbuing the with a love of music can the nness so prevalent there be ed out.—London Tit-Bits.

sl—"But how do you know he you if he hasn't told you so?" ry—"Oh, I can tell by the way ks at me when I'm not look- him."

and eggs, at the same time taking advantage of the high prices for early chicks.

#### THE WOOL GROWERS.

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Good sheep are not necessarily confined to any distinctive breed or type.

Fatten the light shearers and dispose of them to the best advantage.

Keep sheep in a good, thrifty condition, but not fat, keeping fat long is injurious.

In the formation of a flock of blood-breeding ewes uniformity of character is essential.

It is very important to maintain and utilize both the wool and mutton qualities of the flock.

If sheep are kept in flocks of not more than 50, they will do best, especially if of the mutton breeds.

#### STAY ON THE FARM.

Clark M. Drake throws out the following hints to those who contemplate retiring from the country to "enjoy" town life, and they are worth pondering: "Remaining on the farm where the mind and hands may be occupied, and still severe labor be avoided, is really an ideal life. How much better than to settle down with absolutely nothing to do! There is an abundance of fresh milk, eggs, fruit and vegetables, which are not always readily obtainable after leaving the farm. The noise, dust and flurry of town life are avoided and in their places we have the genial air, pleasant surroundings, absence of vice, and other desirable things. A friend of mine has left the farm and settled in town, where he has no business to occupy head or hands. He foos away his time in an arm-chair or in a hammock. I can see that he is losing ground in physical and mental powers. His days will be fewer and less enjoyable than if he had remained where both mind and body might be occupied. Unless one is actually sick, it is better to have something to do. It is the busy life that always tells favorably with one's self and with the world."

#### ICE ON THE FARM.

It is not unfair, we believe, to state that not one farmer in ten throughout the country provides his family with a supply of ice for the summer season. And, yet, ice in hot weather is recognized as one of the very important elements in preserving health, as well as a very pleasurable addition to the things we use. This is a little less than classing ice as a necessary of life. But in many cases of serious illness ice is one of the best medicines. This is true in fevers, hemorrhages, etc., and the uses of ice in medical practice is so important that it is in a class above that of the necessities of life.

Those who have not been accustomed to use ice in the heated term of summer do not know to what extent it is a money saving article. For instance eggs are saved indefinitely long without the slightest deterioration in quality by storing them in a common refrigerator as they are gathered daily from the nests. Ripe fruits and fresh vegetables of all kinds are saved from decay by the use of ice. This enables the housekeeper to use up supplies with little or no waste. Likewise, cooked food of all kinds, milk and meats are saved by ice from the development of ptomaine poisons and bacterial ferments, so that not only

many advantages over barrels for the home and export trade. They can be handled more easily and fruit comes out of cold storage generally in better condition. For city trade the box would be very much more convenient, as many families cannot afford the barrel, while they could conveniently handle the box. Mr. Hagle is of the opinion that the boxes will increase the sales very materially. He believes that fancy apples ought to be graded in size, like oranges, and a definite number packed in a box. He is putting up his fancy apples in boxes for present season's business.

#### CAREFULNESS OF SURGEONS.

It is an object lesson in godliness to see a surgeon washing his hands after performing an operation. He works, of course, with sleeves rolled up to the elbow, so that the washing extends from the crazy bone to the tip of the finger nail. First, there is a hard scrubbing with hard soap and sterilized water. This is followed by a swabbing with tincture of green soap and sterilized water. Then comes a genuine scouring with equal parts of quicklime and soda in sterilized water, and finally a rinsing in a solution (1 to 2,000) of bichloride of mercury. Without these four separate washings no surgeon would think of venturing out to scatter germs of disease.

#### REMARKABLE LIGHTHOUSE.

The most extraordinary of all British lighthouses is to be found on Arnish Rock, Stornoway Bay—a rock which is separated from the Island of Lewis by a channel over 500 feet wide. On this rock a conical beacon is erected, and on its summit a lantern is fixed, from which, night after night, shines a light which is seen by the fishermen far and wide. The way in which this lighthouse is illuminated is this:—On the Island of Lewis is a lighthouse, and from a window in the tower a stream of light is projected on to a mirror in the lantern on the summit of Arnish Rock.

#### PURSE OR WHIP?

In some parts of Siberia a bridegroom, on arriving at home, commands his wife to take off his boots. In one is a whip, and in the other a purse. The contents of the boot she first selects for removal presage whether he is to be generous or the reverse to her. A very kind husband will put a purse in each boot and omit the whip, to make her believe that her choice is auspicious.

#### CEMENT OF VOLCANO ASHES.

Volcano ashes are likely soon to become a valuable commercial asset. A Japanese professor has just found that they form a concrete of great durability and hardness when mixed with cement. The material has already been used in constructing a breakwater at Oturu, and is said to have proved a great success.

#### TRAINS CARRY TORCHES.

An important innovation has been made on the Prussian State railways. Serious accidents have more than once occurred through a train coming to an unexpected halt in the open country, and then being run into by a following train which, through darkness or fog, did not observe that the road was blocked. All long-distance trains will now carry magnesium torches for use when a stoppage occurs out of the reach of ordinary signals. These torches, which burn with a red light, can be seen in foggy weather to a distance of from 600 to 700 yards.

account.

Many citizens of Belfast are talking of suing the municipal corporation for compensation for damages from the recent floods, on the ground that the defective drainage system was responsible for the floods.

Ireland's Vice-Chancellor, the Rt. Hon. Hedges Eyre Chatterton, aged 83, has just got married. He has held his office since 1867, and appears in a new wig every time it is reported that he means to retire on the ground of old age.

The Dublin Independent declares that without Home Rule Ireland will still grow impoverished; alien rule is and always has been at the bottom of the depopulation of Ireland, and until it is got rid of there can be no real prosperity.

The Protestant Bishop of Limerick lately gave his ideas regarding emigration in an address delivered at the Diocesan Synod at Tralee. He maintained that the reduction of the Irish population was more of a service than an injury to Ireland.

The finds of the heads and antlers of the extinct Irish elk (cervus megaceros) have been very numerous of late. One very perfect head was got a couple of weeks ago in the Dublin mountains, and this week a magnificent head has been discovered in a bog in the County Limerick.

When a farmer heard a noise as of thunder, followed by an explosion and the throwing up of earth, near Crumlin, County Antrim, he went to the spot and found a meteorite embedded in the ground. The stone, when dug up, weighed about 101 pounds, and is said to have been quite hot.

Two prisoners in Limerick County Jail have been attacked by typhoid fever. One had had the remaining thirteen months of his sentence remitted. The other patient, Mr. T. Flanagan, J. P., the chairman of a Clare district council, who is serving a term under the Crimes Act.

A record attendance marked the Dublin Horse Show, which has in all respects been brilliantly successful. What has to be recognized is that horse breeding is more than ever popular in Ireland, and that the grants for its improvement and measures for its wider encouragement have already brought large results.

Arrangements are being made both in Ireland and America for the holding of a united convention of Irish societies in Ireland next year, at which delegates from the United States, Canada, Australia, and Ireland will be represented. The convention will be held on the site of the Rock of Cashel, in County Tipperary, which the leaders consider is a proper place from which to issue a declaration of independence.

#### PAID AND UNPAID JUDGES

In proportion to its population, England has fewer salaried judges than any other country in the world, for, including recorders and magistrates, they number only 276. Even Scotland and Ireland have relatively a larger judicial staff than the "predominant partner" the former has 76 paid judges and the latter 112.

He tried the door with his key, but the thing was locked on the inside, locked and bolted. And, just as he was about to apply the knocker, a voice, stern and admonitory, reached him from above. "Halloa! Who are you? What do you want?" "My dear," he called, "isn't that a darling. Been down discussing the strike." "Very well, then. Now you trifle gratuitous? I want to come in. D'ye see?" "Where have you been till this hour?" "Club, my can go back and discuss the lock-out. Does it still run?"





When you visit our store you know you can buy anything worn by men or boy's "boots excepted."

Order Clothing,  
Ready-to-Wear Clothing,  
Shirts, Collars, Ties,  
Underwear, Gloves,  
Hats, Caps, Sweaters,  
Cardigan Jackets, Toques,  
Sashes, etc.

**J. L. BOYES,**

Men's and Boys' Hat and Cap store

## THE BIG MILL IMPROVEMENTS.

In preparation for grinding of grain, the immense crop of feed grain, Mr. J. R. Dafoe, of the Big Mill, has installed, and has in successful operation, two of the best grinders known to the trade, and now prepared to grind your feed without any more waiting and as little as may be required.

He continues the manufacture of that well known brand of flour, Nonesuch, also Manitoba Patent and Strong Bakers, which are second to none.

He also continues in the market for the purchase of all kinds of grain and the farmers will find it to their advantage to call at the Big Mill before disposing of their grain and take your feed and wheat gristing there and be guaranteed satisfaction both in quality and quantity.

**J. R. DAFOE,**  
AT THE BIG MILL

**J. GARRATT & SON,**  
Bakers and Confectioners.

### OYSTERS.—

You can always depend on getting the best Oysters here. Our Oysters are always fresh and the best that can be procured. If you want a delicious feed of Oysters try us. We also sell them in bulk.

### —HOT SODAS—

The season for cool drinks is past, but the season for hot drinks is here—we are always prepared. Come in and try some of our

Hot Beef Tea,  
Lemonade,  
Coffee.

# XMAS SLIPPERS

\*\*\*\*\*

Our Window has been Displaying Slippers.

Great Bargains in Men's Slippers at..... **75c, \$1.00, \$1.25.**

Ladies' Fur Bound Slippers and Felt Juliets, different Colors, **90c. and \$1.00.**

The above make handsome and comfortable Xmas gifts.

**CHEAP SLIPPERS** For Men Women and Children in Carpet **15c, 20c, 35c.**

**Ladies' Felt Boots,** **75c, \$1.00 & \$1.25**  
and Dongola Foxed, .....  
Great Values.

**MEN'S FELT BOOTS** Fine Assortment **\$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 & \$2.50.**

Men's Heavy Rubbers and Sox, enough kinds and variety of prices to please everybody.

**Bargain Tables—**Our Tables have been interesting lately. Bargains are picked up here constantly. People wonder how we do it, but we do.

Leather Mitts, Leather Leggings, Felt and Corduroy Leggings. See them.

DO YOU WANT A TRUNK? See our **\$1.25 TRUNKS.**

**THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES,** Napanee, Trenton and Belleville.

## PANTS!

Extra Heavy, All-Wool,  
Made to Wear,

**\$1.75 Cents**

PER PAIR.

**DON'T PUT IT OFF,**

**BUY NOW!**

**Lonsdale Woollen Mills.**

### Skates and Bells

Large assortment entirely new lines. Hear those bells tuned to Octave. Gold and Silver plated String Bells for body and back. **BOYLE & SON.**

### Smith's Catalogue.

We are not circulating a catalogue this season but we guarantee to show goods illustrated in the catalogue of any jewellery firm quality better and price lower. Bring along your catalogue and prove this for yourself. **F. W. SMITH & BRO.**

### The Addington Election.

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### Ebony Goods.

Our stock of ebony is complete. See our brushes and mirrors; the finest qualities, beautifully mounted in Sterling. **SMITH'S JEWELLERY STORE.**

### We Don't Keep

our candies, we sell them and get fresh ones every few days. Garong's chocolates are always good. **RICKLEY'S RESTAURANT.**

### CENTRAL BARBER SHOP.

All the latest conveniences, Everything new and up-to-date, Experienced workmen. Give me a call. **F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.**

### Fitzpatrick's Meat Market.

You are always sure of getting the choicest things in meats of all kinds here. We have secured the services of a first-class cutter and are now prepared to do the meat business of Napanee. Give us a call. We also carry the choicest and best stock of groceries in town. We make our own sausage and make them fresh every day. If you try them once you will go no where else when you want sausages. **J. H. FITZPATRICK.**

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

### Lennox Farmers Institute Regular Meetings

At the Church Hall, Anolpustown, on Friday, December, 5th, at 1.30 p.m. Dr. H. G. Reed, of Georgetown, and N. G. Somerville, of Brockville, will give addresses, also J. Ross Paul, A. O. A. C., and Frank in Coglin, A. O. A. C., of Bath. Open discussion after each address. Evening session at 7.30.

At the Town Hall, Selby, on Saturday, December 6th, at 1.30 p.m. Dr. H. G. Reed and N. G. Somerville will be the speakers. Evening session at 7.30.

Programme of music at evening sessions. The public are cordially invited, especially the ladies. No fee. M. O. Fraser, President, Fellows; J. C. Creighton, Vice-President, Hawley; D. Aylsworth, Secretary, Bath.

**Wallace's**  
Drug  
Store.

—THE LEADING—

**DRUG STORE**  
In Napanee.

—AGENTS FOR—

Genuine Diamond Dyes  
Genuine Turkish Dyes

AND  
**STANDARD DYES**  
In All Shades.

HAVE YOU TRIED OUR

**Cream of Tartar**  
It's the Pure Article.

**T. B. WALLACE**

The Prescription Druggist.



### Grand Trunk Railway Time Table

Going West, 1205 a.m.	Going East, 7
3.33 a.m.	7
10.23 a.m.	12.17 p.m.
1.15 p.m.	12.55 p.m.
4.28 p.m.	6
9.00 p.m.	

\*Daily except Monday. \*Daily. All trains run day, Saturdays excepted. Tickets can be obtained of J. L. Boyer the station.

### Axes, Saws

Buy your axes and saws from us. are the best in the market. **BOYLE &**

### Watches, Watches, Watches.

We have a watch for everyone. largest stock of watches ever shown in district, every watch sold under a guarantee. If you see our stock you will be convinced. **SMITH'S JEWELLERY STORE**

### A City Store, a City Stock.

Everything new and up-to-date. No trouble to show our goods. No one urged to buy. We meet competition from any source. **F. W. SMITH &**

### Lost.

On Saturday last between Close's (and Gilbert's Corner, North Fredburgh, a large grey robe. Finder suitably rewarded by leaving same office of this paper.

### Social at Strathcona.

A social will be given in the Orange Strathcona, by the Loyal Orange, No. 201, on Dec. 9th, 1902. Rev. J. Newburgh, Rev. Dowdell, Selby, and gentlemen will take part. Admission 50c.

### Christmas Perfumes.

ENGLISH, FRENCH, and AMERICAN.

—at—  
**The Medical Hall**  
**FRED L. HOOP**

### Election of Officers.

Thursday evening, November 27 the rooms of Argyll Lodge No. 1, O. O. F., the following officers were elected for the next term:

J. E. Robinson, —J. P. G.,  
J. H. Douglas, —N. G.  
Geo. Dupree, —V. G.  
R. S. Wailes, —P. S.  
F. H. Carson, —R. S.  
Alf. Wagar, —Treas.

County Council Elections.

getting the best Oysters here. Our Oysters are always fresh and the best that can be procured. If you want a delicious feed of Oysters try us. We also sell them in bulk.

### —HOT SODAS—

The season for cool drinks is past, but the season for hot drinks is here—we are always prepared. Come in and try some of our  
Hot Beef Tea.  
Lemonade.  
Coffee.  
Chocolate.  
Raspberry Vinegar.  
Tomato Bullion.

**J. GARRATT & SON,**  
Bakers and Confectioners.

\*\*\*\*\*

Don't forget to buy this season. If you want to buy before you call at  
SMITHS' JEWELLERY STORE.

\*\*\*\*\*

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SMITHS' JEWELLERY STORE.

\*\*\*\*\*

# New Store!

On Saturday next Dec. 6th we will open a new store in the old Express Store.

\*\*\*\*\*

## Xmas Goods a Specialty,

Japanese Goods, Fancy Goods, Dolls, Games, Books, Sleighs, Skates and Ymas Novelties of all kinds.

\*\*\*\*\*

# The Syndicate,

The Old Express Stand.

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The mother and four young children of a Galician family named Hartook were burned up in a fire that destroyed their dwelling near Russell, Man.

**Are You Haunted Day and Night?**—Mind and body racked and tortured by evil forebodings, gloomy and dull, robbed of that "Divine restorer," sleep, appetite gone, nerves shattered, generally debilitated? This is none too dark a picture for great South American Nerveine to obliterate and set up in its stead the glowing tints of the sun of perfect health.—108

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### Rings, Rings.

We are in the ring, with rings of every design. All the precious stones in every conceivable style. Do not buy from catalogue pictures; our rings are ready for inspection and we guarantee at lower prices.  
SMITHS' JEWELLERY STORE

### Excursions to Guelph

The Provincial Winter Fair at Guelph this year should be visited by every farmer and stockman, and by every person interested in the advancement of agriculture and the breeding of live stock and poultry. \$7,000 are offered in prizes. The new buildings give increased facilities both for exhibits and visitors. Daily lectures by well known and expert authorities on the different subjects, will be found both instructive and interesting. The Grand Trunk Railway will issue round trip tickets at single first class fare, from stations west of Kingston, good going Dec. 7th to 12th, inclusive, and valid returning until Dec. 15th, 1902. Further particulars from Agents.

J. L. Boyes, Town Agent or  
J. P. Purdy, Depot Ticket Agent.

### Patent Report.

For the benefit of our readers, we publish a list of patents recently granted by the Canadian and American Governments, secured through the agency of Messrs. Marion & Marion, Patent Attorneys, Montreal, Canada, and Washington, D. C., U. S. A.,

78,035 — Odilon Feher, Montreal, Que.  
— Nut Lock.  
78,078 — Antoine Charon, Montreal, Que.  
— Carbonizing Machine  
78,108 — Leon Ganvin, Quebec, Que. — Shoe  
78,213 — Francois Xavier Bernbe, Riviere du Loup Station Que., Car Brake.  
712,733 — John A. Shearer, Canton, Illinois, U. S. A. — Steel Spring Tires for use on bicycles, motor vehicles, etc.  
713,073 — Hormisdas Denis, Montreal, Que. — Rotary Steam Engine.  
713,077 — Louis Dubois, Montreal, Que. — Sewer Cleaner.  
713,158 — Joseph Savage, Kingsley Falls, Que. — Turbine Water Wheel.

## Buy Early This Xmas

New goods arriving daily from European, American and home markets, the finest lines the factories produce.

WE ARE NOW SELLING

XMAS PRESENTS

Everyday.

Come early and avoid the rush later on.

**SMITHS'**

Jewellery Store.

The Medical H  
FRED L. H

### Election of Officers.

Thursday evening, November the rooms of Argyle Lodge I.O.O.F., the following officers for the next term:  
J. E. Robinson, — J. P. G.,  
J. H. Douglas, — N. G.  
Geo. Dupree, — V. G.  
F. S. Waler, — P. S.  
F. H. Carson, — R. S.  
Alf. Wagar, — Treas.

### County Council Elections.

Nominations will be held division on the 22nd inst. For see advertisement in next week. The nominating officers are:  
No. 1 (Highlands) Moses Lessar P.O.; No. 2, (Camden) Charles Newburgh P.O.; No. 3, (Ernest Clark, Odessa P.O.; No. 4, (H. Rikely, Hayburn P.O.; No. 5, (Abram Winters, Selby P.O.) Wilson, County Clerk is returning in case of a poll, voting will be time as the local municipal election 5th January, 1903.

### Just Half The Coal

Is needed when you weather doors and windows. For sale Boys

### Hockey at Madole & Wilson's

Madole & Wilson's last year champions have elected the officers for the coming season.  
Hon. Pres. M. S. Madole Esq.  
Hon. Vice-Pres. D. B. Wilson.  
President Ben Davy.  
Vice-Pres. Wm. Jamieson.  
Manager Joe Bennett.  
Sec'y W. E. Fretz.  
Treas. Earl Perry.  
Captain Chas. Eyvel.  
Trainer Wm. Coates.  
Committee.  
Perry Wagar, Wm. Woodcock Magee.

### New Store—The Syn

On Saturday next, Dec. 6th will be opened in the old Store, a new China, Stationery, Fancy Goods Store. Cheap goods a specialty.

### Legal News.

The case of Mrs. Allen against for damages for injury done authorities to shade trees about the house will not come on for trial County Court next week. Mrs. Allen anxious to have the case disposed of as soon as possible, a legal time as to time by the defendants, she goes over. The plaintiff had to Toronto for an order quashing a resolution of Council under which Lap executor, operated; then the law thirty day's notice of action to test the worthy town fathers taken by surprise, and then the case had to be followed by trial time thus taken up by the law prevented the plaintiff by one day the usual ten days notice of trial astute legislators availed their this day to get out, for the time their difficulties. It would be more mainly, as well as more to have faced the situation, and to the case being heard this morning public like to see each year shoulder its own responsibilities shirking them as legacies to Council.

During the deer hunting season, fourteen men were killed and wounded in the woods of Minnesconsin and Michigan.

**Cinnamon-Coated Pills.**—Dr. Liver Pills are coated like a cinnamon very small and delightful to take a dose, 40 in a vial for 10 cent popularity is a whirlwind, sweep petitors before it like chaff. No griping, no inconvenience.—109





**Wallace's**  
**Drug**  
**Store.**

—THE LEADING—  
**RUG STORE**  
In Napanee.

—AGENTS FOR—  
Genuine Diamond Dyes  
Genuine Turkish Dyes,  
AND  
**STANDARD DYES.**  
In All Shades.

HAVE YOU TRIED OUR  
**cream of Tartar?**  
It's the Pure Article.

**T. B. WALLACE.**  
The Prescription Druggist.



**Grand Trunk Railway Time Table.**

West, 12:05 a.m.	Going East, 7:29 a.m.
3:33 a.m.	7:43 a.m.
10:29 a.m.	12:17 p.m. noon
1:15 p.m.	12:55 p.m. noon
4:28 p.m.	6:40 p.m.
9:00 p.m.	

except Monday. \*Daily. All other  
days. Sundays excepted.  
can be obtained of J. L. Boyes, or at  
our

**Boys**  
our axes and saws from us. Ours  
best in the market.  
**BOYLE & SON.**

**s. Watches, Watches.**  
ave a watch for everyone. The  
tock of watches ever shown in this  
every watch sold under a guaran-  
you see our stock you will be con-

**SMITH'S JEWELLERY STORE.**

**Store, a City Stock.**  
thing new and up-to-date.  
able to show our goods.  
e urged to buy.  
est competition from any source.  
**F. W. SMITH & BRO.**

turday last between Close's Corner  
bert's Corner, North Fredericks-  
large grey robe. Finder will be  
rewarded by leaving same at the  
this paper.

at Strathcona,  
al will be given in the Orange Hall,  
na, by the Loyal Orange Lodge,  
on Dec. 9th, 1902. Rev. Moore,  
h, Rev. Dowdell, Selby, and other  
in will take part. Admission 15  
51ap

**Christmas Perfumes.**  
SH, FRENCH, and AMERICAN.

—at—  
**The Medical Hall**  
**FRED L. HOOPER.**

of Officers.  
day evening, November 27th, at  
me of Argyll Lodge No. 212,  
the following officers were elected  
ext term:  
Robinson, —J. P. G.  
Douglas, —N. G.  
Dupree, —V. G.  
Waller, —P. S.  
Carson, —R. S.  
Vagar, —Treas.

# EXCEPTIONAL JACKET SELLING.

For the past few weeks our Cloak Department has been very busy. Many new lots have been placed in stock. The "**Latest**" the new full back 45 inch Coat is the most popular coat of the season. "Monte Carlo" is another swell Coat. Fresh lots of these two lines ready for Saturday. —Also three special value lots at \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00. Be sure you see our Jackets before buying.

## CLEARING UP THE MILLINERY.

A big lot of useful hats **25c. each.**  
Feathers and Plumes at sacrifice prices to close all out by the New Year.  
\$1.00 and \$1.50 Feathers for 75c. \$2.00 and \$2.50 Feathers for \$1.25.  
All trimmed millinery and ready-to wear goods at reduced prices.

## NEW SILK WAISTS FOR GIFTS.

Two large shipments of Silk Waists, specially for the holiday trade just to hand.  
New Styles \$4.00, 4.50, 5.50.  
Handsome Flannel and Cashmere Waists \$2.25, 3.00, 3.50.  
Black and Cream Alpaca Waists, \$2.25, 2.95, 4.00.  
Black Satana Waists \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50.

## A Big Handkerchief Display.

20 feet of Counter given up to the display of Handkerchiefs. All sorts to be had here.  
Children's Handkerchiefs 1c, 2c, 3c, 5c.  
White Lawn Handkerchiefs 2c, 3c, 5c, 7, 10c.  
Hemstitched Handkerchiefs 3c, 5c, 10, 15c, 25c.  
Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Lace trimmed Handkerchiefs, Initial Handkerchiefs in Linen, Lawn, and Silk.  
Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk Mufflers, Squares. Call and see our Handkerchief display—You'll like it.

## Clearing Out The Suits.

This has been a big season for us in Suits, the balance of our lines to go at a cut. \$10.00 Suits for \$8.50; \$11.50 Suits for \$10.00; \$12.50 Suits for \$11.00; \$14.50 Suits for \$13.00.

## Men's Gloves and Ties.

50 dozen New Ties, all the new ideas, 25c. each.  
A splendid assortment of Men's Warm Gloves and Mitts are here.  
Lined Gloves, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50.  
Unlined Gloves, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50.  
Knitted Wool Gloves, 25c, 10c.  
Cardigan Jackets, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50.

For your holiday buying, shop at Cheapside,—You know our way—No one urged to buy.

Everything marked in plain figures, one price for all —Come and look about if only to see.

# The Hardy Dry Goods Co., Napanee.

Squealing

East End Barber Shop.

Close's Mills are grinding every day.

## Linens, Linens.

Holiday Linens, Napkins, Towels, Doyleys, Table Covers and Fancy Pieces.  
Good Towels 10c, 12c, 15c  
Damask Towels, 20c, 25c, 30c.  
Table Napkins, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00 dozen.  
Bleached Table Linen, 60c, 75c, 95c, \$1.00, 1.25.  
Cream Bleach Damask, 40c, 50c, 60c.  
Unbleached Table Linen 20c, 25c, 35c, 40c.

## Alexandre Kid Gloves.

When in doubt about a gift, buy Gloves, they will always please and be sure you give Alexandre, they are the best. All sizes in stock, Black and Colors, \$1.00 and \$1.25 a pair,

## GAUNTLETS.

Near Seal \$1.00, \$1.25.  
Black and Grey Imitation Lamb, all sizes 75c, \$1.00.

## The Medical Hall

FRED L. HOOPER.

### tion of Officers.

ursday evening, November 27th, at rooms of Argyll Lodge No. 212, F., the following officers were elected in next term:

E. Robinson, —J. P. G.  
H. Douglas, —N. G.  
o. Dupree, —V. G.  
S. Waier, —P. S.  
H. Carson, —R. S.  
L. Wagar, —Treas.

### ity Council Elections.

inations will be held in each on on the 22nd inst. For particulars advertisement in next week's issue.

nominating officers are as follows:

(Highlands) Moses Lessard, Flinton No. 2, (Camden) Charles Welbanks, urgh P.O.; No. 3, (Ernesttown) E. O. Odessa P.O.; No. 4, (U.E.L.) W. kelv, Hayburn P.O.; No. 5, (Napa- Abram Winters, Selby P.O. W. G. m, County Clerk is Returning Officer of a poll, voting will be at the same as the local municipal elections, viz: anuary, 1903.

### Half The Coal

needed when you weather stub your and windows. For sale at

BOYLE & SON.

### ey at Madole & Wilson's.

dole & Wilson's last year hockey pions have elected the following rs for the coming season.

Pres. M. S. Madole Esq.  
Vice Pres. D. B. Wilson.  
sident Ben Davy.  
e-Pres. Wm. Jamieson.  
nager Joe Bennett.  
y W. E. Fretz.  
as. Earl Perry.  
tain Chas. Eyvel.  
iner Wm. Coates.  
nmittee.  
ry Wagar, Wm. Woodcock, Harry e.

## ew Store—The Syndicate

On Saturday next, Dec 6th, there ll be opened in the old Express ore, a new China, Stationery and ncy Goods Store. Christmas ods a specialty.

### l News.

case of Mrs. Allen against the town amages for injury done by town rities to shade trees about her resi- will not come on for trial at the y Court next week. Mrs. Allen was as to have the case disposed of, but tage was taken of a legal technicality ime by the defendants, and the case ver. The plaintiff had to move in to for an order quashing the resolu- f Council under which Lapum, chief or, operated; then the law required day's notice of action to be given e worthy town fathers might be y surprise, and then these proceed- ad to be followed by trial, and the has taken up by the law's delays, ted the plaintiff by one day in giving al ten days notice of trial, and the e legislators availed themselves of y to get out, for the time being, of difficulties. It would have been nanly, as well as more businesslike, e faced the situation and consented, case being heard this month. The e like to see each year's council er its own responsibilities instead of y them as legacies to the new il.

ing the deer hunting season just clo- rteen men were killed and eleven ed in the woods of Minnesota, Wis- and Michigan.

imon-Coated Pills.—Dr. Agnew's Pills are coated like a cinnamon drop, all and delightful to take. One ose, 40 in a vial for 10 cents. Their rity is a whirlwind, sweeping coms before it like chaff. No pain, no, no inconvenience.—109

Everything marked in plain figures, one price for all —Come and look about if only to see.

# The Hardy Dry Goods Co., Napanee.

### Squealing.

All kinds of (Pig) squealing stopped at Close's Mills.

### Private Sale.

With offer by private sale the household effects of the late Mrs. Laughlin McGoun, commencing Monday December 8th and continuing during the week. Goods may be inspected on the premises. 51a

### Horse and Rig Recovered.

Mr. H. Mooney's horse and rig which was stolen from the Royal Hotel shed on a Saturday evening some weeks ago has been recovered. It was discovered in the possession of a man named Fox, near Mountain Grove. Fox hails from Newburgh. He was taken before J. S. O'Laughlin, Justice of the Peace, at Yarker, and remanded to jail for trial, which will probably take place Tuesday or Wednesday next. Fox pleaded guilty to having the stolen horse and rig in his possession but claims he bought them from another person for the sum of twenty dollars.

### Sad Bereavement.

Death entered the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Sampson on Saturday morning last and claimed as its victim their youngest daughter, Edna. About three weeks ago she contracted a severe cold which settled on her lungs, and pneumonia setting in death was the result after a brief illness of about two weeks and a few days. Deceased was aged 19 years, 8 months and 2 days, and previous to her illness was employed with the Robinson Co., where she made many friends with those with whom she associated. As an evidence of this fact a very beautiful wreath of flowers was contributed and placed on the casket to show the esteem in which she was held by her associate employees. The funeral took place from her father's residence on Monday afternoon to St. Mary Magdalen's church, where the funeral services were conducted by the Rev. Canon Jarvis, after which the remains were placed in the Eastern cemetery vault. The large procession which followed the remains evidenced the sympathy which is felt for the bereaved parents and family, in the seemingly untimely death of one whom they loved dearly, and who will be sadly missed from the family circle.

## CHRISTMAS CARD

Nothing gives a smoker greater pleasure than receiving a box of good cigars as a Xmas present. We have a fine lot of new goods for the Xmas trade.

### CIGARS IN BOXES OF 10 and 25.

### Case Pipes, Imported English Tin Tobaccos,

### Cigar Cases, Rubber Tobacco Pouches.

### Purse Pouches, Match Safes,

and many other useful articles of value to a smoker.

An assortment of goods will be sent to your home to choose from if desired.

Your custom solicited

## AT THE PLAZA,

Telephone 89.

### East End Barber Shop.

Up-to date in every respect.

J. N. OSBORNE, Prop. 14-1f

## A Useful Xmas Gift,

Ladies' Chatelaine and Wrist Bags and Purses, in Red Seal, Walrus and Alligator.

—at—

## The Medical Hall,

FRED L. HOOPER

### Address and Presentation.

The following address, accompanied by a beautiful present was tendered Miss Mabel Fife on Tuesday evening, on the eve of her wedding, by Miss Letha Cunningham, on behalf of the Sabbath School:

Ameliasburg, Dec. 2, 1902.

Dear Friend Mabel—We feel that we cannot let this opportunity pass without expressing to you our appreciation of your untiring zeal as organist of our Sabbath school and League. We beg of you to accept this clock as a token of esteem for you, that when it strikes the hours of Sabbath School and League although you may not be present with us in person you may be in spirit. In conclusion let us say, God bless you, your companion and your home. May we all so live while we remain in this life that we may meet in that eternal Sabbath of rest above, where congregations ne'er break up and Sabbaths have no end.

Signed on behalf of the Sabbath School and League of Roblin Mills church.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

Mrs. Edward Ferris of Mulmer is dead, in her 104th year.

Mr. O. H. Bouter, Treasurer of Trenton, died in California.

The Liberals won Parliamentary elections in Argenteuil and Yarmouth yesterday.

A strong British fleet has left Hamilton, Bermuda, to secure satisfaction from Venezuela.

A public meeting was held in the town hall, on Friday, for the purpose of forming a farmer's association.

Reserve the 31st of December for the best concert ever given in Napanee. Foreign talent. Particulars.

Twelve men are missing and twenty were injured as the result of explosions on a steamer in San Francisco harbor.

The staff of the Toronto Globe will present J. S. Willison, the ex-editor, with a \$400 silver service on Saturday.

The Rathbun Co have over 500 men employed in their camps at wages ranging from \$25 to \$35 per month and board.

The Napanee Minstrels will have a full dress rehearsal in the opera house before showing in Selby next Tuesday night.

We have not advanced the price of our tobaccos. Amber smoking tobacco, Bobs, Currency and Fair Play chewing tobaccos are the same size and price to the Consumer as formerly. We have also extended the time for the redemption of snowshoe tags to January 1st, 1904.

42b THE EMPIRE TOBACCO Co. Limited.

Tuesday was fair day and quite a number of horse trades was the result. Fair day is a feature of the past in Napanee.

Nature Revolts Against High Living and it has set it's seal to it by adding to man's ailments the scourge of diabetes. Eminent medical men until recently proclaimed it a "no cure" disease, but South American Kidney Cure has knocked down their pet fallacy and has proved itself master of kidney disease in all its forms. Relief in 6 hours.—110

Close's Mills are grinding every day.

The schooner Jessie Drummond with a cargo of six hundred tons of coal, ran aground at Coburg and is a total wreck.

General Manager Hays of the Grand Trunk says Government assistance will certainly be asked for the new Pacific line.

The Steamer Aletha which ran aground opposite Adolphus town last week resumed her route on Tuesday after receiving repairs at Deseronto.

The Judges in the South Oxford election case disagreed on the personal bribery charge, and the case will probably go to the Court of Appeal.

Rev. C. E. McIntyre, of Napanee, will conduct Missionary Anniversary services in Wilton and Violet Methodist churches next Sunday, Dec. 7.

Edmund Bristol, Toronto, one of the lawyers for Mr. Carcullen at the election trial, is an old Napanee boy, a son of the late Dr. A. S. Bristol, of this town

Customers and visitors are delighted with our store and the great display of fancy goods, especially our line of marking all goods in large plain figures.

Plaza Bookstore.

It is understood that Capt. Hicks will dispose of the steamer Varuna to the Deseronto Navigation Co. and that she will run next season on her same old route as usual.

Try the Plaza Barber Shop, John street, for first class hair dressing and shaving. Strict attention paid to customers' wishes. Everything clean and good. We will appreciate your custom at "The Plaza".

A. WILLIS, Prop.

This week J. E. Smith, east end grocer, shipped 20,000 pounds of fowl to British Columbia. This is certainly the largest shipment of this kind ever made from Napanee.

Messrs. Madill, of Lakefield, were in town on Wednesday, and gave us a call. They will open the store in Rennie Block early in the new year, with an entirely new stock of dry goods, carpets, etc.

Monday evening the curlers met at the office of Mr. Alexander and elected the following skips: Mr. Bellhouse, A. Alexander, Will Smith, J. S. Robinson, Wm. Templeton, John Ham, J. L. Boyes and Dr. R. A. Leonard.



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DESIGNS  
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communication strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

## Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

## BALED HAY and STRAW

in large and small quantities.

## Flour and Feed, Groceries and Provisions.

## Water Purifying Pumps.

## S. CASEY DENISON.

Choicest Groceries at reasonable prices.